# FINANCIAL TIMES



Russia's Hong Kong



News on the Net

A first from Germany's ARD

**Defence industries** 

New muddle in Europe



FT Exporter Broadcast Media

### World Business Newspaper http://www.FT.com **US** deficit hits record \$48bn as

exports decline

The US current account deficit bit a record \$48bn in the three months to September as exports fell for the first time in more than three years and payments from foreign assets in the US rose sharply. The deficit was up 19.3 per cent from the previous quarter. The trade balance was affected by relatively strong demand growth at home and weak growth overseas.

New Zealand gets a government: Winston Peters (left), leader of the nationalist New Zealand First party has agreed to form a

coalition with the conservative National party, giving the country a government nearly two months after its first eneral election under proportional representaon National party eader Jim Bolger will continue as prime minister and has agreed to defer tax cuts. The new

government is to widen its inflation target but economic policies continue largely intact. Page 8

China modifies WTO bid: China plans to reinforce its bid to join the World Trade Organisation by proposing a new package of trade liberalisation measures in February. Mr Long Yongtu, assistant minister of foreign trade, said his government had dropped its demand to enter the WTO with full developing country status. Page 14; End in sight, Page 4

UN sets up oil-for-food account: The UN oil-for-food operation will be handled through an account at the New York branch of the Banque Nationale de Paris. The account will be credited with the proceeds from Iraq's oil sales.

Gulf War syndrome study; Some 12,000 British soldiers are to be questioned in a new £1.3m (\$2.1m) study of so-called Gulf War syndrome. The health of 6,000 Gulf War veterans is to be compared with that of 6,000 troops who did not serve in the 1991 campaign in an attempt to discover whether veterans suffer more illness

and have more difficulties producing children. Adtranz to make carriages in China Adtranz, the railway systems company owned by Daimler Benz of Germany and ABB of Switserland, is setting up a joint venture with

Changchun Car Company of China to make will own 51 per cent of the venture, has contracts to deliver 120 carriages for the metro in Guangzhou and 210 carriages for the Shanghai metro. Page 4

French anti-terrorist swoop: French anti-terrorist police arrested 14 people in connection with a wave of bombings last year. They said the arrests were not directly linked to last week's subway attack in Paris.

\$6m payout for RSk US computer maker Digital Equipment has been ordered to pay almost \$6m to three women whose arms and wrists were injured while they used Digital keyboards. The jury found no evidence that the keyboards were poorly designed but ruled that users should have been warned of the dangers of excessive keyboard work. Page 6

Scots split over seal cult: Calls by fisherman for an immediate cull of 15,000 seals off Scotland's Western Isles were branded "a bloody and needless massacre" by conservationists. But the islands' fishermen Western Isles Fishermen's Association claims the population is out of control with 30,000 hungry grey seals regularly plundering stocks off the outer isles.

Tung to be named HK chief: Tung Chee-hwa is set to be named Hong Kong's first post-colonial governor in a secret ballot among the 400 members of a Beijing-backed electoral college, Page 8

One in three shop 'green': One in three UK consumers is committed to "green" shopping, and one in five regularly boys green, says the National Consumer Council. The NCC says the government could improve this with an information campaign and retailers should provide cheaper products with better labels and

FT.com: the FT web site provides online news, comment and analysis at http://www.FT.com

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### **WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 11 1996** VW chief's snub dents chance of peace with GM

Carmarkers' feud inflamed after Piëch refuses to apologise

The possibility of an out-of-court settlement of the legal battle between General Motors and Volkswagen receded yesterday as Mr Ferd-inand Piech, VW's chairman, refused to apologise for VWs role in the feud with its

The refusal effectively rebuffed a crucial GM precondition for a settlement in the legal dispute involving allegations of industrial espionage.

magazine, to be published tomorrow, Mr Piëch says: "I am not aware what there is to apologise about because we have not committed an injus-

tice against anybody."

Adam Opel, GM's German subsidiary, insisted yesterday that the two sides were as far away from a settlement as they were three years ago, "when VW accused us of wag-

of their hard and uncompromising line", he said.

"If you look at what this man [Mr Piēch] says and thinks, after he had taken off his cheap mask, you see he is full of cynicism."

specifically to comments earlier this week when VW said Mr Piech would express his "deep regrets". It turned out two weeks ago pending a forth-apology is still negotiable. Secthat Mr Piech's regrets coming criminal indictment in ond, Opel wants us to express

irritation of the case.

The dispute between the two companies relates to the appointment of Mr José Ignacio López, a former GM executive, as VW's head of production and purchasing in March The company was referring 1993. GM claims that Mr Lôpez had removed sensitive docu-

ments before he left for VW. Mr Lôpez resigned from VW

In an interview with Stern tactics were "the continuation referred to the costs and the Germany. His resignation was seen as paving the way towards an agreement. But GM views VW's subsequent decision to reappoint Mr Lopez as a consultant as a provoca-

> A source close to VW gave two reasons for Mr Piech's off from litigation in the US refusal of a full-blown apology. "First we want to retain negotiating mass. This means an

regret for criminal action. We can't do this... the apology would become an admission of

GM was angered by Mr Piech's assertion that "we have the better cars and Gen-eral Motors has the better lawyers". Mr Piech's prediction that German car buyers would shun GM cars unless it backed was also seen as provocative.

> Audi to build plant in Brazil, Page 16

# Nato date to expand angers Russians

By Bruce Clark in Bruseels

Nato, the western defence alliance, aroused Russian anger yesterday by saying it would begin its drive for enlargement into eastern Europe at a landmark summit. in Madrid in July.

"Our goal is to welcome the new member(s) by the time of Nato's fiftieth anniversary in 1999," foreign ministers of Nato member countries said.

But a press aide to Mr Boris Yeltsin, the Russian president, dismissed suggestions that Moscow was ready to accept plans. "Russia's position on this issue remains firm and rather tough," Mr Sergei Yastrzhembsky said.

"It has not changed although our partners in dialogue have tried at various times to send to the world other signals...that Moscow has started to look more flexible, as if it had internally accepted such expansion. No. That is all fantasy."

The Nato foreign ministers tried to allay Russian fears by confirming that they had no plans to move nuclear weapons into eastern Europe. They also hoped to establish a formal Nato-Russia relationship by next summer.

Mr Warren Christopher, the outgoing US secretary of state, told fellow Nato ministers that the alliance had "no intention, no plan and no need to station nuclear weapons on the terri- US troops abroad, Page 6 Nato tory of any new members". Mr

Christopher and other western ministers also agreed that next July's summit would have a triple agenda: internal Nato reforms, relations with Russia and establishing a swift time table for enlargement.

Although it was desirable for Nato to negotiate a formal relationship with Russia in time for the summit. US officials said, nothing would upset the alliance's plan to open its doors to new members.

"We hope between now and July to work out an arrangement with Russia - but the choice is Russia's", said Mr

Mr Javier Solana, Nato's sec retary general, said he hoped to begin negotiations with Russia early next year on formalising links with Moscow, possibly through a charter. Mr Solana beld an initial meeting with Mr Yevgeny Primakov, Russian foreign minister. The meeting was described as cordial but they did not discuss Nato enlargement.

US officials yesterday reaffirmed their commitment to a "more visible European identity" within Nato, but made it clear that the main problem in Franco-American relations over the alliance's south European command - was far from

The US is resisting French demands for the command to be headed by a European.

protest. Page 4



### **Amexco** and UK bank in card deal

By George Graham, in London

American Express, the US-based payments card company, yesterday advanced its plans for rapid expansion in Europe with an agreement allowing National Westminster Bank of the UK to issue an Amex brand credit card.

The deal follows a rebuke issued in May by the European Commission to Visa, American Express's rival in the payments industry, over its efforts to prevent its member banks issuing competing cards such as Amex.

"Europe has become the easiest place to work because the EU has warned off Visa and MasterCard," said Mr John de Trafford, American Express country manager for the UK and Ireland.

American Express tradition. ally concentrated on issuing its own charge cards, which id to be usid off each month. It retained a strong position in corporate travel cards, but as ments market was eroded it decided this year to seek partners in the banking industry.

American Express had already signed deals with banks in Ireland, Spain, Portugal and Greece, but yesterday's NatWest deal is its most significant breakthrough in Europe's most established credit card market. NatWest's

Continued on Page 14

### Hoechst sale will give it 45% stake in Clariant

cise figure has not been

agreed, but Hoechst expects to

pass on between DM3.5bn and

finance director of Hoechst,

said yesterday it would have

been at odds with the German

Mr Schmeider said the pri-

was cost-cutting. The partners

annual savings of SFr500m

within four years.

For Clariant, with sales last

Mr Klaus-Jurgen Schmeider,

DM4bn of its debt.

By Jenny Luesby in London

chemicals conglomerate, yes- the shares and to nominating terday agreed to sell its struggling speciality chemicals business to Clariant in return for a tive board. 45 per cent equity stake in the Swiss industrial chemicals company.

The combination will create the world's largest speciality chemicals group, with annual sales of more than DM9bn (\$5.70bn), ahead of Ciba Speciality Chemicals, due to be spun off by the Swiss group, Novartis, next year.

account for more than twothirds of the enlarged group's speciality chemicals. turnover and the German group will become by far the mary motivation for the deal largest shareholder in Clar-Sandoz in a SFr1.5bn international public offering in June. ·But in a novel development,

Hoechst has eschewed control

over the enlarged business. It would help it achieve the size has agreed to having voting necessary to achieve maxi-Hoechst, the German rights on only 20 per cent of mum economies of scale in a fiercely competitive sector. only one executive vice-presi-

dent on the four-man execuexposed to Europe's declining textiles sector, which buys In return, Clariant will take almost half of its products. on around a third of the Ger-Shareholders from both companies yesterday welcomed the man group's net debt. The pre-

President Nelson Mandela

signs into law a new constitu-

tion for South Africa in

Sharpeville. Also present at

yesterday's signing was Cyril

of the constitutional assembly

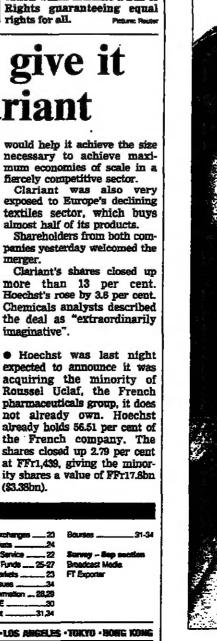
that wrote the 150-page consti-tution which includes a Bill of

rights for all.

merger. Clariant's shares closed up more than 13 per cent. Hoechst's rose by 3.6 per cent. Chemicals analysts described the deal as "extraordinarily

imaginative".

Hoechst operations will group's strategic concentration • Hoechst was last night on life sciences to expand in expected to announce it was acquiring the minority of Roussel Uclaf, the French pharmaceuticals group, it does not already own. Hoechst iant, which was spun off from expect to cut 5,000 jobs out of a already holds 56.51 per cent of total of 31,000 and make the French company. The shares closed up 2.79 per cent at FFr1,439, giving the minority shares a value of FFr17.8bn year of SFY2.15bn, the deal (\$3.38bn).







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# EU entrants 'must sign up for Emu'

MEPs' hard-hitting report endorses enlargement of the Union but says it will be far from easy

By Caroline Southey in Strasbourg

Countries wanting to join the European Union will have to endorse the objectives of monetary union and adjust economic policies accordingly, according to a European parliament report.

MEPs are today expected to endorse a hard-hitting report on the EU's enlargement strategy absorbing countries from eastern and central Europe into the EU. Although it endorses the political objective of enlargement, it sets budgets committee, sets out a list out starkly the tasks the Union of economic changes aspirant must face before it can realise the goal, and the economic reforms

Countries joining "must be able institutions of a market economy applicant country and ending in money from structural funds on to meet the obligations of full member states, and, above all, endorse the objectives of economic and monetary union", the report warns. It points out that Emu is part of the EU's acquis communautaire (the core body of EU legislation) which new member states will have to accept as an "eventual objective". As a result they will which lists a host of obstacles to have to "commit themselves to pursuing an economic policy consistent with that objective".

The report, by the parliament's members will have to put in place, pointing out that "even countries progress towards setting up the period tailored to the needs of each (\$62bn), while that of paying out posals not yet agreed.

[as in the Czech Republic] continue to have difficulties, particularly in terms of inflation and interest

Applicant countries are urged to press ahead with privatisation of our obstacle, and the report mainlarge enterprises, reforms of their public sectors and financial able to expand unless it reforms its currently available". systems, and to "encourage private two biggest financial regimes: • The parliament yesterday "require years and substantial

The report warns against "hasty enlargement" and rules out "accession en bloc" which it considers unrealistic given the differences in the economies of the applicants. that applicant states must intro- which have made considerable short and "specific pre-accession

certain accession". Also listed by the report are

issues the EU will have to tackle if it wants to absorb new members. The cost is seen as the most seritains that the Union will not be agricultural policy.

It warns that costs have not been worked out adequately and that is designed to provide consumers assessments of the financial implications of enlargement differ widely. Estimates of the cost of extending an unreformed common labelling alcoholic drinks. The text Instead, it argues there should be a agricultural policy range from Ecu12bn (\$15bn) to Ecu50bn foods, which are covered by pro-

the present basis is put at Ecul4bn. Mr Arie Oostlander, a Dutch Christian Democrat MEP, said the "wildest rumours" were circulating about the cost of enlargement, while the reality was that "adequate reliable information is not

initiative". This process will structural funds and the common approved legislation to strengthen rules on labelling, advertising and presenting foods, Reuter reports. It with more information about the products they eat. The Commission is to draft separate legislation on also excludes genetically modified

inter-governmental confer-

ence on reforming the EU to those essential to the effec-

tive functioning of the

Union after expansion. This

would avoid the kind of rati-

fication problems experi-enced with the Maastricht

treaty. A repeat of that

could put at risk both Emu

The treaty, it said, should

make enhancing European

competitiveness its central

aim, and balance social con-

siderations with hard eco-

and the single market.

### EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

### EU industry output rises

Industry in the European Union yesterday reported the first increase in manufacturing output for 13 months amid a further general improvement in business. confidence. A European Commission survey of more than 25,000 companies showed sentiment continued to recover from its trough earlier this year. Manufacturing conditions improved in 11 countries including the key German market, but deteriorated in France.

A spokesman for the European Commission said esterday: "Now we are in a position in industry where we can say there is sustained growth." This was underpinned by an upturn in export orders. But stocks were still relatively high and more companies expected to cut prices than to raise them. Consumer confidence, unchanged between October and November, was on a slowly improving trend. Graham Bowley, Economics Staff

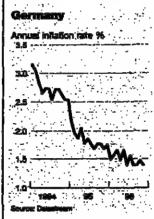
#### New Bremer Vulkan probe

The European Commission yesterday announced a further state aid probe at Bremer Vulkan, Germany's largest shipbuilding group. The latest investigation concerns DM300m (\$192m) in loans granted to its former shipyards in east Germany. Brussels is already investigating some DM788m of public money diverted from the group's ailing east German yards to the mother company in west Germany.

The competition authorities in Brussels said they could not accept a German argument that the DM300m did not have to be notified in advance to Brussels on the grounds that it was a replacement for the missing aid. According to the Commission, the German authorities have asked permission for a new aid package worth almost DM1bh to rescue the two east German yards.

■ Brussels yesterday informed the Belgian authorities that it could not accept the status enjoyed in Flanders by VTM, the region's principal television station, which has a monopoly on television advertising. VT4, a competing channel, has been forced to broadcast from London to circumvent the advertising rules. Emma Tucker, Brussels

#### Inflation dips in Germany Germany's annual inflation



rate dipped to 1.4 per cent last month from 1.5 per cent in October, the federal statistics office said. The rate of increase has now hovered about 1.5 per cent since the summer, slightly lower than earlier in the year. The cost of living index fell by 0.1 per cent between October and November. The steepest price rises during the month were for food and drink, particularly fish and frosh vegetables, but a fall in energy costs belped offset these increases.

Inflation in the former east Germany was slightly higher. The cost of living index rose by 0.1 per cent between Ralph Atkins, Bonn

### Employers press hard for stability pact

By Neil Buckley in Brussels

employers European yesterday turned up the ssure on European Union leaders to agree a "stability pact" for the future European single currency when

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Unice, the association of 33 industry and employers' federations from 25 counqué to the Dublin summit that agreement on a stability pact, plus a new exchange rate mechanism.

procedures, was "vital for the credibility of Emu". Monetary union was, in turn, the "best guarantee for the restoration of

Europe's competitiveness", Its call follows the failure

By David Buchan in Paris

Mr John Bruton, prime

minister of Ireland, which

holds the European Union

presidency, said yesterday

he was optimistic that Euro-

pean Union finance minis-

ters would reach agreement

at their meeting tomorrow

on the "stability pact" to

Emerging from a meeting

with President Jacques Chi-

buttress the euro.

about the operation of a sia- Commission president, is enthusiasm of political lead-bility pact, a system of pen- expected to highlight tele- ers. bility pact, a system of penalties for countries running excessive budget deficits after introduction of the

Unice is also demanding swift action to complete the single market, suggesting adoption of a new deadline of January 1 1999. It is expected to be supported in this by the last of four reports on European industry by the EU's competitiveness advisory group.

The report, to be presof France and Germany this ented at Dublin by Mr Jac-week to resolve differences ques Santer, the European lagging well behind the

agreement between finance

At that meeting in Nurem-

ministers reported some

progress - but not a break-

through - on the issue of

penalties for members of the

euro zone over-shooting bud-

get disciplines. But the Irish

premier claimed that there

minsters" of the EU.

coms, energy and indirect internal market must be made to function effectively. as well as to call for further multilateral efforts to open up Europe to trade and

Mr François Périgot, Unice's president, warned yesterday that failure to agree on the framework surrounding Emu at Dublin would "destabilise public opinion" about the single

ity pact with Chancellor Hel- "very technical and, in a French foreign minister, that

ministers tomorrow and not

that starts the following day.

"I don't think these subjects

Mr Bruton also defended

the Irish presidency's 140-

itself " he said.

mut Kohl "will have sense, completely marginal"

berg French and German left to the Dublin summit

reinforced the chances of an points unresolved.

"We must have the courage to meet the demands of monetary integration, other-

wise we will continue to lose competitiveness, and, little by little, disappear from the map," said Mr Périgot. Unice said the single currency, as well as reinforcing the single market, should produce a "permanent and salutary change in the

behaviour of governments\* The employers' union also

it reflected the "mediocrity"

of EU treaty negotiators -

In effect, Mr Bruton yes-

terday used Mr Barnier as a

stick to beat Mr de Charette.

He said he had praised to

played in helping us to draft

Hilary Barnes adds from

the [Irish] document".

He said he wanted the including Mr Michel Barnier,

issues resolved by finance" France's EU affairs minister.

can be settled fairly easily at President Chirac "the role the level of the summit Mr Barnier had actually

Bruton sees good chance of accord

Rasmussen, prime minister, Treaties transferring sovereign powers to an international organisation must be approved by referendum, according to the constitu-

revised Maastricht treaty if

the new treaty followed the

Irish draft, Mr Poul Nyrup

Mr Rasmussen said that the increase in the powers of the European Union to conclude international trade agreements would make a

#### rac, Mr Bruton told journalwas already agreement on page draft treaty against the Copenhagen: Denmark ists the French leader's talks "the greater part" of the staaccusation last week by Mr would have to hold a referon Monday about the stabilbility pact, leaving only Hervé de Charette, the endum to approve the referendum necessary.

APPEAL TO THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE 15 MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN UNION This appeal, launched in Valencia a year ago, is made by 2,500 mayors and political leaders of cities and municipalities, presidents of counties, (départements, provinces) and regions of the European Union, and their representative organisations, to the Intergovernmental Conference on the occasion of the European Council of Dublin on 13-14 December 1996.

We call on the Intergovernmental Conference to use the next stage of European development to bring the Union closer to its citizens by defining fundamental rights and by clarifying the functioning of European processes, and by

- A guarantee of the right of citizens to manage a substantial share of public affairs through locally elected assemblies, by incorporating the principles of the European Charter of Local Self Government;
- A broader expression of the principle of subsidiarity and its application to recognise the place of local and regional government;
- A basis for partnership between the various levels of government where local and regional authorities have responsibility for implementing European policy; A greater measure of organisational independence and a guarantee of the democratic legitimacy of the

Committee of the Regions which should become an institution with a fair and balanced representation of the local and regional anthorities in each member state to ensure its effective contribution to European policy-We wish the governments of Europe assembled in the Intergovernmental Conference every success in shaping a

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MUIRPACE



**NEWS: EUROPE** 

## Companies' shift of production abroad shows no signs of abating |EU struggles to get Germans flee high labour costs defence act together

By Ralph Atkins in Bonn

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The exodus of German in the past three years. companies relocating production abroad shows no sign of abating in the next three years as the disadvantages of remaining at home particularly high labour costs - continue to bite, according to a survey published today.

DIHT, the umbrella body for the country's chambers of industry and commerce, in the past week which kept found 28 per cent of west sick pay at 100 per cent of German industrial companies plan to shift production abroad in the next three years. That compared with

the 25 per cent that said they cut to 80 per cent of wages. relocated production abroad The results come amid

attempts to cut Germany's deal last week in the Lower labour costs. Research released yesterday by WSL industry preserving the 100 the Düsseldorf-based ecoper cent figure - albeit parnomics and social science institute, showed that unions representing 2m employees had struck deals

Sick pay has been preserved despite legal changes the breakdown of pay talks. onstrated Germany's labour investment in 1997 against this year which permitted a The DAG union is proposing cost problem had not been 17 per cent expecting a fall.

because unions regarded 100 per cent sick pay as one of signs of a significant setback the movement's biggest postin federal government war gains. But a landmark

Saxony electrical and metal per cent figure - albeit parother savings - is rapidly becoming a vardstick for agreements across Germany. Meanwhile, domestic Luftthreatened with warning strike action tomorrow after

The move was significant crews and some ground staff which could affect a number of airports.

The DIHT survey, based more than responses, found labour costs cited by 62 per cent of industrial companies as the main reason for locating tially compensated with abroad. The next most important reason, cited by 21 per cent, was tax and other charges. Middle and east European states remained bansa airline flights are the most popular alternative location.

DIHT said the results dem-

two-hour stoppages by flight under-estimated. "Where production is relocated, the higher productivity and better training of German workers are not covering wage costs and increasingly high additional wage costs."

Figures earlier this year from the Bundesbank showed investments abroad by German companies nearly doubled in 1995 to a record DM50bn (\$32bn). The DIHT survey suggests the trend will remain upwards. with 38 per cent of west German industrial companies expected to increase foreign investment in 1997 against

ing. While executives in the US defence industry trade companies like cocoa futures in an unprecedented wave of consolidation, their European counterparts can barely cobble together a sin-In the US, Boeing's acqui-

sition of \$3bn-worth of Rockwell's defence business causes barely a ripple, while General Motors confidently expects to be able to auction its Hughes missiles and radar operations for \$8bn-\$10bn in the next few months. In Europe, it has taken British Aerospace and Matra more than three years to negotiate a missiles joint venture with a turnover of around \$1.5bn.

This painfully slow progress was set back still further by the collapse last week of French attempts to privatise the Thomson-CSF defence electronics group. If European governments cannot even get their defence sector, say despairing executives, what hope is there for cross-border mergers and acquisitions?

The problem has been exacerbated because, as defence budgets are cut, international collaborative programmes, which offer a basis for companies to work together across borders, are often the first to go. France, for example, threatened to towards being an incorpocut back on two Franco-German helicopter programmes and European military transport aircraft in its budget last spring. Germany threatened to retaliate by pulling out of a Franco-German spy satellite programme.

While the helicopters and satellite were reinstated at Monday's Franco-German summit, the Future Large Aircraft transporter still has no funding.

Efforts to overcome this splintering are focused on two main poles: aircraft manufacturing and defence

In rationalising aircraft production capacity, two BAE and Daimler, merging principal avenues are being explored. The first could duplication.

matic and embarrass- Daimler-Benz Aerospace, long-serving managing direcwhich both have a share of tor who retired in Septemwork on Airbus civil airliners and are the lead contracbut the French government tors for the £40bn (\$66bn) decided to sell Thomson to Eurofighter. Merging the the Lagardère missiles-totwo could cut duplication, magazines conglomerate and it would be possible to include an Aerospatiale-Das-The financial structure

continuing

failure to

industries

sidiary. BAe is concerned

that once Daimler's defence

side is no longer seen as

"German" the Bonn govern-

ment will rapidly reduce its

commitment to the expen-

sive Eurofighter programme.

ness with the Future Large

Aircraft, the very pro-

gramme which has just had

In the case of of electron-

ics sub-systems makers, the

two most important compa-

nies are Thomson-CSF and

GEC-Marconi, the defence

subsidiary of GEC of the UK.

Both have many common

operations in areas such as

airborne radar, missiles.

sonar and avionics. As with

would cut considerable

its funding cut.

The alternative is to try to

sault grouping, once the proposed by Lagardère French company had been would not have allowed a rationalised and privatised. full merger with GEC, how-Unfortunately, Daimlerever. While the privatisation Benz seems reluctant to supof Thomson is once again in ply the cash needed to flux, a full merger with GEC rationalise its aerospace subseems unlikely.

In the absence of concerted efforts by industrial-**Bernard Gray** ists and politicians, the routes to cross-border deals on Europe's seem very difficult. As a result, industry executives, action, are beginning to consider easier mergers into national groupings. merge its arms

These would not offer the same rationalisation benefits but would cut some costs. Daimler-Benz Aerospace already incorporates much of the German defence electronics as well as aircraft industry. France might end up with Thomson-CSF, Dassault and Aérospatiale in one group, and Britain might see the much-touted but elusive merger of BAe and GEC's defence interests.

bind the companies' civil aerospace interests more Some executives argue tightly in Airbus, forming a that if Europe is likely to vehicle which could eventuend up with a single aeroally accommodate military space company incorporataerospace. Airbus is moving ing aircraft, missiles and electronics, then, as a first rated company, rather than step, national rationalisation a loose alliance, but it says of aircraft makers and electhat this process will take at tronics companies is as valid least two years to complete. as the international mergers Meanwhile. Airbus is trying into one aircraft maker and to expand its military busione electronics company.

Yet such national groups risk becoming national champions, raising competition worries. Governments may also retreat from international collaboration where they feel their champions may lose out. Unless there is a breakthrough on international rationalisation soon, companies could retreat into national laagers from which it will be impossible to challenge the US giants. Last week's developments in France are not an encourag-

### Bonn, Prague agree terms of reconciliation

By Frederick Stüdemann In Berlin and Vincent Boland

Germany and the Czech Republic have finally agreed a draft declaration of historical reconciliation in which both sides acknowledge crimes committed during and after the second world war, and Bonn for the first time strongly backs Prague's claims to membership of the European Union

The declaration aims to close a traumatic chapter in German-Czech relations which began in 1938 when Hitler took advantage of Czechoslovakia's ethnic German minority in the heavily fortified Sudetenland border districts to begin his systematic destruction of the neighbouring republic and the rest of Europe.

In the declaration Germany apologises for the Nazi occupation of Czechoslovakia and acknowledges this created the climate in which 2.5m ethnic Germans were expelled from the Sudetenland immediately

after the war and their property confiscated. The Czech side expresses remorse for the crimes committed during the expulsions, one of the biggest forced resettlements in Europe this century, during which many fleeing refugees were mur-

The expulsion of ethnic Germans from Sudetenland and thousands of ethnic Hungarians from eastern Slovakia was authorised by the victorious Allies under the Potsdam agreement in 1945. They were supposed to take place in an "orderly and humane" way, but were Lingering anger at the

"fifth column" role played by many ethnic Germans in 1938 followed by decades of Soviet-style "proletarian solidarity" with east Germany prevented public discussion of the expulsions until the "velvet revolution" of 1989. President Václav Havel was widely criticised when he apologised to a German audience in one of his first speeches as president.



In this archive picture, Czechs gather with their belongings at a station on the Czech-German border. They are waiting for a train so they can leave their homes in October 1938 after the Nazis annexed the Sudetenland

great majority of embittered for Prague's drive to join properties and because the Sudeten refugees in Bavaria. where they form a vocal and powerful political pressure group within the Christian Social Union (CSU), made it equally difficult for the German government to find a mutually acceptable form of wording for the bilateral declaration. Agreement took nearly two years.

The Czech expression of remorse in the decisration is stronger than many Czechs expected and was a trade-off But the settlement of the for explicit German support sible return to their former

western institutions, analysts said. To date Bonn has held back on giving the Czech Republic the clear endorsement it gave Poland, which moved much more quickly to reach its own rec-

onciliation with Germany. Czech reaction to the draft was muted yesterday, with political leaders insisting it making provision for a pos-

expression of regret was not explicit enough. The draft declaration,

which also provides for creation of a DM165m (\$106m) fund for social and cultural initiatives, is due to be initialled on December 20 by foreign ministers before being formally signed by Chancellor Helmut Kohl and was fair to both sides. But it Prime Minister Vaclay was attacked by Sudeten Klaus in Prague next leaders in Germany for not month. It will then require approval by both parlia-

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By Laura Silber in Belgrade and Bruce Clark in Brussels

Nato foreign ministers yesterday deplored the authoritarian behaviour of the Serbian government and called for greater efforts to bring war criminals in Bosnia to justice.

The ministers called on President Slobodan Milosevic to recognise the opposition's municipal election victory last month and to avoid using force against demon-

Their call came as tens of thousands of people yesterday turned out for the 22nd day of protest against the cancellation of elections. Yugoslavia's federal court also rejected an appeal from the Belgrade electoral commission to overturn an earlier court ruling, apparently exhausting legal avenues to restore opposition victories in the November 17 poll.

Western diplomats were not surprised by the court decision. "Milosevic seems to be waiting for a critical mass, to see if the demonstrations and the western pressure continue. If so, he can still find a legal way out," said one

with the prosecutors of seek out or lay traps for

the decision to the courts. Opposition deputies to fed-

eral parliament yesterday boycotted its first session, since Mr Milosevic's ruling Socialists and the communist partners of his wife captured a majority in a first round of polling on Novem-

The opposition coalition Zajedno (Together) won municipal elections, which were later annulled, but lost the poll for the federal

Nato ministers also called yesterday for an intensified effort to bring war criminals to justice, but it seemed very unlikely the alliance's cautious rules of engagement in Bosnia would change. Canada proposed that

Nato alter its posture to restrict the movement of indicted persons such as Mr Radovan Karadzic and ultimately apprehend them. However, most other countries focused instead on boosting the resources of the international war crimes tribunal in The Hague.

Under current rules, Nato forces are supposed to arrest any war crimes suspects ut," said one that they "come across", but Appeals are still pending are explicitly forbidden to

### Subsidy cuts inflame Greek protest Aznar Athens' refusal to help the

farmers has prompted tough measures, says Kerin Hope

central Greece. interrupts his breakfast of cold lamb and wine to direct a Romanian bus through a tractor barricade blocking the road to Athens. "If we don't stand up and complain," he says, "the government will go on ignoring the farmers' problems and we'll drown in debt."

Cotton growers have led the two-week blockade of almost 100 road junctions around Greece which has halted domestic transport,

The underlying problem is lack of any strategy for agriculture beyond higher output'

stranded several thousand international trucks and left Greek manufacturers facing shortages of fuel and raw materials.

With the cotton harvest over, farmers had time to vent their frustrations over lower cotton prices, lack of government support and the prospect of reduced EU subsidies for this year's crop. "In the past three years." Mr Katis says, "producer prices

r George Katis, a for cotton have dropped by cotton grower in over 30 per cent, but production costs have doubled.'

> The speed with which tobacco, fruit and dairy producers joined the protest underlined a rising tide of resentment among farmers. One in five Greek workers is a full-time farmer and agriculture accounts for almost 15 per cent of Greece's gross domestic product. But cuts in EU subsidies and the loss of tax immunity are shrinking earnings.

The government refuses to discuss farmers' demands for the reinstatement of tax breaks on fuel and purchases of farm machinery and the write-off of some \$1.3bn in debts to the stateowned Agricultural Bank.

Mr Costas Simitis, the prime minister, said yesterday: "If we satisfy requests for billions of drachmas, we will fall short of the targets set for Greece to play its part in European monetary

The stand-off appears set to continue as the Socialists are reluctant to send in riot police to force the farmers off the roads. There is little popular sympathy for the having grown rich from EU

These transfers currently account for more than 6 per cent of Greece's GDP - two-

A truck driver trapped by the farmers' barricades yesterday on the road from Athens to

Fruit growers have seen

support payments for crops. But subsidies are shrinking and farmers are aware leaner years are ahead. Mr Argyris Sapras, who

grows cotton and vegetables on the fertile Kopaida plain, says: "We caught up with other sectors of the economy in the 1980s but the last few years have been tougher. Young people are leaving the land for services jobs at a much faster rate."

Greece's tobacco farmers fear EU subsidies will soon be cut to the point where they can no longer make a living out of growing poorquality tobacco varieties on

the high cost of shipping produce to EU markets through Italy after the war in Bosnia closed the overland route. More than half of Greece's peach crop and a quarter of the citrus crop is destroyed every year because the fruit cannot be sold abroad and processing

facilities are limited. Dairy and livestock producers say cheap imports from Bulgaria and Albania have driven down prices for meat and cheese. Greece is still not self-sufficient in

With an average size of only four hectares, many Greek farms are too small to be profitable. Investment in agriculture is falling as farmers no longer have subsidised loans for land and farm machinery.

"The underlying problem is the lack of any strategy for agriculture beyond increasing output," says Mr George Zanias, who teaches agricultural economics at Athens Business University. feel insecure about the

Aviaco, will not be directly affected, and buses and exports shrink because of met with only partial suctrains are due to run normally. However, state rail

> Today's strike follows large demonstrations in Madrid and Barcelona against the pay freeze, through which the government aims to save up to Pta200bn (\$1.53bn) next year. This is a significant contribution to its hopes of meeting budget deficit criteria for the European single cur-

strike

challenge

By David White in Madrid

The centre-right Sponish

government of Mr José

Maria Aznar faces the first

serious challenge of its

seven months in office today

when public sector employ-

ees stage a one-day strike

against a planned freeze in

A total of 1.5m employees

civil servants, teachers,

nurses, postal workers, fire-

fighters and garbage collec-

tors - are being called by

the unions to join the move-

ment. Airports, state broad-

Airlines themselves, including the state-owed

Iberia and its sister company

employees are being called

out on one-day strikes on

December 16 and 20 in pro-

test at reorganisation plans.

services will also be hit.

their 1997 pay.

The unions claim that if the freeze goes ahead public sector wages will have fallen 11 per cent in real terms

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However, Mr Mariano Rajoy, public administration minister, sald yesterday there was no prospect of the government budging.

Further clashes now loom following a threat by Mr Aznar to go ahead with legislation to change Spain's labour rules if unions and employers fail to reach agreement early next year.

Unions meanwhile voiced concern about figures yesterday showing a rise of 16,000 in registered job-seekers to 2.25m in November, or 14.04 per cent of the workforce.

### Scalfaro intervention brings judicial reform pledge

By John Simkins in Milan

The speakers of both of Italy's houses of parliament pledged yesterday to press ahead with reform of the judicial system after President Oscar Luigi Scalfaro intervened in the growing debate over associates of Mr Antonio Di Piethe role of the country's investiga- tro, the former anti-corruption ting magistrates.

Mr Scalfaro had summoned the speakers to discuss "serious ssues" concerning the rights of the individual and the autonomy orders of Brescia magistrates who of magistrates in his capacity as are investigating methods used by

The latest move came amid widespread concern about the leak to the Corriere della Sera newspaper of a report by the Glco branch of the financial police on magistrate. The report is thought to have led to dozens of raids on homes and offices last week by financial police, acting on the

head of the magistrates' body, the Mr Di Pietro and other members both magistrates and police iticians dismissed the idea of a tice minister, has already put of the "clean hands" pool of Milan magistrates.

Magistrates have been attacked for taking too prominent a posidetention and media leaks.

tion in public life since the Tangentopoli, or "bribesville", scandals - which have involved 2.000

suspects - started four years ago. There has been concern about the widespread use of preventive

In the fight against corruption Mr Scalfaro and the speakers stressed the need to ensure that

respected professional and territorial limits on their authority.

The latest wave of inquiries has raised fears of vendettas between law-enforcing bodies, particularly between the Guardia di Finanza, or financial police, and Milan magistrates, who imprisoned two Guardia generals and almost 50 senior officials.

Mr Scalfaro has intervened on previous occasions in the running of the judicial system. His latest

Tangentopoli amnesty, including draft laws before parliament on Mr Massimo D'Alema, leader of the Party of the Democratic Left. Mr Scalfero indicated yesterday he was also opposed to "solutions

which wipe the slate clean".

The scandais are likely to continue to push themselves into the public arena; a parliamentary commission has begun to study the so-called Achilles dossler compiled on the "clean hands" operation by secret service agents. Mr Giovanni Maria Flick, jusoverhauling the judicial system.

The meeting at the presidential palace emphasised the urgency of reforms to tackle the backlog of cases in the civil courts, which can take 10 years to resolve. Mr Flick aims to reorganise the distribution of Italy's 8,000 magistrates, as part of the assault on delays in trials, and to distinguish between the functions of magistrates acting as judges and those acting as

### **NEWS:** WORLD TRADE

### pressed to buy **Airbuses**

By Matthew Kaminski In Kiev

European leaders have stepped up lobbying on behalf of Airbus for the first western aircraft leasing order from Air Ukraine, which is expected next week.

The intervention comes amid growing concern that the Ukrainian government will plump for Boeing of the US. The transport ministry last month reopened negotia-tions with both manufacturers only days after the government announced it would acquire up to eight Airbus aircraft under a low-interest financing arrangement. The deal fell apart when

Mr Leonid Kuchma, the Ukrainian president, dismissed the president of Air Ukraine and a deputy transport minister who had been involved in the discussions. The four countries in the Airbus consortia - Germany, France, Spain and the UK were concerned that Kiev might be citing security considerations in stepping back from its commitment to Air-

Mr Helmut Kohl, the German chancellor, has raised the Airbus sale with Mr Kuchma, according to western diplomats, and officials from the four European countries are to continue their lobbying efforts this

Mr Jacques Santer, president of the European Commission, this week was expected to urge the Ukrainian president in a letter that only commercial considerations should be applied.

A Boeing spokesman, who would not comment on Air Ukraine's previous statements, only said "that our proposal is significantly less expensive" and the Boeing 767 "jumbo jet" for long-range hauls met the airline's needs better.

existing routes to New York Chicago and Toronto, and possibly two new destina- is a good US-China relationtions, Miami and Los ship.

### Ukraine | WTO close to IT deal

By Guy de Jonquières and Frances Williams in Singapore



SINGAPORE close to a ments.

December 1996 deal on a global agree
to exclude from an IT accord to exclude from an IT accord mation technology (IT) prod-

tan, Europe's trade commis-

be a final accord to eliminate tariffs on IT imports by 2000. Sir Leon said he had whittled down the number of products which the US recorded music on CD-Roms

among its tariff cuts.

in principle from Washington to support EU demands that European semiconductor producers be allowed to ioin an industry co-operation The US and body established by US and U n i o n Japanese semiconductor night to be of their respective govern-

ment for free trade in infor- optical fibres, television monitors, capacitors and photocopiers. Trade officials After a day of intensive said Washington had agreed, negotiations, Sir Leon Brit- under EU pressure, on a compromise plan whereby sioner, presented the out-lines of what he expected to in these categories would be eliminated.

Although the two sides have still to finalise the details of their agreement, they were last night sepawanted to exclude from a rately canvassing support raised hopes of an agree-tariff-cutting deal, while the for it among other countries, ment for the WTO to begin EU had offered to include chiefly in Asia.

Japan and Canada are mong its tariff cuts. already prepared to back an tries including Malaysia.

He also won an agreement IT agreement. But the US Indonesia and Egypt dropped



'I'm looking for a compromise.' That's what one EU delegate said yesterday, peering through binoculars at the proceedings of the heads of delegation meeting

other countries must sign up if a deal is to be clinched at this week's ministerial meet-

ing of the World Trade Organisation in Singapore. Meanwhile, a switch in position by some leading developing countries has work on the link between

and to a US proposal for an the two, saying it could agreement on openness in government procurement.

investment and trade. Coun-

But a small group, includ-ing India and Pakistan, still want to confine any study on investment to the WTO's tion.

Geneva neighbour, the There was some movement on the thorny issue of

and EU have insisted that their objections to this plan staunch opponent of linking ment of support for core labour standards. But a number of developing countries reasserted their opposi-

> A proposal by Mr Renato United Nations Conference on Trade and Development. Rugglero, WTO director-gen-eral, to ease the plight of the world's poorest countries by getting other members to trade and worker rights, eliminate tariffs on imp with Malaysia, hitherto a from them was rejected. eliminate tariffs on imports

# End in sight to China's long wait

Guy de Jonquières finds Beijing's chief negotiator is hopeful of progress at last

sation, has learned to play a they have advanced at a

snail's pace. Yesterday, however, Mr against China, all the allies WTO entry. Mr Long Long was cautiously hopeful will not follow. Sanctions believes Washington's of real progress at last. The could only be effective if stance is now close to that of reason, he says, is a clear shift in the attitude of the situation has completely trade commissioner, who US, which China has long accused of being the main obstacle to its WTO applica-

Mr Long sees two reasons recent political thaw between Washington and Beijing. "Although US negotiators always try to empha-

China's chief nego- nomic interest to have China sides should agree that Chi-V A tiator on its bid to in the WTO, he says: "They na's accession is a win-win join the World Trade Organi- have discovered they are no situation." longer in the cold war. They waiting game. Since the know they can no longer talks began 10 years ago, deal with China sin- with China's demands for gle-handed. If the US wants to take trade sanctions its economy to adjust after Yesterday, however, Mr against China, all the allies

changed." Pressure for China's WTO entry from US business leadpart. Mr Long detects growfor the change. One is the ing support among members of the US Congress, some of ket developing country stawhom he met yesterday on the sidelines of the WTO

ministerial meeting. Washington has also con- nal, this is realistic or true have some difficulties, we the WTO.

r Long Yongtu, cluded it is in its own eco- to the Chinese reality. Both shall need some time." The US has already prom-

ised to deal more flexibly transition periods to allow everybody follows. So the Sir Leon Brittan, the EU recently suggested China be allowed to align itself with In return, Beijing has

WTO commitments accorders has played an important ing to an agreed timetable. dropped its demand for blantus in the WTO and is seeking to negotiate transition periods only for sectors Air Ukraine wants to lease sise that China should enter the WTO on a commercially China and the US are ready needed. "We are not rigid. sound basis, the most impor- to negotiate in a more prag- We are trying to take a very tant thing is whether there matic and business-like way. practical attitude in areas "The bottom line is that both we can deal with immedisides should say this is ratio- ately. In areas where we still of people's jobs to get into

Mr Long says Beijing plans an improved negotiating offer in February, when talks on its WTO bid resume. Although its contents are still being decided, he says. China might ask to keep

non-tariff barriers, such as

quotas and import licensing

regimes, for less than the maximum 15 years it has so far demanded. Beijing might also consider opening its banking and financial services sector further to foreign competition. However, Mr Long sees little scope for improving on existing plans to lower tariffs to an average 15 per cent

by the year 2000. He is also adamant that Beijing will not be pushed into hasty reform of its stateowned enterprises. "You can't expect this kind of situation to change overnight... We cannot sacrifice millions will come. Now we are dig-

He says US readiness to grant China transition periods in the WTO shows Washington recognises the scale of the problem. "If you do not handle this reform issue properly, it could be disastrous, not only for China, but for the world, because China's economy is so much connected with the world

good thing. But when you handle China's [WTO] accession, you should also understand that it might backfire. it might be detrimental to your own interests."

Partly for that reason. China remains committed to a step-by-step approach. "There should be no hurry to mention two months or one year ahead. We just go

"As the Chinese say, when the canal is there, the water ging the canals."

WORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST

### Adtranz plans China venture

Adtranz, the railway systems company jointly owned by Daimler Benz of Germany and ABB of Switzerland, said yesterday it was setting up a joint venture with the Changchun Car Company of China to make about 160 rail carriages a year. The venture. Changchun Adtranz Railway, will be based in Changchun, 1,000km north of Beijing, and employ around 800 people. Adtranz, which will own 51 per cent of the venture, has contracts to deliver 120 carriages for the metro system in the city of Guangzhou and 210 carriages for the Shanghai metro. Changchun, owned by the Chinese ministry of railways, s the largest carriage and mass transit vehicle maker in

### \$100m Indian car parts plan

Hyundai, the Korsan vehicle manufacturer, said vesterday its Indian subsidiary planned to invest up to Rs3.7bn (\$103m) in 10 joint ventures in the country to manufacture components for its Accent model, which it aims to launch in India within two years. Mr Yang Sou Kim, managing director of Hyundai's wholly owned Indian subsidiary, made the announcement at a ground-breaking ceremony for the Korean group's \$700m greenfield car plant near Madras. The plant is expected to start production in October 1998 with an initial capacity of 100,000 vehicles, making it one of the biggest new foreign car ventures in India.

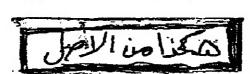
The additional joint ventures will supply tyres and engine, transmission and electrical components to fulfil the company's commitment to indigenise production of the Accent. Hyundai said it saw possible further investment of up to \$400m to double the capacity of the Madras plant. Ford, the US motor group, is also planning to build a 100,000-car capacity plant in the southern state of Tamil Nadu to produce the Fiesta model in a joint venture with Mahindra & Mahindra, the Indian utility and commercial vehicle maker. Mark Nicholson, New Delhi

### Vietnamese in \$20m shoe deal

Reebok, the US footwear manufacturer, has signed a \$19.8m, one-year contract with a Vietnamese company to produce 1.8m pairs of sports shoes, an official at the Ho Chi Minh City-based company said yesterday. Hiep Hung Co will start production from January and the shoes will be exported to Europe and the US. The company currently exports 600,000 pairs of Reebok and Italian Fila brand shoes a year. Vietnam has emerged as one of Asia's largest exporters of footwear, with growth led by exports to the EU. In 1995 it exported 80m pairs, up from 750,000 pairs in 1990. Much of this growth has been fuelled by foreign companies supplying raw materials and sub-contracting assembly work to Vietnamese

### Amec to share in HK toll road

UK construction company Amec is to take fifth share in a toll road joint venture established to manage and operate the 17km Tsing Ma expressway linking the new Hong Kong airport at Chek Lap Kok to the mainland. The value of the contract is thought to be worth HK\$1hn (US\$130m) over four years. Amec has a 20 per cent share in Tsing Ma Management in which the biggest shareholder is Sun Hung Kai Properties of Hong Kong, China Resources and Mack & Co Tunnel Management each own 20 per cent. Andrew Toylor. Construction Correspondent



faces Mrike challe

tranz plan a ventur

Seis**u** pressol

Cognizant
on is not enough.



# Fernández in race to break with past

Canute James on a 'new' Dominican Republic

president, paid only lip service to privatisation, constantly indicating that he considered what he called

Now Mr Leonel Fernández, who replaced Mr Balaguer in August, has put to Congress proposals to privatise almost ing the heavily indebted sugar company and an inefficient power utility.

This... marks a significant change from the policy, attitude and outlook of the previous administration." said Mr Eduardo Selman technical minister to the presidency. "The govern-ment has been losing money and we need the money for improving education, health and social security."

Most of the state companies were the property of the Trujillo dictatorship which ran the Caribbean nation for 30 years until the 1960s. Mr Balaguer, who was in charge

foreign institutions and local business that privatisation could help make the enterprises profitable, improve efficiency and end corrup-

The Dominican Corpora-

tion of State Enterprises is the holding company for 25 concerns (12 have been closed) that are costing the government \$310m a year in pany, which has been generating about half its capacity, needs \$190m from the government, and owes private suppliers \$80m. The subsidy ages 14 US cents for each pound it produces, leading local economists to suggest would be cheaper to

Local business backs Mr Fernández's plans, which it sees also as an attack on endemic corruption. "We have stood still for 30 years, and this represents a start for the country," said Mr is now paid \$6,500 per Fernando González Nicolas, month. The concern is less president of the Caribbean Commercial Consortium are deserving, and more

repeated suggestions from between the Dominican Caribbean. "A lot of time has been lost, and this country now has to catch up with the rest of the world."

Opposition is likely from traditional and influential quarters. The president's centrist Liberation party has 13 of 120 deputies and one of 30 senators, none of whom showed much enthusiasm the state's control of the

"The make-up of the Congress could be a problem for the president's proposals." former governor of the central bank, though government officials contend it is

Meanwhile, there unease over another controversial move by the presi-dent. He has increased by 20fold the salaries of more than 200 government officials, including his own. He about whether the increases



taken some steps to fulfil his

ernment employees that Inflation between January they too must get more. The move has led to suggestions the private sector are expected to ask for more. This would create two

problems for the new government. It would have to finance these wage increases while reducing government expenditure. A bloated and inefficient bureaucracy, used patronage, must be cut even

promise to "modernise" a country which one of his The likely wage increases senior ministers said had "removed itself from the

traditionally and October was 2.1 per improved strained relations with cent, against 7.9 per cent for neighbouring Haiti, is negotizting a free trade agree-ment with the Caribbean year. "This indicates that the economy is settling Community and said the down," said Mr Hector Guili-Dominican Republic would ani Cury, technical director of the central bank. "The economy will expand by 7 affairs. Mr Fernández has also visited Brussels and per cent in its gross domestic product this year, just over twice the rate of last

As one of the country's eding bankers said: "This is a president in a hurry to convince the country that it has taken a quantum leap into the present, catching up with the modern world and leaving behind its constrict-

# US chief less cautious on troops abroad

General John Shalikashvili yesterday laid out parameters for the deployment of US troops overseas that seem markedly different political leadership. from the more cautious approach of Gen Colin Powell, his predecessor as chair-

Yesterday he stressed the US would "pay any price" when its vital interests were clearly at risk.

But whereas Gen Powell ties of the "bipolar" cold. war, he went on, "in today's world we need to consider the use of military forces when America's other important interests are threat-

These could include economic and humanitarian considerations, he added. Broader US engagement would have to be "selective" so as to avoid the risk of "exhaustion, militarily and psychologically" but the US should be "sure to protect an environment that is most helpful to our aims."

Gen Shalikashvili did not rule out Nato intervention, with full US participation, to alleviate humanitarian disasters in "out of area" countries such as Rwanda. He said he had discussed this possibility with Mr Boutros Boutros-Ghali, the United Nations secretary-general.

When I was at SACEUR Mato's European command) the out-of-area debate was a hot issue, but who now thinks it's a hot issue?" he asked rhetorically. It was entirely logical for Nato to humanitarian operations.

little doubt that if SFOR the Nato IFOR detachment in Bosnia, needed reinforcement, then it would be so ordered by the alliance's But governments also had

to ensure that their respective publics understood the in 1993 as the classic example of a nation taken by "surprise" when the US misadverse domestic political

much in line with the thinking of Mrs Madeleine Albright, nominated last week by President Bill Clinton as the next secretary of state. Their common backgrounds as refugees from eastern Europe was a factor, he acknowledged, and he expressed appreciation for her strong support for the

But Gen Shalikashvili also placed limits on what the US military could do. He did not think it should conduct the appropriate to combat international narcotics and by Mr Bob Dole, the losing Republican candidate in last month's presidential elec-

He was also "strongly opposed" to the creation of a US contingent force specially

The best peacekeeping force," he said, "is made up diers" able to handle any the risks to US lives could be

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AMERICAN NEWS DIGEST

### Digital to pay \$6m for RSI

Digital Equipment, the US computer manufacturer, has been ordered to pay almost \$6m to three women who suffered arm and wrist injuries while using Digital Brooklyn, is believed to be the first of its kind against a kevboard manufacturer

One of the plaintiff's lawyers said it was the largest US award for carpal tunnel syndrome, one of the most serious forms of repetitive stress injury (RSI). Thousands of similar suits have been filed against IBM, Apple, AT&T and other computer companies, but in previous cases, which have come to court juries have found in favour of

In the Digital case, the jury found no evidence that the keyboards had defective designs but ruled that users should have been warned of the dangers of excessive keyboard work. The largest award - more than \$5m went to Ms Patricia Geressy, a former employee of the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey and the mos severely injured of the three plaintiffs. Digital said that it "prides itself on providing

information to customers and employees about the comfort and safe use of its products." It said it would see to have the verdicts set aside by the trial court and if oscassary would appeal. Trucy Corrigon, New York

### New team for Miami crisis

Florida lies appointed a team of five to oversee Miami's budget after declaring a state of emergency in the city's finances last week.

Mr Lawton Chiles, the governor, appointed Lt Gov Kenneth "Buddy" MacKay and four Miami business and government officials to help deal with a city on the verge of bankruptcy. Mr MacKay said the panel's role would be advisory and that city commissioners would still have to come up with their own solution to deal with the \$68m budget deficit.

Mr Chiles said that declaring bankruptcy was not a viable option. Mayor Joe Carollo of Miami said he would unveil proposals tomorrow for narrowing the hudget gap without raising property taxes or doubling garbage fees. He said that would require \$50m to \$50m in new, recurring revenues. See Observer, Page 13

### US drugs chief in Mexico

Gen Barry McCaffrey, director of the US Office of National Drug Control Policy, was in Mexico yesterday to meet Mr Jorge Madrazo, the country's seventh attorney general in as many years. He was also due to meet Gen Jesús Gutiérrez Rebollo, Mexico's new anti-narcotics chief, the latest in a series of military officers who have taken prominent posts in President Ernesto Zedillo's administration.

US and European diplomats were dismayed at the summary dismissal last week of Mr Antonio Lozano, the former attorney general. "Two years of patient contact building have been wasted," one diplomat said: The general had warm words for Mr Lozano, who

drafted the first law against money laundering in Mexico. "Mr Lozano took tremendous, courageous action against-drug corruption in the country," the general said, saying he was looking forward to getting to know Mr Leslie Crawford, Mexico City

### Cali drug cartel undefeated

The leaders of the Cali drug cartel are still running the world's largest drug syndicate, even as they await sentencing in a Bogota jail, according to Colombia's pelica

Police raided the maximum-security La Picota prison on Sunday, and found documents with cartel leaders' plans to bribe congressmen and instructions on how cocaine-laden aircraft could evade radar. US officials said previously cartel leaders, arrested in a crackdown that began last year, were trafficking from jail.

Exporters hope deal signed in Baghdad yesterday will reopen the door to a lucrative market

# Turkey signs contract to buy Iraqi oil

Iraq in six years — signed in Baghdad yesterday.

the agreement will help cement strong commercial ties, which were broken by Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in 1990. State-owned oil refiner Tupras said it had signed an has cost Turkey about could barely match.

agreement with Iraqi state \$30bn. The problem is t oil marketing body Somo, but did not disclose the

United Nations clearance on Monday for \$2bn of Iraqi Ceyhan terminal. countries outside Iraq hit but many say that they Mr Ismail Oncel, general hardest by UN sanctions would be happy with just a director at Istanbul's Bio-

Before sanctions, Iraq was under a deal - the first with supplier, selling crude pany, said fraq would only Turkish officials hope that southern Ceyhan terminal months, but competition was

> ister, said "our relationship 30bn". "The problem is that Iraq President Saddam Hussein is so in need that I am afraid

button to start sending oil

imposed on Baghdad after it small slice of a bitterly com- farma pharmaceutical com-

through a pipeline from its have about \$220m to spend Kirkuk oilfields to Turkey's on drugs in the next six Mr Necmettin Erbakan, intense. Mr Kesler said coun-Turkey's Islamist prime min- tries such as India or Bulgaria were able to deliver [with Iraq] has suffered products to Baghdad at because of this embargo. It prices Turkish companies

of Iraq yesterday pressed a that they might give up on the requirement for quality through a pipeline to the and go for lower prices and greater quantities," he said. oil exports over six months Turkish exporters hope "I have seen prices in paved the way for the deal Iraq will once again blossom Baghdad which I have diffiwith Turkey, one of the into a lucrative market, culty competing against."

our stand. We could not stop them and on the first day 70 per cent of our samples were finished." Nevertheless, Turkish

exporters have not given up. Soapmaker Dalan Kimya hopes to sell between \$2.8m and \$3m in Iraq. Biofarma is aiming for \$1.5m, 7-8 per cent of total sales. At least one company, exhibition organisers Forum

Fuarcilik, has already carved out a niche for itself in Baghdad, It organised two trade fairs in Baghdad this year and has a third lined up in February for Turkish

They are hoping Ankara

Turkey is to import 75,000 Turkey's third largest trade manager at Fako, an Istan- the summer, said: "Doctors via Turkey's Mediterranean peddling in Baghdad is also barrels of oil a day from Iraq partner and its largest oil bul-based generic drugs com- and pharmacists attacked terminal at Ceyhan. Mr Kes- a problem. One exporter ler said if Turkey had contracted to buy all Iraq's oil have a saying that a hungry "we would be able to impose man cannot afford integ-our [conditions], but unfor-rity."

> been allocated to Turkey." control northern Iraq impose punitive customs dues on cargoes going by road to Baghdad. They also fear for the safety of their trucks.

will distribute food and Commodities, Page 24

petitive market.

pany, who participated in a leverage over Baghdad drugs in northern fraq.

Mr Latif Kesler, export trade fair in Baghdad over because fraq must export oil Corruption and influence commented: "In Turkey we

> tunately all the oil has not • Crude oil prices slipped in late trading yesterday - not Turks also hoped proxim- so much on the news of Iraqi ity would give them an oil, but in response to figimportant advantage. How- ures which showed higher ever, exporters complain stock levels for the Euro-that Kurdish militias which pean Union, writes Deborah pean Union, writes Deborah

> Harereaves North Sea Brent crude for January delivery was down 46 cents at \$23.64 a barrel; off the session low of \$23.58 a However, exporters hope barrel. Prices for products an arrangement will be hammered out soon, because the oil slid as the EU reported a Kurds have a personal inter- large build in distillate est in the trade since the UN stocks.



Saddam Hussein speaks to reporters after pressing a button to start oil flowing from Kirkuk pumping station

### UN sets up special account for oil-for-food transactions

Money from oil sales will only be released after border checks

By David Owen in Paris

The UN oil-for-food operation will be handled through an account at the New York branch of the Banque Nationale de Paris.

The account will be credited with the proceeds from Iraq's oil sales. The bank will issue letters of credit for the export of food, medical supplies and other approved items, such as parts for water treatment

When Iraq applies to open a given letter of credit, the tors on the Iraqi border verify that the goods they have inspected correspond with the contract

The UN has also con- Jordan.

Eight steps on the export road to Iraq

A company wishing to export goods to traq will have to do the following:

· Reach agreement with relevant traci authority

- Secure certificate from national authorities in its own country confirming the goods and proposed delivery plan correspond with the contract .
- The national authorities present this certificate to the UN in New York
- The UN approves the certificate and notifies BNP New York
- The irself authorities are informed of what has happened.
- · At a time of their choosing, the track authorities send an application to open a letter of credit in respect of the transaction to BNP New York
- BNP informs the UN that the application has been received and asks if it can

• The UN gives approval. The letter is issued and confirmed by BNP New York in favour. of the exporting company's bank, clearing the way for the company to ship the goods

technical inspection and cer- will be handed to UN inspectification body head- tors, probably on the Jorda-

While there are three per- Exporters will not be paid missible points of entry, observers expect most goods to enter Iraq via point into Iraq.

tracted Lloyd's Register, a At the Iraqi border, goods which goods are acceptable aside in the account. These check that goods arrive at hours to inspect the cargo to the stipulated destinations unblock that it complies with the cargo to the the transport that it complies with the cargo to the transport the cargo to the transport that it complies with the cargo to the transport that it complies with the cargo to the transport that it complies with the cargo to the transport that it complies with the cargo to the transport that it complies with the cargo to the transport that it complies with the cargo to the carg quartered in London, to nian side. They will have 24 phone directory. check that goods arrive at hours to inspect the cargo to Resolution 986 stipulates

inspected at their entry

until the goods are

- the distribution plan - is the size of a weighty tele-

that, of the \$2bn, \$700m must go to war reparations while \$1.3bn is available for food and medicine. About 80 per cent of this will be for oint into Iraq. food, mainly wheat, sugar, The document detailing salt, lentils and tea. INTERNATIONAL NEWS DIGEST

# homes fuse

An Israeli planning committee yesterday approved plans to build a Jewish neighbourhood in an Arab section of East Jerusalem, a decision which could set Israells and Palestinians on a collision course.

The plan to build 132 homes for Jews in the heart of Ras el-Amud, where 11,000 Palestinians live, still requires ministers' approval.

Palestinians and Israeli peace activists yesterday warned that implementing the plan could lead to a

widespread protest. In a public hearing this week, Ir Shalem, an Israeli organisation acting on behalf of Arab-Palestinian rights in Jerusalem, said the plan was illegal.

Mr Daniel Seidemann, legal adviser of Ir Shalem, said the movement would take the case to the supreme court if approved. He said Mr Benjamin Netanyahu, the Israeli prime minister, would "not be able to absolve himself of responsibility" if the plan was pushed through. A spokesman for Mr Netanyahu said the plan was at a very preliminary stage.

Aut Machlis, Jerusalem

#### Rawlings heads for re-election

President Jerry Rawlings, who has dominated national life in Ghana for almost two decades, was within sight of a historic election victory yesterday as the first incumbent to be re-elected since independence in 1957. Only a late surge by Mr John Kufuor of the opposition's Great Alliance could force the race into a second round.

With results in from 139 of the 200 constituencies in Saturday's presidential and parliamentary elections, Mr Rawlings enjoyed a comfortable lead with 54 per cent of votes. Mr Kufuor had 43.7 per cent, according to the results from the National Election Commission. The third contender, Mr Edward Mahama of the People's National Convention, trailed with 2.3 per cent of votes.

Since independence from Britain, all Ghana's elected governments have been toppled before serving out their terms. In results so far in the parliamentary ballot, the president's National Democratic Congress party had 88 seats in the 200-seat assembly. The combined opposition had 51 seats.

The election commission put turnout at about 80 per cent in the elections praised by foreign poll observers as among the best organised in a region where logistics problems have marred voting in recent elections, often

### Nigerians ring up big bills

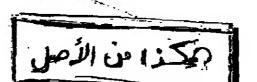
State-run Nigerian Telecommunications (Nitel) was owed N19bn (\$238m) at the end of September - mostly by private customers, it admitted yesterday. Mr Buba Bajoga, Nitel managing director, was quoted by the News Agency of Nigeria saying: "We are poised to recover the money from our debtors because this revenue is needed to improve on the performance of the organisation." Nigeria's telecommunications are notorious for unreliable

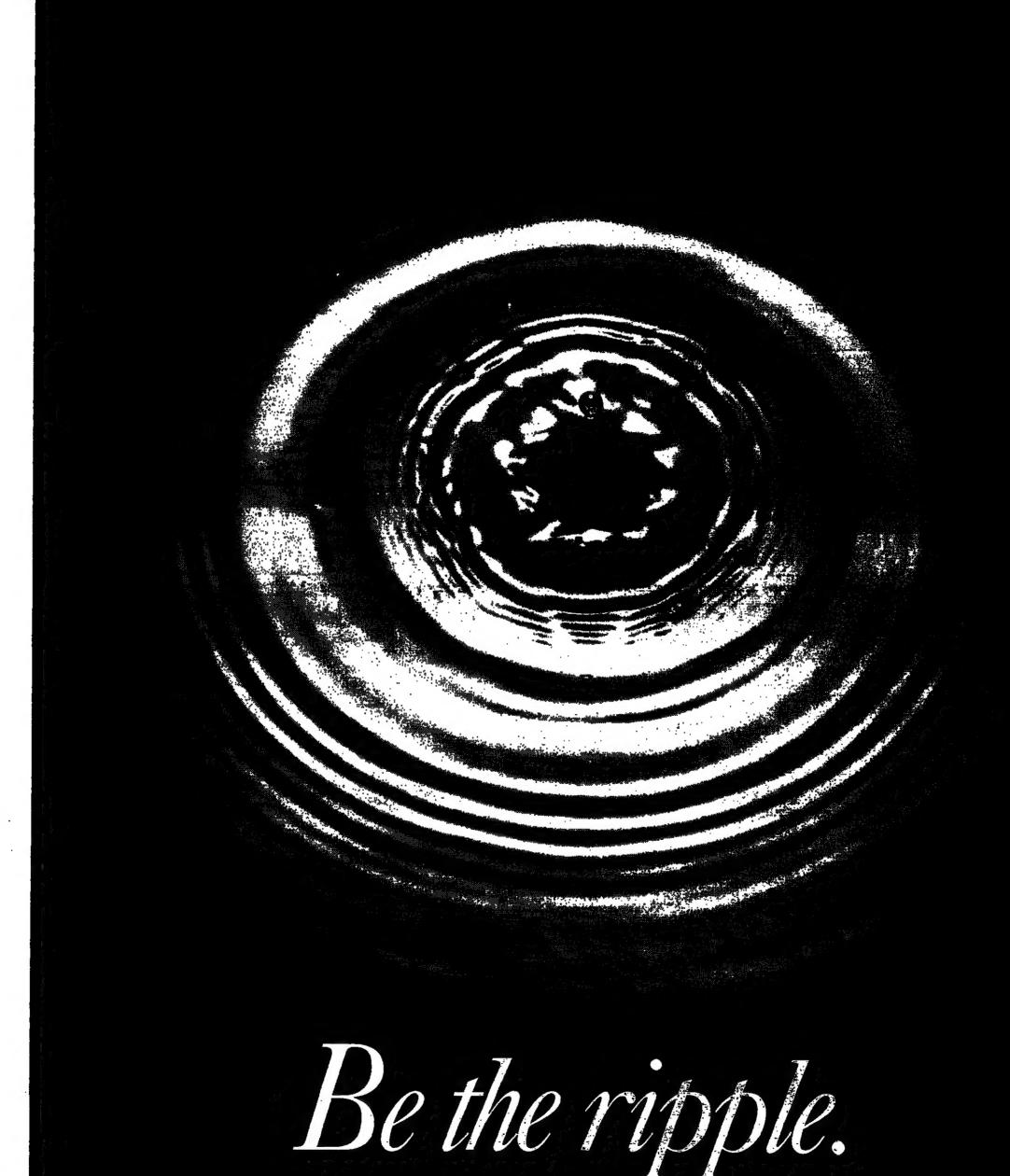
Customers often go through a slow and chaotic process to settle their phone bills, while touts tap into lines

incurring large debts for their owners. But the sector is gradually opening up to private enterprise. Nitel has signed inter-connectivity agreements with five companies and given them provisional licences. although they have yet to start operations. - Reuter, Lagos



Probably the best beer in the world.





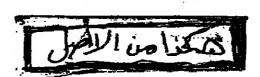
Yesterday Tenneco created more than a few ripples. We're transforming ourselves into a global manufacturing company.

Our December 10 shareowner vote was the culmination of our strategy to create a powerful new Tenneco with two strong businesses — automotive parts and packaging.

Tenneco Automotive is the world's largest supplier of original and replacement parts for ride control and exhaust systems — driven by leading global brands Monroe and Walker.

Tenneco Packaging — with recognized brands like Hefty an OneZip — is one of the world's leading diversified packaging companic focused on value added products in growing markets.

We've special units after building up their strength and value for shareowners. We've paid down \$5.5 billion in debt. We've built a health balance sheet and become a stronger, less cyclical company.



# Ir be the stone.

And this is just the beginning.

Our plan is to grow share-owner value and increase annual earnings r share at double digit rares through the business cycle. How? Through emal growth, impovative products acquisitions and continued improvement operating performance.

We manage for assures and see her by one credo: Action creates opportunities.



Action creates opportunities.

### Tung to be named HK chief today

By John Ridding in Hong Kong

Hong Kong will today pass a milestone in its return to Chinese sovereignty with the selection of the territory's first post-colonial governor, widely expected to be Mr Tung Chee-hwa, the ship-

Mr Tung, who won a clear majority in a preliminary ballot last month, is set to be chosen by a secret ballot among the 400-members of a Beijing-backed electoral college for the top post after next July's handover. He will soon travel to Beijing with the territory's top civil servant to meet senior Chinese leaders, according to Chinese officials.
The meetings, which are

planned within the next few weeks, are designed to demonstrate co-operation between Mr Tung and Mrs Anson Chan, the respected chief secretary. A close relationship between the two is considered important for a successful transfer of sover-

eignty from Britain to China. Mr Tung has so far remained guarded about the composition of his executive team. But he has strongly signalled that he would seek to retain Mrs Chan in her present post. He has also indicated he would retain other senior civil servants to assist a smooth transition.

Government officials privately refer to the combination of Mr Tung and Mrs Chan as the "dream team". Mrs Chan is seen as a vigorpromised autonomy and an able administrator, while Mr. Tung is well-connected on the mainland and among the territory's business commu-

However, Mrs Chan and Mr Tung are at odds over Beijing's plan to replace the existing elected legislature. forcefully condemned the proposed provisional legislature, while Mr Tung has endorsed Beijing's plan, arguing that there can be no legislative vacuum following failure by Britain and China to agree on electoral



Tung: secret ballot

span the handover. The issue has become one

of the most serious obstacles to a smooth transition, with the prospect of two parallel legislatures raising concerns about disputes and confusion over the coming

Mr Chris Patten, the governor, has pledged to co-operate with the chief executive designate ahead of the handover, but has rejected any assistance over the provisional legislature. Following today's session

of the selection committee, which will nominate the chief executive, as the postcolonial governor will be known, a Beijing-appointed body will meet in southern China to discuss the formation of the provisional legislature. The composition of the new body, which is expected to be dominated by pro-Beijing politicians and ous defender of Hong Kong's business figures, will be announced on December 21.

In addition to the provi-sional legislature, the chief executive designate will be faced with a series of other sensitive issues. These anti-subversion legislation. which will determine the scope of freedom of expres-The chief secretary has sion after the handover and which has prompted a row between Beijing and the Hong Kong government.

The government has sought to pre-empt tough legislation by introducing its own bill to the Legislative

NOTICE OF DISTRIBUTION

MONTREAL TRUST COMPANY OF CANADA

The Debentures were originally issued under the Trust Indenture as 11-1/8% Senior Debentures due August 15, 1992, 10-1/2% Senior Debentures due February 27, 1998, Floating Rate Senior Debentures due October 27, 1995, 10,20% Senior Debentures due June 30, 1998, 10,45% Senior Debentures due June 30, 1999, 10,45% Senior Debentures due November 30, 1999, Pursuant to the Terith Supplemental Indenture dated March 22, 1993 the Debentures were redesignated as Series 1, Series 2, Series 3, Series 4, Series 5 and Series 6 1998 Convertible Debentures respectively.

The interes has average for distribution Can \$77,567,665 in this aggregate. The total principal amount outstanding on the Debentures is Cdn \$144,820,047 (after conversion of Series 1 and Series 3 to Canadian deliars as described below). Accordingly, the amount of the distribution represents approximately Cdn \$0.124 per Cdn \$1 of principal amount in the case of Series 2, 4, 5 and 6 Debentures and U.S. \$0.124 per U.S. \$1 of principal amount in the case of Series 1 and Series 3

Pursuant to the Trust indenture, proceeds upon sale or realization of the Security are to be applied in payment of amounts owing on the Debentures rateably and proportionately in the priority of principal first, then premium, if any, and then interest. Accordingly, all payments made as part of this second distribution are on account of principal as at March 22, 1894.

For purposes of this distribution, U.S. deliers have been converted to Canadian deliers on December 6, 1996 using the exchange rate of United States 01.00 = Canadian

The Trustee will pay to Series 1 Debentureholders the sum of U.S. \$ 0.124 for each U.S. \$? ipel amount of the Series 1 Debentures held by them (the "Series 1 Payment").

Debenture(s) must present his/her Series 1 Debenture(s) to the Trustee or Paying Agent at the offices specified below during business hours on or after December 27, 1996. A Debentureholder wishing to receive payment in 1996 must present all necessary materials to the Trustee or Paying Agent on or

Montreal Trust Company of Canada

8th Floor

M5J 2N1

PAYING AGENT

The Royal Bank of Canada (Europe) Limited

London EC4V 4DE

Payments on account of Series 2, 4, 5 and 6 Debentures will be made in the amount of Cdr \$0,124 per Cdn \$1 principal amount of the Debentures. Payments on account of Series 3 Debentures will be made in the amount of U.S. \$0.124 per U.S. \$1 principal amount of the Debentures

Series 2-6 Debentureholders wishing to receive the Series 2-6 Payment in respect of his/her

MONTREAL TRUST COMPANY OF CANADA

Series 2-6 Debenture(s) must present his/her Series 2-6 Debenture(s) at the office of the Trustee Ested

above during business hours on or after December 27, 1996. A Debentureholder wishing to receive

payment in 1996 must present all necessary materials to the Trustee on or before December 20, 1996

mber 20, 1996 and the Trustee will make all reasonable efforts to le

in the case of Series 1 Debentures held by Cedel Bank or Euroclear, Series 1 Debentu should contact Cedel Bank or Euroclear, as the case may be, in order to make arrange

Series 1 1998 Convertible Debantures ("Series 1 Debentures")

Series 2-6 1998 Convertible Debentures ("Series 2-6 Debentures")

DATED at Toronto, Canada this 6th day of December, 1996.

The Trustee has available for distribution Cdn \$17,957,685 in the aggregate. The total principal

NOTICE is hereby given that Montreal Trust Company of Canada (hereinafter referred to as the "Trustee") will be making a second distribution to Debentureholders of proceeds resilted upor enforcement of its floating charge (the "Security") under the trust indenture dated as of August 15,

BRAMALEA INC. (the "Debentureholders" and the "Debentures" respectively)

TO: ALL HOLDERS OF SERIES 1-6 1998 CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES ISSUED BY

# EU scheme for boat people in disarray

Hanoi and Brussels in dispute over control of disbursement

By Jeremy Grant in Hanoi

A European Commission scheme to help the last of the Vietnamese boat people start new lives on their return home is in disarray six months after it began. Disagreement between

Hanoi and Brussels over financial control of the programme has delayed disbursement of aid to former asylum seekers, receiving only a fraction due to them so far, aid workers, Commission representatives and Vietnamese officials say.

The development comes at an awkward time for all parties to the problem, which is economic projects for 48,000 drawing to a close as increasing numbers of Vietnamese return home, mostly

Britain has pledged to empty the camps before China resumes sovereignty over the colony on July 1 next year. This is increasing pressure on the Commission and Vietnam to ensure the boat people are re-integrated into the communities they

The Commission has made

abandoned years ago.

much of its role in this process since it first funded a re-integration scheme in 1989. Under a similar \$20m three-year initiative launched in June known as the Returnee Assistance Programme (RAP), the Commission is to fund social and returnees who have arrived since July 1994, including some yet to return from

Many should be eligible for loans to set up small husinesses, subsidies for training and education medical care and funding towards children's schooling. Loan terms have yet to be decided. But of 3,000 returnees targeted for other categories of aid in the first six months of RAP, only about

10 have received assistance.

"We're concerned that if we continue like this, the project might not meet its objectives. We have a moral commitment to the returnees, and to the taxpayer and European Parliament. The Commission and the Vietnamese have to improve the effectiveness of this project," Mr Riccardo Ravenna,

The Commission is understood to have two main concerns: recruitment of skilled local staff and financial accountability. Both are linked to which side has real control of RAP. Sources say differences over this issue have delayed delivery of assistance to returnees. "The reality is, returnees are coming back and getting almost nothing," said one.

signed in March with the Commission, Vietnam's labour ministry agreed to give preference to recruiting Vietnamese with experience on the previous Brusselsfunded programme, known as ECIP, for positions in be responsible for disbursing aid to returnees in the prov-

Under RAP's agreement



inces. But the sources claim

the ministry has passed over former ECIP staff in favour of its own personnel, many with no relevant experience. Matters are complicated by the absence of a Commisnamese insistence on appointing a Vietnamese financial controller, in the interests of getting RAP off the ground.

Mr Nguyen Trong Dam. vice-director of the Haiphons labour department, acknowledged delays were occurring in Halphong, home to about a quarter of all returnees. We don't know exactly why the programme is delayed but feel it's because of the procedures and policies of the Commission," he said.

Local labour offices were reluctant to hire ECIP staff because co-operation between ECIP stuff and local authorities had been poor, he added. "We are now making sure the local labour department recruits new

# Peters joins Bolger in New Zealand coalition

The nationalist New Zealand First (NZF) party last night agreed to form a coalition with the conservative National party, giving New Zealand a government nearly two months after its first general election under proportional representation

As part of the coalition ent the new government is widen the Reserve Bank's inflation target to a range of 0-3 per cent from 0-2 per cent at present, but New Zealand's economic policies - which have won the

The National party - whose leader, Mr Jim Bolger will continue as prime minister - has agreed to defer tax cuts for 12 months from next July, and the new government (US\$845m) increase in spending on health, education and social welfare in the next fiscal

last night by financial markets, where the New Zealand dollar rose, and banks started announcing small cuts in mortgage rates.

The coalition deal was welcomed

acclaim - will continue largely NZF - which held the balance of power with 13 per cent of the vote in the October election and has been courted by both leading parties - had opted to back a coalition with the Labour

> Mr Winston Peters, NZF leader and a former National party minister till he broke away to form his own party, said the new government was pledged to continue running budget surpluses, which would reach 17 per cent of gross domestic product by the year 2000.

He is to be treasurer and deputy Markets had been concerned that prime minister in the new fiscal policy would be relaxed if government, while Mr Bill Birch political stability.

finance minister. But this awkward-looking combination - Mr Bolger last night indication of the intensely difficult negotiation that preceded last

night's announcement. During the election Mr Peters campaigned on the theme that the National party was unfit to govern. was unnt to govern.
Mr Peters, who makes much of his Maori origins, said he knew his

decision would sadden many of his supporters, but said it was essential to ensure economic growth, social responsibility and

controversial move to limit the amount Maori people would receive in financial settlements for unjust land settlements dating back to last century. Ms Helen Clark. Labour leader

To secure the coalition, National

was bitter about NZF's rejection of her party's coalition proposal and She said she would move a vote of confidence in the new

Mr Don Brash, Reserve Bank governor, said the wider inflation target was consistent with the

### India's jet order highlights a decade of defence neglect

ndia's \$1.7bn order for 40 Russian Sukhoi-30 fighter aircraft, its biggest arms purchase in 10 years, will do no more than contribute to a long-delayed modernisation of the country's air force and will leave its strategic capacity little changed, according to defence analysts.

The deal breaks a decadelong squeeze in defence spending, which has shrunk military expenditure to 2.6

product from 3.6 per cent in

Though welcomed by Indian air force commanders, the Sukhoi contract has served to highlight growing expressions of concern from senior military officials over what they claim to be a strategically damaging neglect of defence since the 1980s.

Shankar Roychowdhury, army chief of staff, launched a scathing attack on "a decade of inadequate defence lanning and finances", telling a Delhi defence seminar that "the symptoms are becoming difficult to treat".

Only last week General

His remarks echoed those of Admiral Vijay Singh Shekawat, the retiring chief of navy staff, who in September argued that the navy's failure to purchase any new ships in 10 years had hurt India's defence prepared-

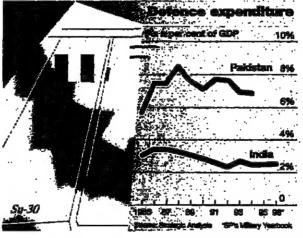
"It takes 100 years to build a navy," he said. "You can- replace its two ageing airnot sit tight for 10 years and then rush about for procure-

The purchase of the 40 advanced SU-30 jets is a "reequipping", says Mr Jasjit Singh, director of the Delhihased Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses. But it will not fill the gaps which have emerged, he says. Russia and South Africa
The Su-30s have been a new 155mm howitzer.

bought to perform an air defence role, supplementing two squadrons of French Mirage 2000 jets bought in the 1980s. The new Russian fighters are expected to be over the next several years equipped as multi-role combat aircraft and can be equipped for deep-strike missions, with a maximum unrefuelled combat range of would appear incompatible 3,000km and weapons pay-

air strike capability will continue to rest on much older Russian MiG 27 and British Jaguar jets for perhaps the that defence spending this next 10 years. The backbone year will have to rise per-of India's air defences will haps Rs15bn (\$420m) above remain the still older MiG budget. But this extra spend-21, which most of the air ing, though it may include a force's 37 squadrons consist small advance component of

which all 40 fighters are tary salaries and higher fuel expected to be in service costs rather than any subwithin three or four years, stantial re-equipping.



will not complete the air force's own wish-list. This includes an advanced trainer jet, for which negotiations with potential French, British and Russian suppliers have been going on for 10

Elsewhere, the navy has cited the urgent need to craft, they say, will not be craft carriers with at least one new ship, while also pointing out that almost a third of the fleet faces decommissioning by early next century. The army has also been conducting long and so far fruitless negotia-tions with a range of suppliers from Slovakia, Britain, Russia and South Africa for

The full re-equipment list is longer and, say analysis, unaffordable even if India's defence budget rises - which it is not expected to do to about \$10bn a year, from the present \$7.75bn budgeted for 1996-97.

More substantial spending with the government's aim to bring down its chronically But, according to Mr high fiscal deficit from its Singh, the burden of India's present level of more than 5 per cent of GDP.

The United Front government has already conceded the SU-30 cost, is expected to The Su-30 order, under reflect a delayed rise in mili-

Defence analysts point out that to sustain its conventional defences. India has little option but to import increasingly expensive foreign weapons systems. Current indigenous programmes

to build its own battle tank and a home-made fighter airadequate. But, says Mr Bramha Chellia, a defence expert with the Centre for Policy Research, a Delhi think-tank, "India does not have the resources today, and will not have in five years down the road, to sustain a full conventional defence modernisation." The awkward policy issue

for India's defence planners - and potential source of grave misgiving among its neighbours, not to mention the US - is that the apparently prohibitive cost of upgrading its conventional defences merely adds to the allure of a cheaper missilebased and, perhaps, an overtly nuclear defence

India currently holds a policy of nuclear ambiguity. It tested a "nuclear device" in 1974 and, while disclaiming any present intent to develop a deliverable nuclear weapon, neverthe-less claims to have the wherewithall. It has already successfully tested both short- and long-range nuclear-capable missiles.

"The nuclear and missile deterrent is becoming much more attractive to policy makers," suggests Mr Chel

Mark Nicholson

### ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

### **US** warships 'may use HK'

US warships will still be allowed to use Hong Kong harbour after control of the British colony reverts to China next summer, Gen Chi Haotian, Chinese defence minister, has assured Washington, Gen John Shalikashvili, chief US military commander. yesterday described the Chinese gesture as one of a series of

'confidence-building measures" between the two nations A Pentagon spokesman said Gen Chi had stressed: What China wants in Hong Kong is stability and prosperity... following the terms of the China-UK Declaration on Hong Kong," In that context, it had agreed "in principle" to allow the US fleet to continue to use Hong Kong harbour.

The US general also said US officials had made clear it was "counter-productive" to the stability of the Middle East for China to have sold Iran sea-launched cruise Chinese made patrol boat recently. The visit by Gen Chi has included a White House meeting with President Bill Clinton, in which Mr Clinton did not raise any bilateral problems, officials said. Jurek Martin, Washington

### Gowda calls growth talks

Mr H.D. Deve Gowda, India's prime minister, plans to convene an emergency meeting of top industrialists and economists this month to discuss reasons for the country's economic slowdown, he said yesterday. The announcement came as figures showed September's industrial output had almost stagnated, with growth of just 0.7 per cent on the same month last year.

The Centre for Monitoring the Indian Economy, an independent research agency, said growth had slowed from 9.4 per cent in first quarter starting in April to 6 per cent in the second. "Very preliminary" estimates for October put monthly growth slightly up at 1.5 per cent over a year earlier. India's GDP last year grew 6.6 per cent, the second successive year of rises above 6 per cent. Officials say a robust harvest and good monsoon ought to keep growth above 6 per cent this year in spite of the industrial slowdown. Mark Nicholson, New Delhi

### Japanese machinery spending

Japanese companies increased spending on machinery, an advance indicator of overall corporate investment, by 44.2 per cent to a record Y1,365bn (\$12bn) from September to October, official data released yesterday showed. The Economic Planning Agency pointed out that the recovery, from a 10.2 per cent decline a month earlier, was partly due to one-off factors, but the underlying upwards trend was strong. The EPA expects orders to rise 19.8 per cent in the three months to December against the third quarter. A separate finance ministry survey of business

confidence in November showed 8.8 per cent of top managers thought economic conditions were improving, a modest improvement on 6.5 per cent in August, but below initial forecasts of a confidence rating of just over 10 per William Dawkins, Tokyo

### Manila ponders lending limits

The governor of the Philippine central bank yesterday said he was considering policy guidelines setting limits to the level of banks' lending to the property sector. Some analysts have expressed concern about the sustainability of Manila's property boom and about banks' increased exposure to the sector. Last month, the central bank published a study on implications for monetary policy of bank exposure to the property sector. It found prices in three of Manila's business districts had risen by between 150 and 230 per cent since 1994. Justin Marozzi, Mamila

# Victoria to sell state's gas industry

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

government, which pioneered the sale of publicly held electricity assets in Australia, yesterday confirmed that it plans to go ahead with the privatisation of the state's gas

Ministers said they were considering how the sale should be structured, but expected to decide on big gas users by mid-1998. Three been state-based monopolies in Ausrestructured their electricity busimost elements of the process early

"The government is giving consideration to the option of restructuring

nett, state premier.

privatisation would go hand in hand Victoria could raise around A\$2bn this sale process will continue, with with deregulation of the sector. (US\$1.5bn) from the gas industry pri-According to a tentative timetable, suppliers would start competing for Energy utilities have traditionally years later, by mid-2001, there tralia, owned by the respective state

Victoria's conservative state nesses, and disaggregation of the from the asset sales, although they retail sector into between two and did say they expected interest from raised over A\$10bn from the sale of five retail entities," said Mr Jeff Ken- existing players in the Australian all the electricity distribution busienergy market and from overseas. nesses and some of the generating As with the electricity industry, Some estimates have suggested that assets. It confirmed yesterday that

> vatisation. Neither Mr Kennett nor Mr Alan it began to privatise electricity last tion plan.

Gascor [the state-owned utility] into Stockdale, state treasurer, put any year - not least in an effort to pay two or three gas distribution busi-

remaining generating and hydro assets also going under the hammer.

So far, while other states have nesses, putting them on a "corporashould be full competition for small governments. Victoria was the first tised" footing, no one has followed business and retail customers. state to discard this structure when Victoria's comprehensive privatisa-

# New cattle cull expected to be approved

replied he had already "made that

Labour victory in the general elec-

tion. Mr Major said: "What also

undermines our national interest

socialist governments in Europe

perfectly clear".

Conservative tensions over Europe look set to be reignited tomorrow when ministers are expected to approve the slaughter of up to lash from rightwing Conservative 125,000 more cattle in a new attempt to secure a lifting of the refuse to respond to the additional EU ban on British beef exports.

The cull has widespread backing in the cabinet even though Mr his weekend criticism of Euroscep-Douglas Hogg, agriculture ministic Conservative backbenchers who ter, admits it may not be enough to have been putting pressure on him persuade the EU to lift the nine- to abandon his "wait-and-see"

time for the government, in the nomic and monetary union.

middle of a two-day debate on the European Union and preparations for a single currency.

Mr John Major, the prime minister, is keenly aware of the potential for a further anti-European back-MPs if other EU member states

Mr Major yesterday reiterated approach to whether sterling The decision comes at a sensitive should participate in European eco-

Tony Blair, leader of the opposition there to be a Labour government." Labour party, asked Mr Major Meanwhile, ministers acknowlwhether he stood by his comments that "Conservative divisions were

ing pressure from farmers and 1m cattle aged over 30 months. self-evidently . . . damaging some Conservative backbenchers Britain's interest". Mr Major to honour the deal made at the EU summit in Florence last June, and nress shead with a selective But Mr Major appeared to slaughter of older cattle deemed acknowledge that many European most at risk from bovine spongicountries were now anticipating a form encephalopathy.

Mr Hogg believes the new cull should proceed as a sign of good faith with Brussels and to show and our negotiating position in increasingly angry farmers in Europe is the fact that many of the areas such as Scotland and North- to track cattle movements, another ern Ireland that he is doing his

Abattoirs have now cleared a backlog of cattle awaiting slaughedged that they are under mount- ter under the separate cull of over

A decision on whether to proceed with the cull will be taken tomorrow. Mr Kenneth Clarke, the chief finance minister, remains concerned at the cost of the scheme now thought to be between £150m and £200m (\$246m to 328m) - if it does not guarantee a lifting of any part of the ban.

Meanwhile Mr Hogg yesterday announced a new computer system

#### UK NEWS DIGEST

### ICL in deal with Microsoft

ICL, the UK-based computer company owned by Fujitsu of Japan, is planning to strengthen its ties with Microsoft, the world's biggest software group, through a substantial commitment to the US company's flagship operating software. Windows NT.

Mr Keith Todd, ICL chief executive, will fly to Microsoft's headquarters in the US state of Washington later this month to finalise details with Mr Steve Ballmer, head of sales and marketing at Microsoft. Centrepiece of the partnership will be an NT centre of excellence in the UK northern city of Manchester where ICL's big computers are designed and manufactured. ICL is spending about £1m (\$1.64m) to retrain some 200 software engineers in NT

The engineers are currently specialists in ICL's flagship operating software, VME, now coming to the end of its life. Dr Paul Davies, who is responsible for managing ICL's relationship with Microsoft, emphasises that ICL is

not abandoning its VME customers. The company's new range of big machines, called Millennium, will run not only VME and NT but also Unix, operating software which at one time seemed likely to become the industry standard. ICL's endorsement of NT suggests that the UK company accepts that NT will eventually prevail as the operating system of choice for big

#### BARINGS

#### Bank chief gets formal reprimand

Financial regulators have retreated from an effort to ban Ms Mary Walz, a former senior manager of Barings, the collapsed merchant bank, from working in the City for up to three years, and have instead given her a formal reprimand. The agreement between the Securities and Futures Authority and Ms Walz follows a judgment by an SFA tri-bunal that Mr Ron Baker, Ms Walz's former senior manager at Barings, should not be banned for his role in the

Ms Walz, formerly the head of equity derivatives trading at Barings, has agreed with the SFA to accept a reprimand and pay a contribution to costs. Both Ms Walz and the SFA yesterday declined to comment on the outcome of the case. Ms Walz, who last week lost an industrial tribunal claim to be paid a £500,000 (\$820,000) bonus that she was promised shortly before Barings' collapse in 1995, is one of nine former Barings managers who have faced SFA disciplinary hearings. The SFA decision raises a doubt over whether it will carry on with its action against Mr lan Hopkins, the former head of treasury and risk at Barings, whose case was due to be heard by an SFA tribunal

#### ■ FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

#### Peacekeeping costs exceed plans

British peacekeeping forces in former Yugoslavia have cost 20 per cent more over the past year than anticipated, the National Audit Office, the public spending watchdog, says today. But criticism of the overshoot was tempered by recognition of the logistical difficulties facing the UK contingent and the other participants in Ifor, the Nato-led

In its report to parliament, the audit office also referred to breakdowns in control over cash and stores, with periods of up to 17 months without on-site checks. Stocktakes revealed discrepancies of £3.3m (\$5.4m) of ammunition stored in theatre for which there was no supporting documentation, and about £4m of ammunition for which there audit office calculated that the UK's contribution to the previous UN-led force, Upprofor, between 1993 and 1995 totalled £388m. The UN has reimbursed £117m of the sum. but a further \$60m remains outstanding. John Komoiner

### ■ ASYLUM SEEKERS

hum-seekers, according to a report published today by Amnesty international, the London-based human rights charity. The report says this practice not only violates international human rights standards but mostly "serves little, if any, purpose".

Amnesty accepts as "not unreasonable" the government's argument that detention may be useful as a way of ensuring that people whose asylum pleas are rejected do actually leave the country. But it suggests that in order to chieve this, detention should only be used at or near the end of the asylum process, "when the incentive to abscond is much increased". Instead, it finds that 80 per cent of available detention places are "occupied by indi-

viduals who have been continuously detained since the time of application". Meanwhile, out of 72,000 rejected asylum seekers who exhausted all rights of appeal and became liable to removal from the UK between January 1992 and September 1996, only 10,888 actually left the

dred people have been imprisoned for using false travel documents to transit through the country on the way to seek asylum in Canada or the US. The great majority of these, on realising they would not be able to reach North America, then applied for asylum in the UK and "a substantial proportion" were re-detained after completing their sentence while the Home Office examined their asy-

### CONSTRUCTION

### House orders reach two-year high

to take account of seasonal variations. Andrew Taylor

### Bridge could help unite a divided city

been a divided city; many people still mistakenly believe that north and south of the River Thames are two completely different worlds. The approach of the millennium and the availability of the Millennium Lottery Fund for capital projects has suddenly prompted a crop of new bridge ideas at the heart of the capital to link the north bank to the rapidly developing south.

In July this year the Financial Times - in association with a municipal authority on the south side of the river and the Corporation of London, the municipal authority for the City launched a design competition for a pedestrian bridge to link St Paul's cathedral to the new Tate Gallery of Modern Art and the Globe Theatre, a reconstruction of Shakespeare's original on the south bank.

The winner was hid to the Millennium Com-announced yesterday – a UK mission which can vote team comprising Sir Norman Foster and Partners, the architects, Ove Arup and Partners, the engineers, and the sculptor Sir Anthony Caro. There were 223 entries from around the world and the competition was organer koyal msuu British Architects and Euro- distinguished team behind it

pean Union rules. design is for a cable-supported bridge that needs only two slender piers in the

Social Affairs Correspondent

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Total charitable income has risen

by 20 per cent over the past five

years to nearly £12bn (\$19bn)

fuelled by rapid growth in govern-

ment contracts for services ranging from care for the elderly to special

education programmes, new fig-

the voluntary sector's economy.

contracts soared by 56 per cent

The first comprehensive guide to

230m of the Thames. By day all that will be seen is a line of stainless steel with mini-mal cables; at night it will be literally a controlled

beam of light. At each end of the bridge the sculptor's input will be felt in the ramps and steps he has designed which make it easy for the disabled to reach the bridge. On the south side, the circular ramp is a clear echo of the dome of at Paul's. The Millennium Bridge

will be the first new Tunner crossing since Tower Bridge was completed in 1894. While Paris has the Pont des Arts and Vession the Ancademia Bridge, this will be the capital's first and only bridge dedicated to pedestrians. It will offer the most spectacular views of London - especially of the whole of St Paul's from the middle of the river.

It is now the subject of a funds for up to 50 per cent of the anticipated final cost of £10m (\$16.4m). The rest of the money is likely to come from private sources and municipal authorities. The bridge will be the most significant reminder of the milis likely to be completed in The elegant winning good time for any festivities to mark the year 2000.

ard yesterday made its first sig-

long-running dispute with some big medical charities, Mark Suc-



Charities see income rise by 20% in five years

Yesterday's grants, worth 28.6m

(\$14.10), were distributed among

#### price for return to terrorism By John Murray Brown in Dublin and John Kampiner Sir Patrick acknowledged that the violence which followed the RUC's climbdown

N Ireland pays

Northern Ireland paid the price for the resumption of terrorism yesterday as the government announced big cuts in training, education and welfare to fund the increased cost of law and order following the breakdown of the Irish Republican Army ceasefire.

Announcing projected budget cuts for the first time since 1990-91, Sir Patrick Mayhew, Northern Ireland secretary, said the peace dividend had "alas been reversed", with an extra £120m (\$196.8m) allocated to cover policing and compensation payments for the period 1997-2000.

"The IRA and those responsible for the disturbances which occurred last responsibility," Sir Patrick

He said Northern Ireland tributing to the government's policy of controlling public expenditure", pointing out that per capita public spending was still 30 per cent higher than on the UK

The Royal Ulster Constabern irenangs

This growth has been unevenly

distributed, with the largest chari-

ties enjoying unprecedented

increases in their incomes, while

many smaller groups suffered mod-

market are grant-giving founda-

tions, leading to a 63 per cent rise

However, several of the biggest

up from 15 per cent five years local and central government, the

beneficiaries of the strong stock stification of income sources."

in grants, most of which went to employs over 400,000 paid workers

last July, when it allowed Protestants to march past Roman Catholic homes in the village of Drumcree, had led to sharp cost overruns. Ms Marjorie Mowlam, the opposition Labour party's Northern Ireland spokesman, criticised the measures as "a budget for the short

Unionist - pro-British -MPs at the House of Commons, who now hold the balance of power following the recent loss of the Conservative majority, have told ministers they will oppose any moves to give Roman Catholics effective veto rights over

Nationalists in Dublin and Belfast fear London has all but given up efforts to secure a second IRA ceasesummer bear a heavy fire. They suspect that under pressure from some Conservative MPs, as well as Unionist parties, ministers "cannot be exempt from con- are looking at Northern Ireland as a purely security problem.

However, the industry budget is to be increased by 4 per cent. Sir Patrick said with unemployment falling to record low levels, the government was focusing on job police force, is to receive an cut in real terms by 1.6 per additional £77m, and an cent in 1997-98 to £8.20m, folexica \$42m will top up the lowed by cuts in the followcompensation insurance ing two years of 1.6 per cent fund for damage from bombs in 1998-99 and 0.7 per cent in

so called contract culture, has not

led to the sector becoming richer,

but to increasing its activity as it is

expected to take on more and more

"Consequently it is still depen-

The report also calculates that

dent on individual donations and

there is a continued need for diver-

the sector has not assets of £3.5bn.

and contributes £3.7bn - equivalent

tions, Regent's Wharf, & All Saints

service provision," he said.

### Amnesty criticises detentions

The UK spends about 220m (\$32.8m) a year detaining asy-

The study also reveals that since late 1994 several hun-

Private sector house building orders rose steeply in the three months to the end of October, reaching the highest level for two years, according to government figures. Total construction orders were unchanged compared with the previous three months but 2 per cent higher than in corresponding period last year. Orders for homes were 27 per cent and 21 per cent higher respectively over the same periods. The figures, in constant 1990 prices, are adjusted

#### small and mid-size organisations. tion now matched by investment of all voluntary sector income. published today by the National By contrast, support from busi-According to Mr Les Hems, head to 0.6 per cent of GDP- to the Council for Voluntary Organisaearnings. of research at the NCVO and one of national economy every Helped by the long bull market ness declined by 25 per cent over the same period and - ignoring tions, shows that many of the UK's the guide's authors, the picture is year. in equities, earnings on the sector's 120,000 active charities now depend more on fees than donations as gifts in kind - currently accounts 225bn in long-term investments broadly encouraging but points to The UK Voluntary Sector Statistical Almanac 1996, NCVO Publicaoverall income from government for 4 per cent to the total. and £10bn in short-term funds genthe need for continued diversifica-

#### By James Blitz, Political Correspondent

ures show.

Mr Michael Reseltine, the deputy prime minister, last night claimed there was a to the Labour party and the poses". He claimed that the press" inside the British civil government was "consider-

in words that are certain

Deputy premier hits at 'network of leakers' committee that Labour party sympathisers inside the civil service had been leaking "serious, damaging docunetwork of leakers working ments for political pur-

be submitted in due course. with the one word answer Mr Jim Cousins, a Labour "Sure". MP on the committee, said ing charges" against them.

The National Lottery Charities year complained about the lack of Board yesterday made its first sig-any suitable category for lottery

nificant grants to medical and applications to promote medical

Combined with a 20 per cent rise source of money for the sector, rep-

in government grants over the resenting 36 per cent of overall

same period, that means the state income, only half of that comes

now provides more than a quarter from individual giving - a propor-

public remain the biggest single total charitable income last year,

While donations from the general erated approximately 20 per cent of tion.

research organisations, ending a research and treatments.

mon writes. Health charities last 66 medical charities.

main opposition party, Mr services committee, Mr work of leakers in the civil daily newspaper. The deputy politicised has been one of Reseltine told a Commons Reseltine refused to spell out service working for the prime minister's office said considerable unbarrassment precise allegations. But he Labour party and the press, promised to give evidence of and you will give evidence to tion of any Labour sympaththe allegations to the com- back up that assertion." mittee in a paper which will Mr Heseltine answered involvement in a leak to the emerged that he had been

to the deputy prime minister's comments came just finance minister.

Daily Mirror on the eve of forced to abandon a plan the official Budget speech of under which civil servants The deputy prime minis- Mr Xenneth Clarke, the chief would recruit the heads of

last night there was no ques- to Mr Heseltine in recent iser being accused of Earlier this month, it

public bodies as Conserva-

### Giving evidence to the ter. "You have alleged and two weeks after details of The debate over whether tive "cheerleaders" at the to be severely tested by the Rouse of Commons public averred that there is a net- the Budget were leaked to a the civil service has been must election. Bass bid prompts wider examination of the brewery industry

A competition inquiry is likely to focus particularly on the relationship between beer makers and the pubs tied to buying from them

The launch this week of the 35th up to competition since the previous and determined hattle against it from The Bass deal will come under close larger share of off-licence sales. age of output sold through the pubs government intervention into MMC inquiry in 1889. Second, that a the start," commented a second scrutiny from the MMC over the next. Two of the main issues Bass will suggests Bass might be required to British brewing in the past 30 years confirmed the fears of many. brewers that regulators cannot keep

their hands off the industry. Yet brewers and their customers, such as big pub chains and supermar-kets, had lobbled for the Monopolies and Mergers Commission, the competition authority, to investigate Bass's 2200m (\$325m) bid for Carlsberg-Teiley. They were worried that Bass could use its market share, expanded to 36 per cent by the takeover, to their

precedent had been set last year when observer of the discussions. Newcastle's takeover of Courage, inquiry into S&N's bid for Courage

cent market share. Pair Trading, the body advising Mr Ian undertakings with S&N instead. Lang, the trade and industry secreimprove competition.

But "the OFT couldn't see an easy way of making the deal more benign", Bass used two main arguments to said one person familiar with the try to convince competition regulators. Moreover, the OFT of dealing with the OFT is poor and breed of independent pub companies cent of its brewing output. that an inquiry was unnecessary. seemed uninterested in seeking under-First, that the beer market had opened takings. "The OFT fought a very long it."

such as Enterprise luns.

Supermarkets have gral

creating a brewer with about 30 per last year but Mr Michael Heseltine, Mr Lang's predecessor at the trade depart-Bass made its case to the Office of ment, had asked the OFT to negotiate

This time, the OFT got the inquiry it tary, on competition issues. It also sought. Lang is keen to show he is offering the OFT undertakings to more likely than Hezza to follow the advice of his officials," said a watcher of competition policy.

three and a half months. It is likely to approval was given for Scottish & The OFT had sought an MMC take a broad look at the UK brewing industry, particularly the relationship between brewers and the pubs tied into buying beer from them.

competition has increased dramatically at the retail level about 23 per cent of Bass's output. since the last MMC inquiry into tried to head off an MMC inquiry by different from Heseltine. He is much the industry in 1989. Legislation triggered by the inquiry forced national pubs from their estate.

Supermarkets have grabbed a much of pubs to market share and percent-

have to address with the MMC are the shed 2,000 pubs. large share its takeover of Carisberg-Tetley will give it of certain types of beers in some regional markets, and the volume of beer it would sell through its estate of 2,770 managed and 1,440 tenanted pubs, which sell

Observers consider the most likely resolution of these competition concerns is for the government to order brewers to shed tens of thousands of Bass to sell a large proportion of its more adept in the next stage of negoti-According to one person familiar Many were bought by regional brew trim its estate to 1,900 managed and lyst said, it will have to decide with the negotiations: "Bass's history ers such as Greene King or a new 700 tenanted pubs, selling about 10 per whether or not to conclude the Carls-Many were bought by regional brew- trim its estate to 1,900 managed and lyst said, it will have to decide

Employing a rough ratio of number

Such an amputation would not nec-

essarily undermine the financial logic of Bass's takeover. It is a sellers' market for pubs at the moment so Bass would get a good price. Moreover, it would be likely to retain about 70 per cent of the beer sales through them. But such an outcome would severely

diminish the financial attractions of the takeover for Bass. Unless Bass is pubs. The government forced S&N to ations with the government, one anaberg-Tetley takenver.

Roderick Oram

German TV news

Net users – who

running order

and in what order.

sound and video clips.

in full sound and video.

low transmission rates.

news programme via the Internet

transmission of sound and pictures

of a surprisingly high-quality at

The development is unusual, as

most Net-related innovations are

being made in the US rather than

in Europe. Ulrich Deppendorf,

ARD's head of news and current

affairs, says: "I was surprised that

the Americans did not get there

before us. In the past 20 years all

the technical innovations [in computing and networking] came from

America. They are technically

Users of the German service need

a 28.8kbps (thousand bits per sec-

link and a reasonably solid inter-

net connection, such as those

online services. They also require a

much more advanced than we are.

### Watching brief



#### Net finds its voice

To most telecoms companies, Internet telephony is a gimmick to be dismissed or a threat to be quashed. Not to Telecom Finland: the long-distance operator will this week begin offering voice communication over the network. It is linking with VocalTec, an Israeli developer of sound compression and transmission software, to allow PC users to pushe

Conversations over the Internet are still crackly and complicated to set up, but Internet telephony allows long-distance communications for the cost of local calls and is expected to displace traffic which now travels over the established telephone network. Telecom Finland's move, which will cannibelise existing revenues, marks the first recognition by a mainstream telecoms company of the seriousness of competition from the Internet.

VocalTec, tel US 201 758 9400; fax 201 768 8898; http://

#### Check out bank site

Retail banking over the Internet will become a reality when Microsoft and CheckFree unveil a new product called BankStreet Web. The two companies are already active in providing tools for online banking, but until now the software has been designed for private dial-up networks set up by banks. BankStreet Web will allow consumers to use the

Internet and standard Internet software such as Netscape Navigator rather than installing special software outo their PCs and dialling in to a dedicated telephone number. BankStreet Web will also enable users to access elements of Microsoft's Money 97 personal finance application through their

Internet browsers. Banks, as well as cutting costs, will be able to tailor the design and functions of their online offerings. CheckFree, tel US 614 825 3000; fax 614 825 3279; http:// www.checkfree.com/

#### Monitoring takes off

Long talked about, satellite technology is finally being introduced to improve the efficiency of air traffic control. EDS, the computer services company, has won a 450m contract to modernise the Prestwick centre which monitors transatiantic flights. The new system, which is due to enter service in the year 2000, will take data from an aircraft's on-board flight navigation equipment and bom off satellites in geostationary orbit to update Prestwick

By automatically relaying an aircraft's location and planned flight path, rather than rely on voice communications or ground radar, the project is designed to improve control of movements. EDS, tel UK (0)1252 632161

Watching Brief is compiled by Nicholas Denton: e-mail nick.denton@FT.com; fax 0171 873 4343

goes further. It scored a world first PC that runs Windows or a Power Macintosh computer, a web browser such as Netscape or Microby transmitting its entire evening soft's Internet Explorer, and the At the heart of the project is VDOLive software, which can be VDOLive, sound and video softdownloaded at the site (or directly ware that was developed in Israel at http://www.vdo.net/download) for military use, which allows the free of charge.

Occasionally the picture lags behind the sound, but the quality on the whole is adequate enough for a newscast - which usually consists of the presenter's introduction followed by a short news

The FTs review of Information Technology appears on the first Wednesday of each month

The idea for using the Internet to transmit the programme - rather than merely providing some extra information - was the brainchild of Robert Amlung, a computerliterate television reporter at ARD.

With the help of a some part-time students, virtually no budget and no interference from the editorial board, he acquired a relatively modest set of hardware, chose an ISP and started what turned into one of the few genuinely useful information services on the Net - at least for German speakers - available on http:// unow.tagesschau.de.

The two main programmes transmitted are Tagesschau, Germany's most-watched news programme. which is broadcast from Hamburg at 8pm every day, as well as Tagesthemen, a current affairs programme, running usually at 10.30pm. At the moment, the Internet version of the evening news arrives after a delay of about 45 minutes, aithough this varies from day to day.

During the August CeBit com-

Today, there are about 7,000 to 10,000 users watching the Internet news every night. Judging by the e-mail messages, a large number of users are from the US. There are also some German residents who do not make it home for the som news programme, but who prefer the concise quality of public broadcasting compared to what the private sector offers.

At present, the service can be transmitted to only 50 people simultaneously, a rate which can be increased to 200 without much difficulty if the need arises. For watchable results, the throughput needs to be 1,500 to 1,700 bytes per second, which is roughly the scope of a 14.4kbps modem, although a 28.8kbps modem is recommended.

The bottleneck is not the computer or the modem," says Amlung "but the service provider. We have problems especially with some of the smaller providers."

A fully-digitalised TV news service has potentially far-reaching editorial implications. For example, the Internet service gives viewers the choice to make selective decisions, such as deciding to cut out the lead story on on Zairean refugees and go straight to football and the weather.

Viewers can also choose their own running order, a decision which in traditional television is the exclusive prerogative of journalists and editors.

Internet television brings up a variety of potential problems, such as data protection, since there is little anonymity on the Net.

But the most important aspect. says Deppendorf, is that "for the first time, people can watch us anywhere in the world," whereas previously the scope of a transmission was limited by the reach of a transmitter or the footprint of a satel-

The next big project for ARD's Internet service will come in September next year, when Amiung and his team plan to broadcast the Hamburg state elections, complete with exit polls, current projections and all the usual numbercrunching that comes with elections. By then, they hope, the Internet will have become just another normal way to watch the news - or rather, parts of it.

This is the second in a monthly series on how different industries are using the Internet. The first when they browse through the article, on investment analysis. pages, this translates into roughly appeared on November 20.



**Information** Technology

ond) modem or an ISDN digital offered by the leading Internet and

### BUSINESS SOFTWARE

Sitting data for policyals mining

Internet team experimented with

live transmissions. But Amlung

says live transmissions are not the

main goal, since few people would

chose to watch a programme live on the Net, when they could watch

One of the main target markets

are. German speakers who live

overseas, especially in the US

where the internet is the only live

link with home, and certainly the

only way to watch German news.

This is how it works: every

night, Amlung and his team of

part-time helpers tape the show on

to the hard disk of a computer. Using video software, the pro-gramme is broken down into

chunks, which are fed into the Web

When the service was launched in the summer, the Web site col-

lapsed under the weight of 300,000

hits, the number of times a Web

site is accessed. Given that most

users access a site several times

it live on TV.

### Rich seam for neural systems

"thinking" computer system using neural computing techniques which mimic the workings of the brain has been developed to find mineral deposits.

The software tool, Prospect Explorer, can analyse a wide range of raw exploration data and utomatically detect and prioritise anomalies which could indicate new deposits

It has been developed by Neural Technologies, a small nine-year-old UK-based company, working with Straits Resources, a quoted Australian mining

According to Alfred Weiss, executive director of the American Institute of Mining, the software tool will bring about "the biggest revolution in the mining industry for 25 years". Prospect Explorer is being marketed by Neural Mining Solutions, a joint venture between the UK

and Australian companie The excitement reflects the scale of the problem

confronting mining companies and geologists Gavin Daneel, exploration manager of Straits Resources, says the 3,000 mining companies around the world collectively invest more than \$2bm (£1.2bn) a year on exploration.

Until recent times explorers have often been able to make discoveries of new mineral deposits by direct means, but undiscovered outeron deposits are now rare. Now geologists must rely on more indirect sampling methods such as ground air and space-borne geophysics and other remote sensing methods.

However, as collection tools became more sophisticated, the volu data generated from surveys has exploded. Even for expert geologists. sifting masses of exploration data to identify mining prospects is tedious, time-consuming and costly.

The initial step in securing a new site is to "peg" an area of land for which mining companies pay a charge to the government. Geologists nive a fixed time to decide whether it should be developed or returned. Time and accuracy are of

the essence," says Daneel. "Geologists need to move quickly to collect and analyse data from a range of different surveys before they can identify drilling targets. With the industry's increasing dependence on remote sensing methods, the amount of data being renerated is reaching

The process of analysing data from a 300sq mile plot can easily tie up a team of geologists for six months and cost more than \$100,000. Typically, the team will pore over at least six sets of surface survey data covering airborne geophysics, topography, gravity, ground geophysics and geochemistry information. These sets of

astronomicai proportions.

data are plotted and Even conventional computers are unable to

display simultaneously all the data for interpretation and so-called expert systems rely heavily on subjective opinion.

"A different approach was needed to solve these complex problems," says Nick Ryman-Tubb, chief executive of Neural Technologies.

Prospect Explorer runs on an ordinary personal computer and can quickly highlight areas of potential interest. The geologists use interrogation techniques and search-facilities to look deeper for detailed information to analyse. Using Prospect Explorer is up to 50 times faster than manual methods for

analysing survey date, says Ryman-Tubb. "Straits Resources is one of the first mining companies in the world to adopt neural computing technology in an effort to improve efficiency and reduce costs," says Brian

Rear, Straits' chief

**Paul Taylor** 

### A nine day journey through Jordan with Gerald Cadogan 9-17 May 1997

The Financial Times, together with Bales Tours, invites you on a special journey through Jordan with FT writer and archaeologist, Gerald Cadogan. The trip will explore the historical aspects of the country, together with its modern identity as an independent Arab state.

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#### Families and Network problems their PCs

Personal computers are altering how families interact with each other, with far-reaching and often posi-tive results. This is among the main findings of a survey of 1,000 PC-owning US households, conducted by Roper Starch Worldwide for Lexmark International, the US printer manufacturer.

Nearly three-quarters of parents agreed that using a PC had helped their children become more creative, and 48 per cent said their children would not have done so well at school if they did not own a PC. Some 42 per cent of parents also reported that their children now watched less television.

Keeping in touch with family and friends was one of the most frequently mentioned uses for home PCs. Some 63 per cent of respondents with Internet connections agreed they were better able to stay in contact. Lexmark Report on Com-

IT in action

puting and the American Family. Contact: John Shotwell tel US 606 232 7652

### Systems need support.

Corporate computer networks run an increasing number of "mission critical" applications, but a survey by SecurIT, Securicor's computer services company, has highlighted several problem areas. Initial findings from the annual study of UK companies reveal that nearly 10 per cent of the 800 respondents experienced serious network problems once a week. A further 19 per cent suffered similar problems at

least once a month, The problems are occuring in spite of nearly two-thirds of the organisations which took part having dedicated network support staff.

Contact: Bob Garrett at SecurIT, tel UK (0)181 770

#### Strategies for the Net

Business people are constantly warned that if they do not use the Internet their company will go out of business. That may be a possibility, but for only a few compamies, says a new guide to business on the Net

Rather than rushing to create a presence on the Net, companies should draw up a suitable strategy, it says. That might mean establishing a big Web site, or just using e-mail more effectively. The guide is intended as background for subscribers to a new monthly newsletter, Net Profit, which aims to tell UK businesses how to make the most of the Net.

Contact: Janet Robson, tel UK (0)181 355 8636, fax (0)181

Column compiled by Andrew Baxter. Comment or information can be faxed to UK (0)171 873 3196 or e-mailed to infotech.page@FT.com.

FINANCIAL TIMES WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 11 1996

Television/Christopher Dunkley Warhol said that we would

# The do-it-yourself revolution

all be famous for 15 minutes? But he, of course, the dear old-fashioned thing, was speaking before the invention of the Internet or digital television, and when cable and satellite were scarcely gleams in their inventors' eyes. If the expansion of the electronic mass media continues at its present rate then the day cannot be far away when each of us will have to be famous for a lot longer than that just in order to fill the available space/ BBC2, the first providing onetime. Already in terrestrial teleminute inserts for the network vision (even though the trashy wastelands of the new technologies are making terrestrial broadcasting look increasingly like the couture end of the business) more and more "ordinary" people are featuring in "personal

point of view" programme One of the reasons for this is another television advance, not in the transmission but in the production process. The days of the seven-strong film crew have gone, and footage of broadcast quality is now routinely shot on video cameras with built-in sound systems, operated by one person. For two years the cable station Channel One has been training "VJs", video journalists,

one-man hands, many of them seem on the whole to be even does not care what the viewing power of this sort of television, doubt about King's personality. female, who tote the cam- tougher on their subjects than public think. The point is that era/sound system around with the conventional sort. That is them, set it running on a tripod, not to say that conventional and nip round the front to do the methods can only produce panepresentation and interviewing. Even more significant, perhaps, is the development of Video recently in The Trial Of Kevin Nation and Video Diaries on Maxwell on BBC1).

about the lives and attitudes of scores of people around the country, the second supplying full length programmes shot by nonprofessionals on modern lightweight equipment lent by the You might expect that one effect of the do-it-yourself revolation would be to produce more indulgent and flattering programmes, yet that does not seem to be happening at all; rather the reverse. Perhaps it is simply the

effect of the modern craze for the

warts-and-all portrait, as typified

by the Secret Lives series on

Channel 4 which this week de-

gyrics (though there was an unforgettable example of this

nybody who watched the recent episode of Channel 4's Women At Play series about someone called Jibby Beane will have seen how ruthless professional producers can be, and will surely have wondered whether the woman had any idea how shallow and ridiculone she would look. Since she came across as an art and fashion luvvie of the most superficial sort, tottering around on Vivienne Westwood platforms. screaming with false sounding laughter and shrieking "Darling!" at anything that moved, it may be that, for her, exposure is mythologised Douglas Bader, but all - her 30 minutes of fame is autobiographical programmes all that matters - and she simply

this was an example of conventional programme making (producer and director both female. incidentally).

'So too were the programm Modern Times and Enterprise Culture Revisited which were shown consecutively on BBC2 last Wednesday. Each dealt with a man who had surfed the crest of the Thatcher wave and now found himself washed up on the beach with the tide going out. Keith Sinclair used to make horse boxes and, by his own reckoning, was outstandingly good at it.

One of the difficulties with this sort of programme is that the viewer has no way of estimating the soundness of that kind of claim. Yet some may have concluded, after noting Sinclair's temper, resentment, and readiness to believe endless fairystories about a cheque being in the post, that this was not a man in whose business they would rush to invest. Such is the to co-operate. You were left in no

portrait.

The following programme was almost as strong even though the subject, Ken King, had chosen not to participate. Last week's programme carried on the story from a 1989 programme (in which King did co-operate) explaining how he tried to turn Avebury Manor into a Tudor theme park without ensuring that he first had all the necessary planning permission. The up-dating showed how a combination of middle class opposition and red tape had scuppered King and simultaneously dashed the hopes of the village's working class for jobs in the theme park. The emistleties and Immies in the class war - rough diamond King welcomed visits from the workers of the village as no previous lord of the manor had - were among the strongest aspects of the programme. What was most remarkable, however, was that it hardly seemed to be weakened by the refusal of its main subject

On the other hand there was

considerable doubt about the character of C.M. Hardt, the woman responsible for this week's Travels With My Camera on Channel 4 on Sunday, even though she made her own programme. She told us she came from New York, of a Spanish immigrant family, and we gathered that, as a member of the Oprah Winfrey generation, she believes not only in letting it all hang out, but in pulling out everyone else's as well. This was particularly true of the mystery surrounding her grandfather's death in El Valle, Spain, in 1948. Having sub-let her flat and bought a camera, she went to El Valle and started asking questions, establishing fairly easily that her grandfather had been shot by the police. The question was: who betrayed him?

The programme's real fascination came from the slow realisation that C.M. Hardt was a bit of a blundering ninny, and was telling us so. Her amazing 97-year-

old great grandmother just kept repeating "How should I know?" in response to all questions and went to her grave during the course of the filming without giving anything away. Other members of the grandfather's generation spoke to the camera

as people generally seem to feel obliged to do these days though without revealing anything. It fell to an uncle. who had grown increasingly impatient with the making of the programme, to point out that his generation did not want these old wounds re-opened because, if that happened, they might feel obliged to go and take revenge for that 50-year-old betraval.

Suddenly you saw how this New York sprig of a Spanish family was stomping her great 1990s boots all over a fragile and delicately preserved system of social and ethical checks and balances which had existed in that hill village for generations. You may be able to go back, but if emigration has deprived you of the code then, however much you may be tolerated and even welcomed, you will not entirely fit in. And who was telling us this? The subject herself. We can hardly expect every 15 - well, 60 - minutes of fame to be as revelatory as this, but we must expect more of it.

he latest ballet programme at the Palais Garnier might really be "Balanchine called refreshed". Its matter is four of those masterworks in which Balanchine responded to Stravinsky - an affinity, I think one must call it, without rival in our century's artistic history.

Apollo was its starting point in 1928, and in this score Balanchine, most musical of choreographers, found his creative future. The masterpieces made for New York City Ballet from 1948 onwards, culminating in the outpouring of ballets for the 1972 Stravinsky festival, are its great summation. The works that came between are varied and, quite simply, stunning to eye and heart and mind. They are also now part of the lingua franca of ballet world-wide. The trouble with such popularity, and with the inevitable reverence falt by dancers and audiences toward such creations, is that they become too sacred for their own good. Their life becomes frozen in care and concern for the text. Their impulse (and they have a motor energy that is always exhilarating) is endangered "style". Scrupulously done, they can look unlived-in.

How good then to report that in this latest proeramme, the dancers of the Paris Opera Ballet do not seem over-awed. They dance Balanchine because, clearly. they love what they dance, but they also seem intrigued by what they find. They are delighted by his wit, are eager to show us the varied facets of what they dance. In a programme ocmprising Apollo, Agon, Capriccio and Violin Concerto, casts looked alert and on spanking form. They also looked as if they were happy to show off - in the nicest sense of the word - revealing their own gifts as they revealed Balan-

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to them. Apollo started the evening. and I was worried. For inexplicable reasons, Vello Pahn - conducting throughout the right rhythmic tautness decided to show a link nal. The other muses - Clo-



Flawless: Elisabeth Platel and Charles Jude in 'Apollo'

Ballet in Paris/Clement Crisp

### Balanchine refreshed

between Stravinsky and Massenet. For the opening bars, there was not a pulse to be discerned, and anaemic sweetness and charm were abundantly on offer. Charles Jude, a superlative Apollo, triumphed nonetheless, but it was not until the Muses had entered upon their solos that the score became itself. Jude rediated authority and chine's gifts of choreography a divine innocence. Elisabeth Platel's Terpsichore appeared to him as the very spirit of classic order and grace. Her dancing was, like his, impossible to fault an rest of the evening with the early arabesque seemed to hang in the air, perfect, eter-

seemed more fascinating as they fudged their chances of

it should, like a sunburst. Agon was nearly, if not quite, taut enough (Fanny Gaida and Jose Martinez very fine in the duet), but Capriccio had a zip and a brilliance that matched the bright glow of its ruby costumes. Isabelle Guerin and Agnes Letestu were the leading women - uncompromisof their dances - and Man- score). It is a work which

their solos (never has failure interpreter of the male role (and these include Baryshuikov and Edward Villella) being Apollo's handmaid- showed how he can be witens), and the ballet ended, as tier, punchier, faster and more street-wise than the rest. Blazingly good.

he sense in which the Opera dancers found themselves in these ballets as they donned their Balanchine identitites, was no less convincing in Violin Concerto (Maxim Tholance, the soloingly and stunningly in com- ist, providing a beautiful and mand of each step and facet sophisticated account of the

tilde Vayer, Karin Averty – nel Legris, determined to touches on many of the cho-caught the implied drama of outshine every previous reographer's concerns, emotional (as in the two mysterious arias) and dynamic (in the energy and speed called for from the corps de ballet). Only in Marie-Claude Pietragalla's over-dramatic view of the first aria (where Karin von Aroldingen, the role's creator, kept her emotion and her dance on a tight rein) did "personality" defeat the dance. In all else, the ballet looked as bold and sharply itself as it should. A memorably fine programma,

In repertory at the Palais

memorably well danced.

### Theatre/Ian Shuttleworth Arabian Nights meet Star Wars

effect of power, the conflict

Ayckbourn openly acknowlwhich his family Christmas show owes to George Lucas. The Champion of Paribanou is equal parts Arabian Nights and Star Wars: Grand Viziers and flying carpets on the one hand, mysterious beings with glowing eyes and comically malfunctioning androids on the other. In fact, the robot character Salim more or less sweeps the Lucasian board: he looks like Darth Vader, but behaves somewhere between R2D2 and Chewbacca the wookie (and, for added bonus SF value, talks like a Dalek). Just about the only ingredient missing is that fights are conducted with good old fashioned swords rather than lightsabres.

However, since the story of Star Wars is faithful to the same tropes as all great tales, it should come as no surprise that in two hours

between personal feelings edges the debt and higher duties and the victory of the determined young underdog, as well as a little byplay involving gender roles and the importance of believing in oneself. Nor does Ayckbourn shy away from the more shadowy aspects of tales of yore.

> ot to give too much away, the story deals with the thwarted love Ahmed (Jonathan McGuinness), the sultan's youngest son, and his childhood aweetheart Murganah (Pauline Turner), and with Ahmed's quest to rid the land in general and his household in particular of an ancient evil now reawak-

Ayekbourn's direction at times shows a slightly awkward Disneyfication: performances seem to owe more to animation than to theatre, as with Adrian McLoughlin's bland Paribanou, a character who has little fonction other than to provide a cause in which Ahmed can be enlisted. More than counterbalancing this, however, is a sprightly staging with fine smoke-laden special effects and a lethally excessive use of the Stephen Joseph's system of stage trucks.

The script also demonstrates a sharp acuity in inserting just enough gags tailored for the grown-ups. The school parties grew restive only during a couple of lengthy speeches; Ahmed and Murganah's early kiss was greeted by only a single young "Yeuk", and such chatter as there was consisted largely of engrossed second-guessing of what might be about to happen all of which amounts to a seal of young approval.

At Stephen Joseph Theatre, Scarborough, until January we cover the corrupting habitually bustling Grand 4 (01723-370641); times vary.

### A lonely, love-hate relationship

away from tinsel and glitter you could do far worse than spend it in the curmudgeonly company of Truman Capote. I say Truman Capote; of course, the man who appears on stage in The Truman Capote Talk Show is in fact Bob Kingdom playing Truman Capote - but his impersonation is so convincing that before long you really believe that the gossipy old novelist is addressing you from beyond the grave.

Kingdom's skill is remarkable; he has a Southern drawl, the reptilian eye and the searching tongue all perfected; and from the moment he makes his entrance, one purple-sockedshiny-shoe peeping out from behind the curtain, he has reflects on the shallow the audience spellbound. Kingdom's script gives us a fascinating and contradictory picture of the writer. he the isolation of the artist

vain and self-knowing in equal measure.

But while Kingdom darts back and forth through Canote's life, from his lonely childhood through his rise to fame and his decent into depravity, he also touches on other themes. The piece is resplendent with witticisms and anecdotes -Capote gloats as he recalls throwing the biggest ball New York society had ever seen and "forgetting" to invite Dorothy Parker, and primared as he remembers the Alabama relatives "whose sole purpose in life was to let it pass them by". But it also has a more serious side. In charting

Capote's love-hate relationship with society. Kingdom nature of fame and popularity. And, in baring Capote's core loneliness, he dwells on appears pitiable and admira- and the relationship

If you want an evening ble, charming and repellent, between creativity and selfdestructivames.

This is clearly a subject

that fascinates Kingdom the show is presented in repertoire with his other hit monologue, Dylan Thomas; Return Journey. And Kingdom includes mischievous cross references between the two: Capote tells us that the hotel opposite his apartment where he once stayed, having been too drunk to get across the road, was the establishment that had also forcibly ejected Dylan Thomas for being "too interesting for his own good". If Bob Kingdom Intends to pursue his career with more solo shows about badly behaved writers, he should have no shortage of mate-

Sarah Hemming

Lyric Studio, Hammersmith, London W6 until January 11 (0181 741 2311).

# INTERNATIONAL

### AMSTERDAM

CONCERT Concertgebouw Tel: 31-20-6718845 Koninklijk Concertgebouworkest: with conductor Riccardo Challiy. violinist Jaap van Zweden, soprano Sarah Leonard and the Prague Philharmonic Choir perform works by Wagemans, Bartók and Varèse; 8.15pm; Dec 13-

EXHIBITION Joods Historisch Museum Tel: 31-20-6269945 Joden in Berlijn: this exhibition of works from the collections of the Jewish Museum and the City Museum in Berlin focuses on the Jewish community in Berlin. Among the highlights is a portrait of Walther Rathenau (1867-1922) by Edvard Munch; from Dec 13 to

■ CINCINNATI EXHIBITION

1-513-241-0343 Romance and Chivalry: History and Literature Reflected in Early

Taft Museum Tel:

19th-Century French Painting: this travelling exhibition explores the influence of post-classical history and literature on French painting in the first helf of the 19th century. Featured are 51 paintings by 26 artists, including J.A.D. Ingres, Eugène Delacroix, Paul Delaroche, Alexandre-Evariste Fragonard, Ary Scheffer, and others; from Dec 13 to Feb 9

#### ■ COPENHAGEN CONCERT

Det Kongelige Teater Tel: 45-33 89 69 69 Christmas Oratorio I-III: by J.S. Bach. Conducted by Dietfried Bernet, performed by the Royald Danish Orchestra and the Royal Danish Opera Chorus, Soloists include inger Dam-Jensen and Randi Stene; 8pm; Dec 12

### **DENVER**

EXHIBITION Denver Art Museum Tei: 1-303-640-2793 Yesterday and Today: Traditional Bronze Sculpture of Rural India: an exhibition of Indian folk art that, through the process of metalwork, reveals the inclian philosophy of life, nature, and the gods. About 70 objects are on view; from Dec 14 to Dec 1997

### DRESDEN

ENHIBITION Albertinum Tel: 49-351-4953056  Das Zeitalter Tiepplos: at the centre of this exhibition devoted to 18th century Venetian graphic art are works by Giovanni Battista Tiepolo, including his series "Scherzi di Fantasia" and "Vari Capricci. Other artists represented include Giovanni Bettista Piranesi, Luca Carvelijs Canaletto, Michiele Marieschi and Bernardo Bellotto; from Dec 14 to

### LISBON

CONCERT Grande Auditório da Fundação Gulbenkian Tel: 351-1-7935131 Orquestra Gulbenkian: with conductor Michael Zilm perform works by Berlioz and Schubert. Soloists include viola-player Jaime Laredo; 9.30pm; Dec 12, 13 (7pm)

### ■ LONDON

AUCTION Sotheby's; Parke Bernet & Co. Tel: 44-171-4938080 Works of Art from the Gutzwiller Collection: sale featuring objects from the collection of the international banker Ernst Gutzwiller (1891-1976). The works of art to be sold are among those purchased by Gutzwiller for his Hôtel Particulaire in Faubourg St. Germain during the 1940s and 50s; 2.30pm; Dec 12, 13 (10am)

#### CONCERT Barbican Hall Tel:

44-17:1-6384141 Katia and Marielle Labèque: the planists perform works by Mozart, Debussy and Ravel;

7.30pm: Dec 12 Royal Festival Hall Tel: 44-171-9604242 Maurizio Pollini: the pianist performs works by Beethoven; 7.30pm; Dec 13 Wigmore Hall Tel: 44-171-9352141

 Barbara Bonney: performance by the soprano, accompanied by pianist Malcolm Martineau. The programme includes works by Mozart and Strauss; 7.30pm; Dec 12

Royal Academy of Arts Tel: 44-171-4397438 Alberto Giacometti (1901-1966): major exhibition of works by this Swiss artist. Over 200 sculptures, paintings and drawings give a survey of his

entire career from his early

EXHIBITION

interest in cubism and abstraction, and his experiences with "kinetic" sculpture, to his creation of more figurative sculoture and his lean standing figures which began to appear in the 1940s; to Jan 1

JAZZ & BUJES Queen Elizabeth Hall Tel: 44-171-9210600 Stan Tracey 70th Birthday

Concert concert on the occasion of the 70th birthday of the British jazz pianist and composer. A solo piano to 15-piece orchestra survey of Stan Tracey's career from 1943 to 1996, featuring Bobby Wellins, Peter King, Art Theman, Gerard Presencer and many others including the new Stan Tracey Septet; 7.45pm; Dec 13

#### Barbican Theatre Tel: 44-171-6384141 Troilus and Cressida: by

THEATRE

Shakespeare. Directed by lan Judge, performed by the Royal Shakespeare Company. The cast includes Joseph Fiennes, Victoria Hamilton and Katla Caballero; 7pm; Dec 13, 14 (also 1.30pm)

#### MADRID CONCERT

Fundación Juan March Tel: 34-1-4354240 Maria Aragón and Fernando Turina: the mezzo-soprano and pianist perform works by Franco, Abril, Coria, Guastavina and others; 12noon; Dec 14

#### ■ NEW YORK CONCERT

Alice Tully Hall Tel: 1-212-875-5050 Chamber Music Society of Lincoln Center: with conductor David Shifrin perform works by J.S. Bach; 5pm; Dec 15 Avery Fisher Hall Tel: 1-212-875-5030

 New York Philharmonic: with conductor Kurt Masur and viola-player Yuri Bashmet perform works by Stravinsky, Schnittke and Mussorgsky/Gorchakov; 8pm; Dec 12, 13 (11am)

### PARIS

CONCERT Cité de la Musique Tel: 33-1 44 84 45 00 · Richard Goode: the pianist

performs works by J.S. Bach,

Chopin, Brahms and Beethoven; 8pm; Dec 14 Théâtre des Champs-Elyséer Tel: 33-1 49 52 50 50 Moscow Virtuosi: with conductor/violinist Viadimir Spivakov perform works by

Albinoni, Pärt, Shostakovich and

Tchaikovsky: 8.30pm; Dec 13

EXHIBITION Musée d'Orsay Tel: 33-1 40 49 48 14

 De l'impressionisme à l'Art Nouveau: this exhibition features a selection of works acquired by the museum in the 1990s. Ranging from Impressionism to Art Nouveau, the display includes works by such artists as Daumier, Bonnard, Carpeaux, Maillol, Burne-Jones, Whistler, van de Velde, van Gogh, Vallgren, Kupka and others; to Jan 5

### ■ TOKYO

CONCERT Suntory Hall Tel: 81-3-35849999 Japan Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra: with conductor Lukacs Ervin, cellist Tsuyoshi Tsutsumi. soprano Yukie Okura. mezzo-soprano Kazuko Nagai, tenor Ken Nishikiori and the Shin-Yu-kai Choir perform works by R. Schumann and Mendelssohn; 7pm; Dec

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paragraphs read:

remind all staff that the con-

sumption of alcoholic bever-

ages on federal government

"Please do not dispose of

On another matter. I find

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server column, whom I

bave had the pleasure of

meeting, became William

Hall once he started submit-

premises is not permitted.

empty bottles in Secret

Waste burn bags."

former editor of the

ting from Zurich.

19 West Park Drive,

Ottawa, Opt, K1B 3G6,

Caught on

copyright

From Mr Anthony Rentoul

Sir, in Edward White-

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Internet" December 9), be

that, yes, it is a breach of

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and he adds that the infrin-

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the FT's syndication depart-

in fact, the tortfeesor is

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from the Newspaper Licen-

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Anthony Rentoul,

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Agency, 17 Lyons Crescent

Tonbridge, Kent TN9 1EX, UK

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rightly tells his interlocutor

Frank Haigb,



tiators. The German chan-

summit meeting to co-

own. The stage should be

Unfortunately, there is an

air of unreality about these

diplomatic warm-ups,

because everybody knows

nothing much is likely to

happen in Dublin. There is

still far too little meeting of

minds between the main

participants over what this

summit is for and what it is meant to achieve. And the

UK government remains at

odds with most of the others

over anything to do with

Ostensibly, the main

declared purpose of the

intergovernmental confer-

ence is to make changes to

set for a big diplomatic

Ian Davidson

### **Eternal warm-up**

Differences between the main participants at the Dublin summit will delay the reform of the European Union

music of popular songs, you would often find the piano all 10 applicants for membership from eastern Europe. This must mean a was given a couple of bars of warm-up introduction to prepare the audience and radical streamlining of EU the singer. Rum-tum-tuminstitutions if a Union of 27 tum, Rum-tiddly-um-tum, states, encompassing a vast Rum-tum-tum-tum, Rumdiversity of economic and tiddly-um-tum, and so on. political development, is not It tended to be simple to be paralysed by weight of stuff which could be kept numbers and conflicts of going indefinitely. And at the start of the score, you Most of the member states believe the minimum instiwould usually find the

magic words: "Till Ready". tutional reform needed to "Till Ready": these are make a mega-Union work the words which should be would be more and easier majority voting in the Couninscribed at the top of the agenda of Friday's Eurocil of Ministers. But negotiapean summit in Dublin tions on the majority voting The Dublin summit is issue will rapidly turn into supposed to be a landmark an argument over the relasession in the intergoverntive voting weights of member states. mental conference (IGC)

negotiations for reforming The small members have the European Union. The far more voting weight in relation to their population Irish hold the presidency of than the big member states. the European Union and Mr John Bruton, the Irish Since most of the east European candidates are small, prime minister who is thus this small-country premium in charge of this phase of the negotiations, has circuwill have to be revised lated a long list of proposals before the Union is further which he hopes will concenenlarged. trate the minds of the nego-

But the technical argument over voting weights cellor and the French will lead directly to a fundapresident this week held mental debate over the their usual bilateral pre-nature of the relationship between member states and ordinate their views and cir- the Union. In short, the culate a long text of their debate over majority voting will turn, in two quick

ble for the Union to take in whether Europe needs more or less federalism. It should be both exciting and instructive; for we shall learn whether the member

states are really prepared for enlargement into eastern Europe. But we shall not learn this at the Dublin summit, because the Irish have decided to leave the majority-voting issue off the the Dutch agenda. Why? Because John Major, the UK prime minister, has made clear he will oppose any significant increase in majority voting. In fact, Mr Major's gov-

ernment opposes virtually all the reforms advocated in the intergovernmental conference by the other member states. But since majority voting is judged by the Irish government to be the most controversial and difficult issue on the agenda, it will be among the last to be

The Irish have decided to hand this explosive issue on to the Dutch who will be managing the negotiations during the first half of next year. It will thus be on the agenda for the Amsterdam summit in June which member states have set as the date for winding up the

Similarly with the other big constitutional issue, the idea of a so-called "flexibil-



the constitution of the EU All smiles: but will Major and Bruton agree in Dublin?

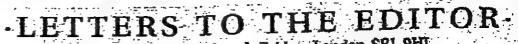
which would make it possi- strides, into a debate over ity clause". France, Germany and other members have proposed that if an inner group of countries wants to integrate more closely than the rest, they ought to be allowed to do so. But Mr Major has rejected this kind of flexibility; so this issue is also being held off the Dublin agenda, to be handed on to

> There is thus only one really solid issue on the intergovernmental conference agenda that will face the summit: the proposal that the EU should extend its scope to cover visa. immigration and asylum policy. But this, too, is totally rejected by the UK despite support from most other member states. One can see why the French for eign minister has complained that not enough is being done to push the IGC

> No doubt the Irish have their own reasons for not wanting to isolate Mr Major too spectacularly at the summit - not least the importance of the relationship between London and Dublin in bringing peace to Northern Ireland.

> But it is not clear whether postponement of the most difficult issues will improve the chances of a satisfactory conclusion to the intergovernmental conference or make it more difficult. The UK government has virtually no leeway in parliament to negotiate over the issues and reach compromises with the other mem-

> If the Dutch followed the Irish logic, the intergovernmental conference would go on hold until the end of May, after the election of a new British government. That would mean another five months of "Rum-tumtum-tum, Rum-tiddly-umtum, Rum-tum-tum-tum Rum-tiddly-um-tum" - with no guarantee that anyone in the UK will be Ready even



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#### 'One-size' monetary policy not No secret likely to fit all economies in EU drinking at Christmas From My Ruth Leo.

Sir. I read with amaze the Lex column entitled From Mr Frank Haigh. "Rushed money" (December Sir, Lucy Kellaway's item 9) in which the author in her column "The corposeemed to be grossly underrate spirit of Christmas" estimating the potential (December 9) took me back damage to the UK economy 30 years or more. I was then of, in his words, the "oneemployed by a Canadian size-fits-all" monetary policy. ment agency engaged This is mainly because one in classified projects. Each year, the chief circulated a size is highly unlikely to fit all. The size that may fit letter with the usual Christ-Continental economies is mas greetings. The last two unlikely to fit the British. As we all know, one of the "I take this opportunity to

main implications of Emu is that the UK will no longer be setting its own short-term interest rates according to its own economic requirements, instead we will have the European Central Bank setting rates for the whole of the Emu bloc. So far, so good - if we can be sure the rate

appropriate for the economies of continental Europe (though some commentators suggest that there isn't one) is highly unlikely to be appropriate for the UK. Not only does the British business cycle lead the European cycle, but also the British economy is much more sensitive to short-term rates

for the whole Emp bloc will be "reasonably" appropriate

for the individual national economies within the bloc. Alas, a single rate that is likely to be "reasonably"

than our Continental partners. And if the wrong rate is imposed then the macroeconomic stability of the British economy would, of course, be seriously threatened. If rates were too high then we would be stuck in recession; if rates were too low then we would suffer from overheating and inflation. Neither of these options is a suitable background for

Now I am aware that Lex implies that the solution to such problems is a sufficiently flexible labour man ket and that Britain may even have such a market. Far be it from me to decry the functioning of our labour markets, but this seems to be stretching belief too far, For example, our labour market flexibility could not prevent the continuing pain of recession in the first nine months of 1992 when we were still in the ERM (prior to the blessed relief of Black Wednesday"), and there is no reason to believe that it could if we were suffering recession in Emu.

Ruth Lea. head of the policy unit, Institute of Directors. 116 Pall Mall, London SW1Y 5ED, UK

### Governments hinder wealth creation

From Mr Douglas C. Prewer. Sir, I am amazed at your comment, in your editorial "In proportion" (December 10), that "the striking aspect ... is ... how little the absence of government has

mathered". I have always felt that governments do nothing but hinder, to a greater or lesser degree, the efforts of the individual to make money through trade.

I will single out just two

recent instances from so

many over the last 150 years of how government dampened wealth creation - the 48-hour working week directive from Brussels, together with the minimum

wage, The latest OECD report in November simply said: They hit job and therefore wealth creation, and should be avoided."

Margaret Thatcher recornised the intrinsic fault lines, and the resulting detrimental impact on British

business, of a centrallycontrolled European bureaucratic empire so beloved by Rdward Heath. I am heartened to see that

at least one wealthy businesaman has put his earned wealth on the line to try and secure our children's standard of living.

Douglas C. Prewer, 1C Seebird Lane. Beach Village, Discovery Bay,

### UK not threatened by cost of EU pensions

From Mr Brendan Dannelly

Sir, Toby Eckersley (Letters, December 10) fears that imprudent member states within Emu may coerce the UK into assuming their unfunded pension liabilities "by the relevant qualified majority vote".

This fear is misplaced. Article 194b of the treaty, vhich provides that "the Community shall not be liable for or assume the commitments of central governments", can only be changed y unanimous vote. It is difficult to imagine any British government's acceptance of

such a change Nor would the UK te alone in its unwillingness to abandon the "no bail-out" clause.

seamless web, going well beyond pensions. I detect no enthusiasm, for instance, in France to submidize Greek defence spending; or in Ger-many to finance the Italian health service.

Article 104b reflects, and will continue to reflect for any foreseeable future, the economic and political reality of national budgetmaking under Emu.

There is no threat whatsoever from Europe to the long and prosperous retirement that we all wish Mr Ecker-

Brendan Donnelly MRP for Sussex South & Crawley. 72 High Street Brighton BN2 1RP,

### Referendum reasonable

From Mr Roger Billis. Sir, Your editorial "Silly question" (November 29) derided Sir James Goldsmith's proposed question for a referendum on Europe. In fact, the question posed

by Sir James is similar to the remarks of Mr Jacques Santer on the "moment of truth" on Europe. The latter said: "What is the point of Europe? Is it

the political project we all [sic] joined from the word go or is it a vast free trade What could be more res

sonable than a referendum on this fundamental choice?

Roger Billis, 5 Maxwell Road. London SW6 2HT.

# Tiger on the Baltic

There was not much to distinguish Narva from Ivangorod until a border post went up. As the Soviet Union collapsed in 1991, Ivangorod became Russian and Narva Estonian. Then the adjoining towns' fortunes diverged

Smart-looking banks, colourful shops and even a tourist information centre now grace Narva's streets. ivangorod offers a primitive open-air market and a single musty office of Sberhank. the Russian savings bank. ethnic Russians, earn on average twice as much than their kin over the bridge in

"Ivangorod is a sad place, but my friends in Narva never complain any more, says Ms Elena Smirnova, an unemployed teacher, speak-ing outside her crumbling house in Ivangorod, "Their quality of life is much

The contrast illustrates the post-Soviet economic story. Estonia's sharp turn to free-market policies brought prosperity far more quickly than Russia's chaotic efforts to reform.

The northern Baltic country has been guided by the principle of purging nearly every legacy of Soviet rule. "Estonians have this great inferiority complex." says Mr Joakim Helenius, chairman of Hansa Invest, a small investment bank in the capital Tallinn. "They desper- Narva show how ately want to catch up." And catching up they are. much Estonia's

Expanding tourism, banking and trade have fuelled three years of economic growth. For now, the growth is a depend on the modest 3 per cent a year but Mr David Hale, chief economist at Zurich Kemper Investments in Chicago, who next door visited the country recently, believes the official statistics do not take adequate

Estonia has visions of becoming a mini-Hong Kong, reports Matthew Kaminski

account of Estonia's fastgrowing service sector. Some Estonians are already predicting their country will be the first post-Soviet "tiger" economy, and Mr Hale sees it as a future "mini-Hong Kong" - a small, liberal entrepot on the borders of a giant Russia

Signs of prosperity are es and a middle class are thriving in Tallinn, a busy Baltic sea port.

Estonia embraced radical economic policies from the start. Six months after the Soviet Union collapsed, the rency board and backed upby hard currency reserves, replaced the rouble. It has een fixed against the D-Mark for four years.

Import duties were abolregulations disappeared. Foreigners were permitted to buy land. A flat 26 per cent personal income tax was introduced. A bankruptcy law was quickly put in place. The long queues

of lorries at the border in 1.5m people 150m Russians

problem and investors appreciate the stoical dedication of the Estonians to work and efficiency. Foreign investment flows into Estonia are than into Russia. In eastern Europe only Hungary and the Czech Republic have

done better. A bold privatisation programme is under way.

Although local capital is carce, there is little hostility to foreign ownership of Estonian assets. Threequarters of state-owned companies have already been sold and the electricity, gas and telephone companies, as well as the port and the railway network, are expected to be sold by tender to foreign buyers next year.

The banking sector, a problem elsewhere in the region, was straightened out tor is "the most impressive in central Europe", says Nomura, the Japanese report. Estonia took a Dareight large banks got into trouble in 1992, the young ministers in government ignored them and allowed them to collapse. New private banks took their place.

"We were very cruel," recalls Mr Siim Kallas, who ran the central bank at the time. "But after that, everyone knew the state would not save them. So clients follow what's going on and bank managers know they are responsible for stability." The number of banks has fallen from 47 four years ago to 15 today. Weaker banks

ers by the central bank, which has steadily increased minimum capital requirements after early criticism that its supervision was lax.

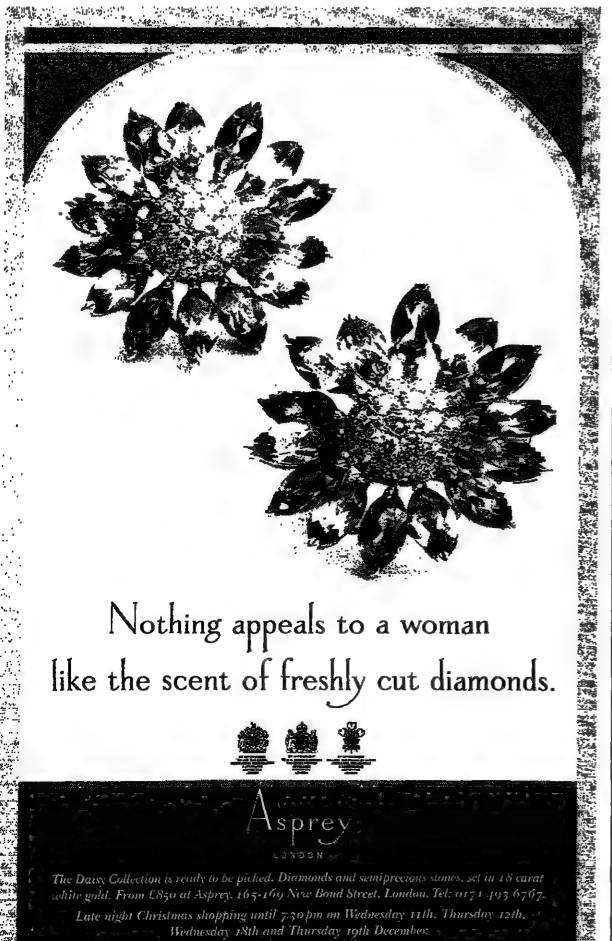
But Estonia cannot afford complacency in banking or any other sector of the economy. As negative real interest rates promote investment - particularly in real estate - economists are worried that the quality of the banks' loan portfolios will

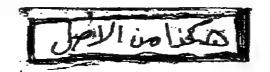
A very large trade deficit -23 per of gross domestic product last year, and growing - could put pressure on the kroon and on the free trade regime, although economists say many of the imports contributing to the deficit are of capital goods for investment projects.

Above all, Estonia's future depends on Russia. The long queues of lorries at the border in Narva to take goods in and out of Russia show how depend on the 150m Russians next door. Already a tenth of Estonian economic activity is accounted for by

transit trade. The relationship, however remains difficult. Tallinn and Moscow have been investment bank, in a recent unable to resolve a dispute over their mutual border winian approach. When amid Kremlin complaints that ethnic Russians in Estonia - a third of the population - are maltreated.

Local Russians are less strident. Still, the noises concern. With Nato looking unlikely to meet Estonia's requests for early inclusion in the alliance, the Tallinn government is pushing for European Union membership and more western investment in an effort to bolster its security, Estonia's business executives know that the country's future prosperity depends on both





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**新教员, 25**February

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### FINANCIAL TIMES WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 11 1996

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL Tel: +44 171-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: +44 171-407 5700 Wednesday December 11 1996

### China and the WTO

Ten years seems quite long hensive developing country sta enough for negotiations on China's membership of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade Mr Long is right to argue that and then the World Trade problems as profound as re-or-Organisation to have dragged on. They must not be extended forever. But the question confronting China and its partners is whether a swift conclusion on the right terms, however desirable, is also feasible.

There are three reasons for optimism. The first is the more positive attitude of the US towards its relations with China. The second is the agreement at last month's summit of the Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation forum, between US President Bill Clinton and China's President Jiang Zemin, to push ahead with negotiations,

The third and most important is the concrete steps being taken by China itself. The package of further trade liberalisation measures announced at the WTO ministerial meeting in Singapore by China's assistant minister for foreign trade, Mr Long Yongtu, is an example. This follows the country's commitment to currency convertibility on current account. Progress has also been made in bilateral necotiations on market access and at the most recent meeting of the working party on China's WTO accession.

The devil. inevitably, is in the detail. But the broad outlines of a deal are at last emerging. China, for its part, has an agreed transition to full condropped its demand for compre- formity with the WTO.

tus. It now seeks specific transition periods in sensitive areas. ganisation of its state-owned enterprises (SOEs) cannot be resolved overnight. But China needs to remember that a time phased commitment to eliminate explicit and implicit subsidies to SOEs is, as is true of all the other WTO obligations, in its own long-term interests.

should accept China as a member, provided it offers satisfac tory market access and a timetable for adopting WTO rules and obligations. Not least, the US, the chief protagonist in these negotiations, needs to abandon the outmoded ritual of annual renewal of China's mostfavoured nation status. Acceptance of China as a WTO member entails willingness to ahide by the fundamental principle of non-discrimination

In turn, members of the WTO

China's membership, albeit highly desirable, should not be permitted with anything less than a commitment to bring its policies and practices in line with those of the WTO. To accept China without that promise would store up trouble. not only with Chins, but with other applicants. Yet to wait until China had finished all its reforms would be no less unreasonable. The solution is membership now, accompanied by

### Gulf of errors

The UK government can hardly many still carry memories of be accused of not going by the book in its response to "Gulf war syndrome", a range of illnesses linked to service in the have followed the standard procedure for public health scares to the letter. Try not to apologise, try not to explain. And pendent of the military. never, never investigate today

ting until tomorrow. Yesterday, nearly six years after the conflict ended, Mr Nicholas Soames, the armed forces minister, announced plans to spend around £1.8m researching the possible disease, which only a year ago he was confident did not exist. This will be welcome news to the thousand or so UK veterans who believe they are suffering from Gulf-related illnesses. But if history is any guide, it will be

too little, too late. This is not to say that the veterans' claims for official compensation will turn out to be well-founded. Medical opinion in the US and the UK is Gulf war syndrome even exists, let alone what might have caused it. But all can agree that taken by the soldiers will turn the military made matters worse for themselves early on by dismissing the servicemen's claims rather than make a good faith effort to investigate. Media attention has helped rently sick to spend more

force matters in the US, where money and effort finding out.

servicemen being exposed to "Agent Orange" in Vietnam. A 12-member presidential panel has strongly criticised the Gulf. No, ministers and officials Pentagon's "slow and superficial" response, recommending that further investigations of the syndrome be entirely inde-

Mr Somum had an even worse what you can put off investiga- credibility problem to overcome in parliament yesterday. True, the new studies of Gulf war vet erans' illnesses may help establish whether a disease exists. But the conclusions will not be known for three years. Ministers would clearly be in a stronger position to rebut the critics if they had agreed to the studies three years ago, when the issue first hit the headlines

Likewise, Mr Soames's claims that there was "really no evidence of negligence by the Ministry of Defence" would be more uring had he not already been forced to admit to mislead ing parliament about the degree to which UK soldiers in the Gulf were exposed to possibly harmdeeply divided about whether ful doses of organophosphates. Perhaps the "cocktail effect" of these and the many medicines out to have caused some of the illnesses. Perhaps not. But after so many years dragging its feet the government owes it to the many UK veterans who are cur-

# The fight for rights

The cost of raising equity: is it too high?

UK company rights issues June 1995 - May 1996

15-20.

20-25

25-30

The traditional UK way to raise equity capital is being attacked by advocates of US methods, write John Gapper and William Lewis

n a small room on the fourth floor of BZW's headquarters by the Thames is a block of a dozen electronic screens. Most of the time, they are blank. Only a few times a year do they light up with coloured charts showing worldwide patterns of demand for a company's shares. BZW, one of the UK's largest

investment banks, would like to use its expensive technology more often. Yet there are only a few occasions when UK companies are willing to pay for a bank to auction their shares around the world - a process known as book-building. Most still out for the reliable and time-honoured method of rights issues.

Rights issues, which involve a company offering shares at a dis-count to its existing investors, are enshrined in tradition and law in the UK. The "pre-emptive rights" of investors to be offered new shares in a company first are highly valued. They safeguard investors against having the value of their shares diluted by its managers.

However, pre-emptive rights are facing a serious challenge. The methods by which rights issues are carried out have been questioned by the Office of Fair Trading, directors of big companies have started to chafe at the restrictions of the system; and big investment banks have attacked what they regard as a cartel of the traditionalist merchant hanks and brokers.

The traditional merchant banks and the large UK investment institutions are struggling to prevent pre-emptive rights being referred to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. They received a boost on Friday when the Office of Fair Trading agreed to allow them a breathing space of a few months to demonstrate that rights issues were costeffective for companies as well as their investors.

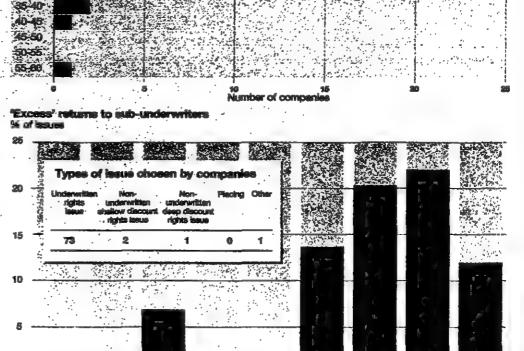
The OFT has not been examining pre-emptive rights as such, only the associated system of underwriting used in most rights issues. But if the market is referred to the MMC, most of the participants believe the whole system will be reviewed, and that could lead to a bitter struggle.

Emotions are already running high, with opponents of preemptive rights accusing investment funds of profiting excessively from their control over companies. "They make a quick killing out of rights issues. They cannot lose, so they are never held to account for investment decisions." says one finance

But institutional investors such as Mercury Asset Management believe efforts to replace the system with alternatives such as book-building are self-serving. "Let's be clear. As shareholders, we want to be charged low fees, while investment banks want higher fees," savs a leading fund manager.

Pre-emptive rights offer simple

safeguards to shareholders. When a company wants to raise fresh equity capital for an acquisition or for organic growth, it must find investors who are willing to buy new shares. The most obvione way of doing so is to sell them at a discount to the current price of its shares in the stock market. If it does this without any pre-emptive rights, it will in effect transfer wealth away from



0.8 to 1.0 Excess return (percentage point of sub-underwriting fee in excess of the risk taken)

current shareholders to those week offer period - a job known who are buying in on fresh terms. Pre-emptive rights solve the problem by giving shareholders a choice: they can take first pick of the cheap shares or sell their options for cash to other

In the traditional British rights issue, new shares tend to be offered at a 15 per cent discount to the share price on the day of the issue. The shares usually remain on sale for three weeks. Provided that the price of new shares stays below that quoted in the stock market during that time, they will be snapped up by

either existing or new investors. But if the stock market price falls below the one at which new shares are offered, they will not be worth buying and the issue will fail. To avoid that risk, companies tend to insure themselves by asking a merchant bank to underwrite the issue. For a standard fee of 2 per cent, the bank guarantees to buy the shares if

the market price falls too far. The merchant bank itself keeps half a percentage point of the fee, and pays a quarter to a broker for distributing the issue. The remaining L25 percentage points are paid to a group of 200 to 300 investment institutions who take on the underwriting risk from

as sub-underwriting.

building society flotations. They have been applied for companies

The OFT commissioned a study by Mr Paul Marsh, a professor at the London Business School. which found that the subunderwriting fee was vastly in excess of the risks that institutions took, although Mr Marsh supported the principle of rights issues. Cases of sub-underwriters having to buy up shares at a loss - such as the 1967 British Petroleum flotation - were rare. In total, sub-underwriters had made what Mr March described as an

"excess profit" of £490m between

One unusual aspect of underwriting commissions is that lack of competition does not stem from a shortage of participants. There are several hundred subunderwriters - mostly pension funds and life assurers - in the London market, but finance directors have not exerted much

1986 and 1994.

"There is no cartel in the classic sense of a smoke-filled room.

These fees have been fixed for but it has been in nobody's interthree decades, except in rare est to break ranks," Mr Marsh cases such as privatisations or says. The strongest critics of the system argue that the main realarge and small, in every indus- has benefited large shareholders. where the commissions charged trial sector. It was this fixing of A big investor not only gains by big investment banks for rais standard fees in an apparently shares at a good price, but can ing new capital range between 3 non-competitive manner that extract sub-underwriting profits. and 6 per cent. They say the level first raised alarms two years ago.

resented by the National Association of Pension Funds and the Association of British Insurers, have retreated. In the face of OFT scepticism, and the threat of an MMC referral, big investors declared they were willing to see commissions trimmed.

The first results of this attitude change came a month ago. When the merchant bank Schroders launched a £222m rights issue for the hotels group Stakis in which sub-underwriting commissions were partially tendered. By putting about a third of the subunderwriting up for auction, Schroders managed to knock such a move would probably lead some £400,000 off its bill.

pressure on their merchant Schroders' merchant banking possibility of a battle erupting

ward variation" of a rights issue, which has proved a "very effective method of providing companies with certainty and continuity in raising capital". Other similar auctions, led by Schroders and others, have followed.

This has been enough to persuade Mr John Bridgeman, the director-general of fair trading, to postpone an MMC inquiry. However, it has not damped tensions between traditionalists such as Schroders, and the large investment banks that champion alternatives to rights issues. They say the flaws of traditional rights issues go far deeper than excess sub-underwriting commissions. One corporate financier at a US

investment bank says preemptive rights are overly expensive because companies have to issue shares at an undue discount. He says that book-building is preferable because it allows a company to identify untapped sources of investment, and issue

new shares at a higher price.
"If British companies could market their shares to a broad range of investors around the world, they could find cheaper sources of capital," the financier adds. That view is backed by Mr Amir Eilon, BZW's head of capital markets. "To say the price of shares does not matter is like saying the price of cocoa does not matter to a chocolate-maker." he

BZW has attempted to square the circle by proposing to use technology it has employed in book-building exercises for companies such as Bank of Scotland. It says it would market new shares for three weeks, finding a suitable price. Rights-holders would still have first call on the shares, provided they had bid high enough.

Organisations such as the NAPF have been open-minded about the BZW initiative but investment funds are privately sceptical. "They have not told us how much it will cost yet," says one fund manager. Another estimates that companies using book-building to issue shares in the UK have been charged between 4 and 6 per cent by the banks involved.

Supporters of rights issues insist that it is more expensive to son why it has lasted is that it raise equity capital in the US, of discount in a rights issue does espite initial pro- not affect the cost of capital in tests that Mr itself - capital only becomes Marsh's sums were more expensive if a company wrong, the sub- fails to adjust its dividend to underwriters, rep- reflect the discount.

"if there are people out there who are willing to pay more for a company's shares, there is a stock market where they can do it any day of the week," says Mr Marsh. He argues that the erosion of pre-emptive rights in the US took place before the rise of powerful institutional investors which would not be likely to accept such a change these days Yet if the fight is over in the US, it is only now picking up pace in the UK. No large UK company has ever tried to gain approval from its shareholders to suspend pre-emptive rights and to open hostilities. Whatever the Mr David Challen, chairman of outcome of the OFT inquiry, the banks to strike a tough bargain. arm, says the auction was can no longer be dismissed.

### Global account

The dramatic growth in global too open to flexible interpretacapital flows over the past 15 years has turned the harmonisaity. To its credit, the International Accounting Standards Committee appears to be rising to the challenge. The decision by the Japanese to back the LASC's standards in the deregulatory package for Tokyo's Big Bang is an important endorsement for a body that is striving to put a set of core standards in place by 1998.

The Japanese have admittedly given an implicit imprimatur to the LASC since the Tokyo Stock Exchange allowed the adoption of home country standards for issuers from Singapore and Hong Kong, both of which base their domestic accounting on international standards. But the new move matters because Japan has long been regarded, along with the US, as the chief potential stumbling block to worthwhile international harmonisation. No doubt the decinational interest relating to example in the financial area is international financial centre. tlements, with its capital ade-But it would not have been possible if the IASC programme the 1990s few would have put

had lacked credibility. standards, which it feels can be a long way down the road.

tion. But since the late 1980s, the IASC has been in retreat tion of international accounting from the voluntarism that had standards into an urgent prior- condemned it to a peripheral role in standard setting. The SEC in effect acknowledged this change of direction with its 1998 decision to accept certain international standards for foreign issues in US markets. The European Union, meantime, has decided to back international standards, which removes the threat of a counter-productive euro-alternative.

The IASC still has much to prove, before it convinces the members of the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (losco) to endorse its core standards. There are continuing worries about American dominance in standard setting But the prize, in terms of improved information on cornarate activity across the world, is considerable

There are few international organisations that achieve credibility in setting global rules sion over the Big Bang was without the support of treaty taken for sound reasons of obligations. The outstanding Tokyo's competitiveness as an the Bank for International Setquacy regime. At the start of money on the IASC joining the The US Securities and ranks of such bodies. Today, Exchange Commission still has success cannot be taken wholly reservations about the IASC's for granted, but the IASC looks

### BSERVER. Left standing departure from his famously talkative predecessor - until the

### at the altar

■ December is the wedding season in India. And since indian weddings are elaborate affairs, just about everyone attends several weddings a week - Including prime minister H.D.Gowda. Amid all the caremonies and celebrations the business of government slows down to a, well, famously Indian

One casualty of the season is M.S.Gill who, it emerged yesterday, is to succeed T. Seshan as Indian's next chief election commissioner - the most powerful civil servant in the land. The snag is that prime minister Gowila - who just loves weddings - forgot to sign the cabinet papers confirming his appointment. Apparently the PM told Gill corrently a plain election commissioner, of his promotion in a quick telephone ches before reabling to extrh a flight for a wedding in Madras.

This delicate situation has left Gill, a distinguished public servant, unable to attend weddings because he is barricaded in his house by several score of media wallahs demanding confirmation of the country's most important civil service appointment. But Gill must keep quiet which alone marks a significant prime minister returns home from his happy engagement.

### Tan the man

■ These are turbulent times for Lucio Tan, the Philippines' most powerful ethnic Chinese businessman and majority owner of Philippine Airlines. The threat of swingeing cuts in PAL's modernisation programme looks like a serious setback for the airline - known by local wags as Plane Always Late which six months ago finally looked to be flying clear of

Then again, one never knows with the publicity-shy Tan, whose business empire also includes Asia Brewery - the country's second largest drinks company - and its biggestselling cigarette brand as well os Ailied Banking Corporation.

One theory is that yesterday's ents are part of a bargaining ploy designed to show the government and unions that PAL really can't afford pay rises for its staff this year. Employees last month tried to put pressure on Tan by staging wildcat strikes in the run-up to the high-profile Apec leaders' stumit in Manila But even without the

troublesome airline, Tan has his hands full. The government is pressing for higher taxes on "sin" products such as beer and tobacco which feature prominently among his business interests.

Tan is also part of a consortium of Filipino-Chinese tycoons which last week withdrew from bidding to build Manila airport - a pet project of President Fidel Ramos. Not bad for a man who says that he likes to keep a low public profile.

### Exotic drivel

■ Need Another Trip Overseas? Not an invitation for the bored business executive, merely one of the many offerings popped into Observer's suggestion box since the call went out for printable, alternative suggestions fitting any international organisation's actonym.

lot of stick but it's in good company. Under No Circumstances Take A Decision is ruled out as inadmissible for Unctad because the joke is nearly as old as Observer, but how about Fifa's Frequent International Preebles

Inevitably, Nato comes in for a

Still on a football theme, Uefa apparently specialises in Unusually Exotic Pun Abroad; an Expensive and Undemocratic EU is also targeted while everyone knows you can Only Expect Complete Drivel from the

More inspiration is clearly required before bottles of malt whisky can be despatched to authors of the best suggestions: entries ASAP to fax number 44 71 873 3926; final deadline Desember 31.

### Beached

Going bust is bad for business, especially when business depends on projecting an image of wealth and glamour. So it is little wonder the powers that be in Miami are scrambling to plug the gaping hole in the city's finances that has emerged in recent weeks.

Of course Miami is not the first US city to run into dire financial straits; New York and Cleveland are examples from the dusty annals. California's Orange County only emerged from bankruptcy earlier this year after losing its municipal shirt playing in the derivatives

Still, a state of financial emergency is an embarrassing episode for the self-proclaimed gateway to the sunshine state. How many other US tourist traps can boast a credit rating worse than Romania or El Salvador? Enough to make a banana republican weep.

### Financial Jimes

#### 100 years ago The Cuban Question

There was a full attendance in the public gallery today to hear Mr. Cullom speak to his following effect: "Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives that the extinction of the Spanish title. and the termination of Spanish control of the islands which are at the gateway of the Gulf of Mexico, are necessary to the welfare of those islands and of the people of the United States. After a rapid review of Spanish history, Mr Cullom protested that a people with such a history had no just claims to participate in the control of any territorial possession in the Western Hemisphere. "Whatever may be said regarding our duty towards a friendly power, every bumane heart. American or foreign sympathises deeply with the struggle for liberty."

### 50 years ago

Serious Position Of The Franc Paris, 10th Dec. To the France Soir, the former Prime Minister and Minister of Finance, M. Paul Reynaud. has expressed the opinion that the present position of the franc is serious. American prices have gone up by 17 per cent since the devaluation, French by 57 per cent.

### US deficit hits record \$48bn after export fall

By Gerard Baker in Washington

The US current account deficit hit a record \$48bn in the three months to September as the country suffered its first drop in exports for more than three years and payments from foreign-held assets in the US rose

The deficit was up 19.3 per cent from the previous quarter, seasonally adjusted, the Commerce Department said yesterday. Imports rose by 0.7 per cent to \$201.5bn while exports fell by 2.1 per cent to \$149.9bn, the first quarterly drop since the summer of 1993. As a result the merclumdise trade deficit also rose sharply

to \$51.6bn, up by 9.8 per cent from the previous quarter.

The deteriorating balance of payments reflects the continuing imbalance in the world economy, as US growth remains robust while most of the rest of the world is relatively weak. But the pace of decline may trouble policymakers since it could lead to downward pressure on the dollar, with possible inflationary to \$121.7bm. It was the highest implications, and domestic quarterly gap in history, sur-

US current account

the current account moved in a negative direction between the second and third quarters, with an increase in the deficit in investment income, and a decline in the surplus on ser-

rise was the third in a row and took the total deficit for the first nine months of the year passing the old record of \$13.2hn set in the fourth quarter of 1987. The deficit for the full year is expected to come close to the record annual figure of \$166.3bm in 1967.

The trade balance was hit by relatively strong demand growth at home and weak growth overseas. Though lomestic demand was decelerating from its rapid growth earlier in the year, slowing the rate of increase of imports, purchases of foreign goods continued to increase. Sluggish demand in the main foreign markets was responsible for the fall in exports.

The surplus on services was

\$17.8bm, down 3.5 per cent from the July-September period. Treasury securities, reflecting assets in the US rose from

bank, said the factor of three

was the price of the central

banks' support as lenders of

last resort to the banking

The committee also asked

banks last year for more work

on measuring "specific risk",

the risk that a particular secu-

rity might not perform in line

However, it said yesterday it

was "not yet convinced that

banks' internal models have

advanced to a point where

they can capture all elements

It will therefore require

banks to maintain capital

against specific risks equiva-

lent to at least half the amount

widely accepted than Visa and

The company will not

nearly 5m outlets world-

release country by country fig-

mes, but claims to be accepte

wide, compared with over 13m

NatWest's deal with Ameri-

can Express is not exclusive.

but no other UK banks are

expected to join American

Express in the near future.

for Visa and MasterCard.

asterCard.

cally proven manner".

specific risk in an empiri-

with the market as a whole.

to \$53bp in the third.

He also indicated that China was ready to consider faster removal of non-tariff barriers, such as quotas and import lieensing requirements. It might also consider relaxing further restrictions on foreign financial services companies and allowing foreign-owned banks to do business in China's national currency. But it was unlikely to improve soon on existing plans to reduce tariffs. Mr Long expressed confi-dence that the US - which Beljing has accused of keeping it out of the WTO - now sup-

reflected improved political relations with Beijing and US recognition that it would gain economically if China entered the WTO. "The situation has completely changed ... I think US figures want China into the WTO out of their own inter-

He said the US rethink had been prompted by pressure from US companies doing business in China and by the realisation that threats to impose unilateral trade sanctions on Beijing were increasingly ineffective. Sanctions handicapped US industry and benefited its

Mr Long's remarks are the nent by a senior Beijing

regotiations. Mr Long said his governwas prepared to negoti ate transition periods for implementing WTO commitments on a case-by-case basis and would seek them only in areas where it faced serious adiustment difficulties

WTO close to IT deal, Page 4 Editorial Comment, Page 12

political calls for a tougher stance in international trade

The current account deficit

### China to reinforce WTO bid with new

By Guy de Jonquières and

China plans to reinforce its bld to join the World Trade Organisation by proposing a new package of trade liberalisation

Mr Long, China's chief negotiator on WTO entry, emphasised that Beijing was commit-ted to accepting WTO rules and disciplines: "On this kind of thing there should be no flexibility because it is the same for all WIO members."

most positive and detailed official of prospects for his government's WTO bid since US President Bill Clinton and President Jiang Zemin of China agreed last month to seek ways to speed up the

### Bank regulators refuse to change rules on capital

By George Graham in London at least 8 per cent of their approach". Mr Jacques Longer-assets. But the regulators told stasy of J.P. Morgan, the US

Regulators have refused to alter their rules for measuring how much capital banks must keep as a cushion against market risks, despite criticism that they are too conservative.

The Basie Committee, which groups supervisors from the rately gauged market risk then central banks of the leading industrialised countries, said yesterday it had reviewed estimates of the capital required, but had decided not to change

Last year it announced it would allow banks to use their own models to calculate the level of risk in trading operations, instead of applying the standardised formula.

change in the Basic capital banks, "indicate that the inter-1988, under which banks must maintain capital equivalent to

new Amex credit card will not

be ready until next year, but

the bank will also launch an

Amex corporate charge card

in partnership with United

In the UK, NatWest hopes

the Amex brand will give it a

new marketing edge in the

credit card market, which has

Continued from Page 1

the required capital. Banks in Europe and the US argued that if the models accuthey did not need to be multiplied by anything.

banks that to use their inter-

nal models they must multiply

the value they estimate to be

at risk by three to calculate

The London Investment Banking Association called the factor of three "punitive" and warned that banks would prefer to use the old standardised formula because it would produce a lower capital charge.

The Basie Committee yesterday rebuffed that argument. It said its estimates, based on the That was the first big portfolios of several large erally produce a lower capital to set aside under the standarcharge than the standardised

Amexco and UK bank agree card deal

Advanta, have offered much

lower interest rates than the

While Barclaycard, the mar-

ket leader, has managed for

the most part to shake off this

competition, other banks have

Although American Express

has begun to persuade more

UK retailers to take its cards.

including J.Sainsbury, the

grocer, and W.H.Smith, the

seen their margins eroded.

traditional UK banks

as MBNA. People's Bank and stationer, it is still far less

#### investment income account rose sharply, as interest and dividends paid on foreign assets in the US increased. The main contributor was a sharp rise in interest paid on US greater foreign purchases of government paper. Total pay-ments from foreign owned

# trade plan

Frances Williams in Singapore

measures in February.
Mr Long Yongtu, China's assistant minister of foreign trade, said yesterday his government had dropped its demand that it should enter the WTO with comprehensive developing country status. The US has opposed the demand, which would allow Beijing longer to implement WTO com-

ported its membership. He said the changed attitude

#### become flercely competitive as new issuers from the US, such

**Europe today** 

northern France and northern Germany will have dry conditions with low cloud. Night-time temperatures on the

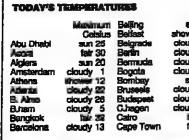
continent will be just below freezing. Western and central parts of the Iberian peninsula will have wind and rain. Low pressure will bring unsettled conditions to the

South-western Italy and Turkey will High pressure will bring calm but dull conditions to an area from Russia to central Europe.

Five-day forecast

Areas along the Mediterranean will stay unsettled. Southern France. Italy and Croatia will be wet. Western Iberia will remain wet and windy until the weekend. The British Isles will turn windy and wet over the weekend. Central and eastern Europe will stay

FT WEATHER GUIDE Southern Scandinavia will be cloudy



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### THE LEX COLUMN

### Soggy suggestion

So France's scheme for a political force to offset the power of the planned European Central Bank under monetary union has been revived. President Jacques Chirac and Mr Alain Juppé, his prime min-ister, have been pushing the idea in recent days. For Germany, which takes pride in the fact that the ECB's independence is enshrined in the Maastricht Treaty, the development most be worrying. Bond markets, which are assuming the euro will be as strong as the D-Mark, should take note too. After all, a bunch of politicians meddling in monetary policy hardly seems a recipe for low inflation

Admittedly, France's proposals are rather fuzzy. If all it wants is a G7-type talking shop, bond markets can probably live with it. But France's rhetoric seems to go beyond that: it wants heads of government to have a regular dialogue with the ECB, influence exchange rates and give their opinion. The inference is that it expects the ECB to listen to this opinion. If so, the ECB's primary objective of ensuring price stability could be diluted.

There are two risks for bond markets. One is that France will get its way, in which case it will be difficult to argue the euro will be as hard as the D-Mark. The second is that political oversight of monetary policy becomes a sticking point between France and Germany at this week's European summit in Dublin. The two countries are already arguing over how tightly budget deficits should be controlled after monetary union. Another area of difference would increase the chance that Emu will not proceed as planned in 1999.

#### Hoechst/Clariant

Hoechst has found a neat way to extract value from its vast but lackustre speciality chemical business. Not only is it injecting the business into Clariant, the Swiss speciality chemical group, but it is pumping it full of debt first. The result is Hoechst will enjoy an immediate DM3.5bn- DM4bn (\$2.25bn-\$2.5bn) cut in its own debt and end up with a 45 per cent stake of the enlarged Clariant, worth a further DM2bn. The resulting DM5.5bn-DM6bn implied valuation, equivalent to 90 per cent of sales, is not bad for a ousiness with poor margins.

For Clariant, the deal is also attractive, because of the scope to slash costs. Its target of annual

FTSE Eurotrack 200: 1920.86 (+13.56) Shere prices relative to the Dow Jones European Chemicals Index (in DM terms)

is in effect acquiring a business three times its size. Still, the debt mountain - equal to its enlarged market capitalisation - will keep executives on their toes. If Clariant can make and then keep most of the savings it is talking about, pro forms operating margins would double over five years. Add in the fact that debt is cheap and tax-efficient, and the boost to sarnings

would be even more impressive. All this reinforces Hoechst's reputation as one of Germany's leading exponents of shareholder value. It is well on the way to disciplining its sprawling empire; and further partial spin-offs seem likely. A looming question, though, will be how to exploit its own balance sheet which after the deal, will have net debt of only DM6bn or so. Share buybacks should soon be on the agenda.

Shell has kept investors on tenterhooks for so long with hints of restructuring its underperforming European refining operations that yesterday's announcement was bound to be an anti-climax. After all, the only hard proposal - to sell a refinery in Switzerland - deals with less than 4 per cent of Shell's Buropean refining capacity. And the company is not suggesting the refinery will be closed if no buyer can be found. So the big problem, oversupply in the market, remains. To be fair, the problem is not so

much a failure to grasp nettles as overblown investor expectations. And if anything, Shell's characteristically discreet optimism over the likelihood of an industry-wide savings of DM600m is certainly a restructuring in French refining

looks good news. If such a deal can be done reasonably soon, few would argue that Shell would be better off closing a French refinery unilaterally rather than waiting to share the pain. The episode does, how-ever, underline how far Shell shares have been buoyed by great hopes of future restructuring benefits. There is plenty of evidence - notably the planned alliance with Texaco in the US - to back these expectations up. But so there is at Shell's competitors, and the restructuring premium still evident in Shell's high relative rating looks difficult to justify. It is no criticism of Shell's management, but investors can find better value elsewhere.

Alup 3.6%

ger news

#### RJB Mining

For most of the past two years investors have been stunned by RJB Mining's sparkling performance But as yesterday's 23 per cent slide in the share price showed, they should have been focusing on longer-term worries: the company's need to renegotiate its juicy supply contracts with power generators which lapse in March 1998. Ironically, it was a quite different issue - sterling's recent rally - which prompted yesterday's 18 per cent downgrade in forecast 1997 earnings from housebroker BZW. But whatever the cause, it is the contract worries which are now firmly at the forefront of investors' minds.

The outlook for RJB is not good. It needs to continue generating strong cash flows which can be invested to arrest falling production. But sterling's strength depresses prices and weakens the management's hand in the renegotiation of its supply contracts. Further productivity improvements will have to be made if future contracts are to be at all profitable, let alone generate the 15 per cent operating margin the company currently enjoys. With old mines and declining ore bodies, this is a tall order. And even if RJB makes new finds, the costs of developing them will depress earnings.

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Despite all this, the shares look oversold at current levels, which put RJB on a measly forward price/ earnings multiple of around 4.5 times for 1997. Even the most grisly pessimist would have to concede that RJB has a longer life expectancy than that,

Additional Lex comment on Northern Electric, Page 21

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

November 1996



**Tramtrack Croydon Limited** 

£200m limited recourse financing for the

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The Royal Bank of Scotland pic

Leasing facilities for Trams and Track totalling £61.5m Lombard Business Finance

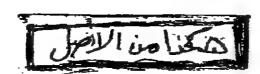
Subordinated Debt and Equity totalling £5.8m 3i Group PLC

Junior Subordinated Debt and Equity totalling £11.5m Amey PLC, Sir Robert McAlpine, Bombardier Eurorail, Centre West London Buses Limited, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

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### Hoechst up 3.6% on merger news

III LB.Plastics Limited

Tel: 01773 852311

Hoechst and Clariant shareholders were decidedly enthusiastic as they digested the consequences of the merger of the Swiss group with the German company's speciality chemicals operations. The German chemicals conglomerate's shares advanced DM2.45, or 3.6 per cent, to DM71.22, while Clariant's shares rose 12.4 per cent to SFr508. Page 16

Bank Austria propares for fight Bank Austria, the country's higgest bank, is poised to enter the battle for control of Creditanstalt, the country's most famous bank. Bank Austria's board is expected to meet today to decide on a last-minute bid for the Austrian go ernment's controlling stake in Creditanstalt which is currently worth Schl4.5bn (\$1.3bn).

Israeli telecome to be opened up The Israeli government unveiled plans to open up the domestic telecommunications network to competition in one of the biggest shake-ups in the state-run sector. The programme, due to take place by the end of 1998, will lead to the dismantling of the monopoly held by Bezeq, the state-dominated telecoms network, and offer the

consumer a wide range of services at lower prices. Page 18 CBOT set to elect next chairman The 3.661 members of the Chicago Board of Trade are being asked to elect the next chairman of the world's largest futures exchange. Mr Patrick Arbor, the current chairman, is seeking

a record third two-year term, and has been

endorsed by the exchange's nominating commit-

A +80 11.70

**第**15年第

Costain makes £52m disposale Costain plans to issue another tranche of shares in a further bid to bolster its finances following the sale for £52m (\$85.3m) of its US coal and London property interests, announced yesterday after the London Stock Exchange had closed.

#### Companies in this issue

Companies in	-	earld.
Adinant	4	H.J.Heinz
Aidbas	4	HSSC
Amec	4	Hosohst
American Express	ŧ	Hyundai
Ansaldo Trasporti	16	ICA
Audi	16	ILFS
Aut Foods	19	Interbanka
BLG	18	J. P. Morgan
BNP	7	Kanesa City-
Baesa	15	Kulkereskede
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Bank Austria	16	Mitaubiahi M
Bass	9	NatWest Bar
Bateq	18	National Mut
Biogen	19	Nestlé Caner
Stuck & Decker	19	Nigerian Tele
Boeing		Northeast Re
Bremer Vulkan	2	Northern Ba
British Aerospaça	3	Peter
CBOT	19	Pewc
CCF	25	Philippine Air

16 RJS Mining

ANK PROJECT

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8 UBS

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Chief price changes yesterday 

in 1996 - although less seriously so than in 1995. - We can look at statistics for UK pension funds, to some extent a proxy for the global strategy of London-based managers. Sticking grimly to their guns, they have continued to sell into the strength of Wall Street this year.

nity to poach business from the pin-striped brigade. Alternatively, of course, a Wall Street crash could quickly restore the pre-eminence of London and Edinburgh.

Wall Street's renewed strength this antumn has been expensive. The typical global asset allocation of a UK pension fund manager has roughly cost about 130 basis points of underperformance client risks in absolute tagainst the World Ex.UK may be poorly controlled. Index return so far this year.

With sterling

strong, global

equities have

looked unexciting

to British eyes

agement. The failure gives US-

based managers an opportu-

index exposure to the Pacific Continental European expo-sure and (slightly) to under-

weight Japan - have all added down analysis. The predomi nantly value-oriented UKbased managers seem to have done badly with stock selection in the US, too. But they have been more successful at picking stocks in Europe and Japan, so globally there may have been some bottom-up

value added in 1996. Overall, the performance will have been disappointing, but salvageable. With sterling strong, global equities anyway have looked unexciting to British eyes - the World Index in sterling has climbed only 4 per cent. It has been held back,

The big managers must however, hold inquests on the missed US opportunities. One focus will be on the shortcom ings of valuation-based decisions. Fundamentals still matter, but there is also a need to analyse the scope for liquidity-

There is also the question of whether risk controls should tion is that the UK pension fund managers tend to measure themselves against a peer group asset allocation rather than the World Index, so that client risks in absolute terms

# Philippine Airlines to halve expansion

PAL chairman blames labour department ruling on pilots' pay rise for \$2bn cuts

Philippine Airlines, the loss-making national carrier, said yesterday it was cutting its ambitious \$40n expension programme by half because of a recent labour denariment

Mr Lucio Tan, the chairman of PAL, has been locked in dispute with the pilots' union over pay and staffing levels on long-haul flights. The labour department's ruling requires the airline to give

Mr Tan, a leading Chines Filipino businessman, criticised the ruling as "unreasonable". "The labour union is

asking too much," he said. PAL's modernisation programme centres on the purfrom Boeing and Airbus Industrie and is considered an essential part of the group's strategy. If the cuts proposed by Mr serious blow to its attempts to a 15 per cent pay rise to its open profitable new routes and

year the group made a loss of more than P2hn (\$76m).

Analysis yesterday speculated on Mr Tan's motives for announcing the cut. "I think there is more to this than merely the labour issue because that alone does not justify a cut of \$2bn," said one.

Mr Fitzgerald Acian, head of research at Dharmala Securities, said Mr Tan was "probably minimising his losses. There are also rumours that there are not enough qualified pilots available to satisfy prevent Mr Tan taking major-

pilots annually over the next return to financial health. Last a much larger fleet." Six months ago, PAL appeared to be back on track after being beset by capitalisation problems caused by a

> With an ageing fleet and rising repair and maintenance costs, heavy losses prevented PAL from raising the capital to purchase new aircraft and modernise equipment.

share dispute between Mr Tan

and government minority

A supreme court ruling in June threw out a petition to

ity control and PAL was able to secure a \$200m loan, its first significant borrowing in two

Mr Tan's proposed scrapping of orders for new aircraft is the latest twist to his continuing tussle with the govern-

Last week Asia's Emerging Dragon Corporation, a company owned by the country's six richest Chinese-Filipino tycoons, including Mr Tan, announced it was dropping its plan to bid for the construction of a passenger terminal at

Manila airport. President Fidel Ramos had asked the country's leading businessmen to build the terminal under the build-operate-transfer scheme and had staked personal prestige on the project.

Mr Tan, who also owns Fortune Tobacco and Asia Brewery, is also fighting the government over implementation of the tax on "sin" products. His rivals and the government tax department accuse him of avoiding P26bn in taxes by shifting production costs to "ghost" marketing arms.

### Spanish telecoms group alters its privatisation strategy

### **Telefónica** sell-off favours small investor

By Tom Burns in Madrid

The final stage of the privatisation of Telefonics, Spain's telecoms group, next February will follow the pattern of Deutsche Telekom's issue last month by weighting the disposal towards small Analysts believe this share domestic investors. Mr Juan Villalonga, Telefonvalue is the maximum justifi-

ica's chairman, has told analysts in Madrid that retail investors will be allocated 60 per cent of the offering, against a maximum of 50 per cent in previous Spanish privatisations. Domestic and international institutions will split the remaining 40 per cent. It is thought the offer will

raise about Pta489bn (\$8.58bn). The breakdown of the cent to 21 per cent. Then, international institutions were offered 49 per cent of the ini-tial total, domestic institutions 8 per cent and 48 per cent was reserved for small investors.

The sale will be co-ordinated by Morgan Stanley of the US and Telefonica's core shareholders, Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, not intend to sell part of this BBV. Argentaria, the statecontrolled banking group, and La Caixa, the Barcelona-based savings bank. It will be backed by a Pta4bn publicity camin addition, Telefónica plans

to give away 200,000 mobile telephones over Christmas in a promotional exercise estimated to be worth a further Pta4bn. Analysts said a publicity campaign aimed to place Teleionica's shares at around their current trading value of close to Pta3,000 on Madrid's Bolsa.

able issue price for the telecome group.
Telefonica is using some of its own experience to set out its disposal strategy. In last year's offering the retail tranche was eight times oversubscribed whereas the allocation for the larger international institutions was only 1.7

times oversubscribed. The increased weighting tranches is different to the given to Telefonica's home turf structure of a Telefonica offer- also reflects the growth of ing in October last year when domestic funds seeking equity the government reduced its positions and fiscal incentives equity in the group from 38 per for stock market investors that have been introduced by the centre-right government. • Telefónica has notified Spain's stock market commis-

sion that it intends to maintain a 15 per cent stake in munications group and Telefônica's main supplier. It does equity to Indra, the statecontrolled electronics group. Under a 1994 agreement Indra was to have purchased 4 per cent of Telefonica's stake in



Amper but this sale was never Telefónica's chairman Juan Villalonga: he says retail investors will be allocated 60 per cent of the offering

### Baesa fails to satisfy investors after big losses

By Stephen Fidler, Later America Editor

Executives at Baesa, the heavily indebted Argentine bottling company which is 24 per cent owned by PepsiCo of US, moved yesterday to reassure investors that they had resolved problems that caused large losses in its Brazilian

But they failed to ease doubts about the future performance of the company, Pepsi's largest international bottler, and left analysts dissatisfied with the level of disclosure.

As company officials led by Mr Lucho Suárez, chief executive officer, held a conference call with investors and analysts, Baesa shares fell 10 per cent - to \$4.50 per depositary receipt on the New York Stock in Brazil, a move some inves-Exchange - following a 5 per cent loss on Monday.

that all the operating issues in Brazil have been addressed, although the management says they bave," said Mr Carlos Laboy of Bear Stearms in New York.

On Monday, the company reported a net loss of \$151.6m under US accounting rules for the fourth quarter ended September 30, against a net profit of \$5.4m a year earlier. This reflected, in part, one-

off charges totalling \$75.6m, including a \$40m non-cash provision for accounting irregularities at Baesa's Brazilian

priate capitalisation of certain expenses". Sales fell 18 per cent in the quarter to \$184.7m from \$164.2m.

The net loss for the year was \$452.4m compared with a 1995 profit of \$44.8m. Sales rose 1.5 per cent to \$680.2m from 3670.4m. The losses are another blow

to Pepsi's ambitions in Latin America. Its bottler in Venezuela, the one Latin American country where it had a majority market share, defected in August to Coca-Cola.

Bassa has had difficulties in Brazil since it took over the Pepsi franchise there from the beer and soft drinks company Brahma in 1994. Mr Suárez said yesterday the company had now appointed Portuguese-speaking management tors consider long overdue.

Baesa also said it had a new "The bottom line is that we pricing strategy, had shut still have very little confidence some distribution plants, cut its Brazilian staff to about 1,000 and doubled capacity utilisation at its São Paulo plant to almost 40 per cent in the quarter.

However, analysts complained that the conference call added little information about the nature of the Brazilian losses. This would have to await filings with the US Secu-rities and Exchange Commission, they said.

It also left open questions about whether Pepsi would eventually emerge as Baesa's largest investor, as was once

### **Barry Riley**

### Bears lose Greenspan's Christmas present



global equity Mr Alan Greenspan, the US Federal Reserve For comparison, the weight-

chairman, was offering them an early Christmas present. Like the London fund manegers, Greenspan thinks that US equities are becoming dangerously overvalued. Unlike them, he is actually capable of talking Wall Street down. But only briefly - this week US equities have bounced back as the "buy on the dips" instincts

of investors have resurfaced. Wall Street is high because it is the indirect beneficiary of freak flows of liquidity that have been reducing risk premiums globally. Mere words from the Fed chairman cannot change that but interest rate rises in the new year might begin to do so. .

At any rate, the short-lived hopes of London-based managers that a sudden Wall Street dive mig t rescue their year-end performance figures have been dashed. Their big gamble of heavily underweighting US equities will again cost their clients money

According to WM Company's But of the big four geograph-database, the US accounted for ical bets the pension fund 19 per cent of overseas equity managers have made in 1996, ing the cavalry with him.

Fleetingly, portfolios in January, falling only the US underweighting London-based to 16 per cent by the end of has gone wrong. The other September. Among the generally smaller and more aggressively managed funds tracked by the rival Caps performance service, the exposure is down to 10 per cent.

> ing of the US in the FT/S&P Actuaries World Ex.UK Index is now 49.3 per cent, ombously similar to the weighting Tokyo enjoyed just before its own bubble burst early in 1990. Getting the world's biggest stock market so wrong for two years has damaged the UK's lence for global equity man-

> > especially by Japan.

driven valuation shifts.

Alternatively. Alan Green to the rescue, this time bring-

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### COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE

### Elegantly built group set to trim fat

The enlarged Clariant plans heavy job cuts and big changes, says Jenny Luesby

shareholders were decidedly enthusiastic yesterday as they digested the consequences of the merger of the Swiss group with the German company's speciality chemicals

Clariant's shares rose 13.4 per cent to SFr508, while those of the German chemicals conglomerate advanced DM2.45, or 3.6 per cent, to

In an industry in which economies of scale matter, the expanded company's sheer size will prove an advantage. With sales of about DM9bn (\$5.8bn) and operating profits of something close to DM700m, it will be the world's largest speciality chemicals concern. Job losses should also help earnings, with cost-savings estimated by the two partners at SFr500m (\$376m) a

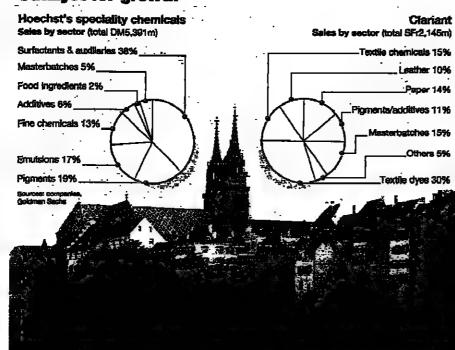
But despite the stock-market euphoria, the new group faces considerable difficulties, not least high gearing and some intense competition in its markets.

The deal, which will unfold in two stages, is elegant. Hoechst will first carve out its speciality chemicals businesses into a free-standing legal entity. It will then swap this company for a 45 per cent stake in the new, enlarged Clariant

Clariant expects that its market capitalisation will increase about SFr1.5bn from its present SFr1.8bn. On its own, such a swap would have been unbalanced, since the Hoechst business is almost twice the size of Clariant in sales terms. The German company is pumping between DM3.5bn and DM4bn of its debt into its speciality chem-

icala huniness Mr Klaus-Jurgen Schmelder, Hoechst finance director, said yesterday that the per cent. alternative would have been to take a majority stake. This would have been at

Catalyst for growth



the life sciences, he said. For Hoechst, the deal's elegance was matched by the price. Analysts reckon the enterprise value of Hoechst's businesses is between DM5.5bn and DM6bn, giving the deal a sales multiple of about one, and an earnings multiple of about 14 times last year's earnings before interest and tax (and excluding exceptionals) of

group's margin to 15 per cent, not least through synergies and cost-savings.

One problem may prove to be debt. The injection of Hoechst's debt will take Clariant's gearing to more than 100 per cent. It plans to use its strongly positive cash flow - which it refuses to divulge - to reduce this burden. However, Clariant was adamant that disposals group's pigments and fine

The German company's business remains dominated by businesses operating in fiercely competitive markets. The largest, surfactants and auxiliaries, which accounts for 38 per cent of the Hoechst business, still includes textile and leather chemicals. The German

Despite stock-market euphoria, the new group faces considerable difficulties, not least high gearing and some intense competition in its markets

between DM400m and DM450m. Such multiples are expensive given the Hoechst businesses' sub-par margins,

estimated by analysts at 6 However, Clariant is convinced it can make the merged group work. It told

would not be needed to reduce gearing. Nevertheless, margins should also be helped by fur-

ther restructuring on the completion of the merger. Clarient still operates in some of the most difficult

sectors within speciality chemicals, with nearly half gic aim of refocusing around to increase the combined of its chemicals produced for

chemical businesses are also under pressure.

The problem for European producers in these areas is that many of the manufacturing sectors that buy speciality chemicals are shifting production from Europe to

At the same time, Indian

bank ducers have identified the sell-off area as a prime area for expansion. In some speciality chemi-

New bidder

in Austrian

Bank Austria, the country's

biggest bank, is poised to

enter the battle for control

of Creditanstalt, the coun-

try's most famous bank.

Bank Austria's board is

expected to meet today to

decide on a last-minute bid

for the Austrian govern-

ment's controlling stake in

Creditanstalt which is cur-

rently worth Sch14.5bn

Mr Walter Fremuth, chair-

man of Creditanstalt's

supervisory board, said yes-

terday he had been told that

Bank Austria would enter

the bidding for the Austrian

nary shares in Creditanstalt.

Bank Austria had earlier

denied reports that it

planned to bid for its main

Bank Austria is about the

only Austrian bank not to

have shown an interest in

the long-running attempt to

privatise Creditanstalt.

Until now it has been ruled

out on account of its size -

the two banks would control

25 per cent of the Austrian

market - and because of the

A bid by Bank Austria

would create an Austrian

bank capable of competing

on the world stage. Bank

Austria has a strong retail

banking franchise in Austria, whilst Creditanstalt

has built up a successful

government's 19.9m ordi-

(\$1,3bm).

rival

coalition

Europe, as well as satisfying their own regional demand. At Hoechst, Mr Schmeider said the German business had been underperforming "severely" for the past two years. Hoechst had too many speciality chemical production facilities in Germany, some of which lacked critical

cal sectors, Indian compa-

nies are now exporting to

"There is a recognised need for severe rationalisation in this business," Mr Schmeider sald.

Mr Schweizer at Clariant said talks had already been held with German trade union representatives with a view to a consolidation of these German sites.

It would take about four years to realise the SFr500m year in cost savings, with about half of these being achieved in the first two

However, the deal would also open the deal to an array of swaps, disposals and acquisitions, he said.

"We will be creating a new company," said Mr Schweizer, "not just patching these two businesses together.

political problems involved. "Everything is up for change. We might exchange Bank Austria is regarded as a "red" bank, allied to businesses with other com-Chancellor Franz Vranitzky's Social Democratic panies and keep what suits party, while Creditanstalt is us better; we might put some seen as a "black" bank, more closely allied to the businesses into joint ventures with third parties; we People's party, the junior might divest, and strengthen other areas through acquisipartner in the government

"The point is that with our new size, much more

Overall, the deal has not removed the competitive pressures facing the two company's speciality chemi-

International business. But the cost-savings, synergies and future disposals However, Bank Austria should help the new group does not have the financial take a large step towards a strength to bid on its own, cost-effective concentration fuelling speculation that WestLB of Germany, which of such activities within has recently increased its stake in Bank Austria,

> The Austrian government has been trying for more than five years to sell what is effectively a 70 per cent stake in Creditanstalt. But privatisation has been complicated by a desire to keep the bank in Austrian control such as Credit Suisse have

would provide financial sup-

being foreign-controlled. In September Mr Viktor Klima, the Austrian minister of finance, rejected a bid arm of an Italian insurer, which included Commerzbank of Germany and Banca

been rejected on account of

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

### Chrysler to boost European output

Chrysler, the US car maker, plans to boost output of its Austrian-built Grand Cherokee sports utility vehicle to help meet its target of doubling European sales by early next decade. Output of Grand Cherokees, which are built under contract for Chrysler by Steyr-Daimler-Puch, the Austrian industrial group, will rise from 47,000 to 65,000 units a year by early 1999. SDP is investing \$160m to expand the Graz plant to meet the target.

Chrysler has extended its production agreement with the Austrian company by six years to 2004 to justify the additional spending required by SDP. Haig Straenian

### Audi to lift Brazil capacity

Audi, the up-market subsidiary of Germany's Volkswagen cars group, yesterday announced plans to build a new plant in Brazil. The factory, near Curitiba in Parana state will initially produce 60,000 Audi A3s and next-generation VW Ventos a year. However, output will rise to about 140,000 units a year with the almost certain expansion of the project to include building 80,000 next-generation VW

Separately, Mr Herbert Demel, Audi chairman, who was last week appointed the new head of VW's big Brazilian subsidiary, forecast that group profits this year would be "at least 25 per cent" up on the DM589m (\$378m) made in

### Ansaldo merges signal interests

Ansaldo Trasporti, the Italian state-controlled transport engineering group, yesterday set the seal on a merger of its railway signalling interests that creates the world's econd-largest manufacturer in the sector after Siemens of Germany with an annual turnover of about L700bn

The new company, to be called Ansaldo Signal, will be quoted on the Nasdaq stock exchange in New York. Ansaldo Trasporti will control 72 per cent, Compagnie des Signaux (CS) of France 9.8 per cent, and public hareholders the remainder.

Ansaldo Trasporti, which comes under the umbrella of the Finmeccanica engineering company, has set up Ansaldo Signal to reinforce its international presence group the knowhow of individual manufacturers. In addition to the CSEE Transport interests of CS, the new company will control Union Switch & Signal, Ansaldo Trasporti's quoted subsidiary which is market leader in

#### Telecel shares gain 19.5%

Shares in Talecel, Portugal's dominant mobile phone operator, gained 19.5 per cent in a first day of heavy trading yesterday as international investors sought to increase the allocations made in Monday's strongly oversubscribed initial public offer.

The shares, which were sold at Es7,950 each in the global offering, opened at Es9,000 and climbed to a high of Es9,849 before closing at Es9,500. The market value of the company, which is controlled by AirTouch, the US callular phone operator, rose from Es170.9bn to Es204.2bn

Portugal Telecom, the country's monopoly fixed-line telecommunications operator, also closed at a record high of Es4,353, up 3 per cent on Monday's close.

Peter Wise, Lisbon.

### Rémy Cointreau cuts loss :

Rémy Cointreau, the French wines and spirits group. yesterday uncorked sharply reduced interim losses after lower financial charges helped offset the impact of higher promotional spanding.

The company, best known for its Rémy Martin cognac, Cointreau liqueur and Krug and Piper-Heidsieck for the six months to September 30, against a loss of FFr39m a year ago. Including exceptionals, however, profits dipped markedly, from FFr215m in the first half of 1995 to FF741m. The year-ago figure included a FFr257m exceptional gain from the sale of the Picon brand. In the latest period, the company recorded a comparatively modest FFr44m exceptional gain. Turnover rose 4 per cent

from FFr2.94bn to FFr3.07bn.
The company's shares closed up FFr1, or 0.7 per cent, at FFr138, against a slight fall in the benchmark CAC 40

### JP Morgan keeps ahead of carpet-baggers

In March, Morgan popped

The Clariant-Hoechst deal is territory of the big German nowhere near as big as the pending merger of Ciba Sandoz with Novertis. But as one of the two financial tion of the growing power in ing last year, and Union SFr1.3bn, J. P. Morgan was the European chemical and pharmaceuticals industries of America's best-connected

it has begun only recently to and Swiss banks used to unlike some of its Wall muscle in on the traditional reign supreme.

prise since it helped arrange Bank of Switzerland and advising the buyer. In the Credit Suisse First Boston meantime, it has advised are advising on the \$5.2bn Roche, Switzerland's biggest spin-off of Ciba Specialty pharmaceuticals company, J. P. Morgan's pedigree in Chemicals. But J. P. Moron the purchase of its 50 per the industry dates back to gan's presence is a sign of cent stake in a joint venture 1988, when it advised Smith-Kline Beckman on its corporate finance business merger with Beecham. But in an area where German

up as Ciba's financial

the US. The House of Morgan, Street rivals, cannot be dis-

missed as a carnet-bagger Clariant. Although it was which specialises in quick rejected, Morgan continued SBC Warburg is advising adviser in the Sandoz deal. deals and then disappears Clariant, which is no sur- In August, when Sandoz over the horizon. Morgan progress as part of its role sold its Master Builders has invested much time and in helping Hoechst get out the company's SFr1.5hn Technologies to SKW Trost- effort in developing its relahas advised it on at least half a dozen deals over the past five years, culminating in its \$7.2bn acquisition of Marion Merrell Dow last

When Sandoz was considering how to dispose of its specialty chemical business last year, Morgan came up with an alternative plan to the initial public offering of

η'n,

to keep watch on Clariant's of its low-margin specialty The days are gone when a

bank such as J. P. Morgan would be drawn in at the last moment to give independent advice on a deal. Roechst's deal with Clariant has all the hallmarks of a from a consortium led by Morgan initiative, as the big | BA-Generali, the Austrian Swiss and German banks will be all too aware,

William Hall | Commerciale Italiana



### ENI S.p.A. Performance Medium Term Notes

NatWest Securities Limited

announces the issue by National Westminster Bank Plc

ITALIAN LIRE 300,000,000,000 ENI S.p.A. Performance Medium Term Notes

> due December, 1999 Issue Date: 23rd December, 1996 Maturity Date: 17th December, 1999 Initial Resale Price: 97-98%

Redemption Price per Note: 100% + greater of 0% or Performance Percentage\* \*The Performance Percentage relates to the out-performance of the ordinary shares of ENI S.p.A. over the MIB30 Index over a period relating to the life of the Notes.

> For further information please contact: Lorenzo Colucci on (44) 171 375 8662 Simon Monson on (44) 171 648 3767 Kevin Neville on (44) 171 375 8656

Application for listing has been made to The London Stock Exchange

This amountement is being issued by NatWest Securities Limited which is regulated by the Securities & Futures Authority and is a noember of The London Stock Exchange and is addressed to professional investors only. This amountement has been produced for their information only. It does not constitute an offer to enter into any transaction, Any transaction will only be undertaken subject to documentation.

In the United Kingdom, this announcement is intended for persons who are authorised or exempt persons within the meaning of the Financial Services Act 1986 (Investment Advertisements) (Exemptions) Order 1996 (as amended), it is not intended for US persons, in Italy, this atmouncement is addressed addressed to professional investors within the meaning of Article 4, pargraph 1(A) of CONSOB Regulation Number 6430 dated 26th August, 1992. The Notes may not be offered or sold in Italy to any member of the general public or to individuals or entities falling outside the definition of professional investors in Regulation Number 6430. This amouncement is not to constitute a public solicitation in Switzerland. The Notes will not, when issued, be distributed by way of a public offering, public solicitation or in any similar manner to Switzerland.



**SCHWARZ** SPONSORED AMERICAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPT (ADR) FACILITY Established by For information please contact Kenneth A. Lopian (212) 815-2084 in New York, Michael C. McAuliffe (0171) 322-6336 in London, or Rainer Wunderlin (49-69) 97151-226 in Frankfurt. E-Mail: ADR@BankofNY.com This announcement appears as a matter of record only.





Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 2002

in accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from December 9, 1996 to June 9, 1997 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 7.8625% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, June 9, 1997 will be £1,960.24 per 250,000 Note and £19,602.40 per £500,000 Note.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank London, Agent Bank

December 11, 1996

OCHASE

SALOMON INC YEN 100,000,000

Euro Medium Term Notes due 29th December 1997 (Common Code: 5342651, ISIN Code XS0053426515) Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the Prospectus Supplement dated December 14, 1993 relating to the above membrand notes, that the issuer intends to redeem all the Notes on the Optional Redemption Date: December 29, 1996 (psyable December 30, 1996) at a price of 100% of principal plus accrued and unpaid interest to but not including the redemption date of December 29, 1996.

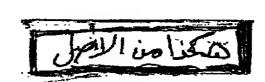
December 11, 1996, London By: Chibanik, N.A. (Corporate Agency and Truss), Agent Bank. CITIBANG

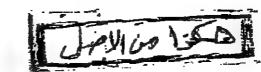
SALOMON INC

**Notice of Redemption** YEN 1,100,000,000 Euro Medium Term Notes due 29th December 1997

(Common Code: 5310083, ISIN Code X90053100839) lotice is hereby given, in accordance with the Prospectus Supplement sted December 14, 1993 relating to the above montioned notes, that cases December 14, 1933 rexing to the above monitoned notes, that the Issuer intends to redeem all the Notes on the Optional Redemption Date: December 29, 1996 (payeble December 36, 1996) at a price of 100% of principal plus accrued and unpaid interest to but not including the redemption date of December 29, 1996.

December 11, 1996, London Br. Cilibank, N.A. (Corporate Agency and Trust), Agent Bank CITIBANCO





# Excellence in Advising nancial Institutions in Europ

Wechsel Bank AG)

has been acquired by

Birmingham Midshires Building Society

Advised Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank AG

Banco Alcala, S.A.

sold its 60% stake in

Banco Granada Jerez, S.A.

Caja de Ahorros y Pensiones de Barcelona (la Caixa).

Advised Banco Alcala, S.A.

April 1996

### SND4010

Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino S.p.A.

has increased its stake to 100% and merged with

CREDIOP S.p.A.

Acted as joint financial advisor to Istituto Bencario San Paolo di Torino S.p.A.

The Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Hungary has sold a majority stake in

Budapest Bank Rt.

**GE** Capital

European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

Acted as joint financial advisor to The Ministry of Finance and Budapest Benk Rt.

### CATLIN

Catlin Holdings Limited

sale of

Lloyd's Managing Agency

Western General Insurance Ltd. (Bermuda)

Advised Catlin Holdings Limited

March 1996

State of Israel

has sold

72,602,976 Ordinary "A" Shares 7,500,000 Options (Series 1)

Israel Discount Bank Ltd.

Bank \ustria Bank Austria AG

capital increase

in favour of

Cariplo S.p.A.

which currently holds 4.5% of Bank Austria's voting stock

Advised Bank Austria AG

April 1996

#### Bank \ustria

Bank Austria AG

capital increase in favour of

West LB

which now holds 10.3% of Bank Austria's voting stock



Banca Popolare di Novara Scr.L

valuation of

Banca Popolare di Novara Scrl

Advised Benca Popolare di Novara S.c.rl.

Banco Comercial Português

**BCP** International Bank Limited

has sold

5,000,000 8% non-cumulative guaranteed Exchangeable Preference Shares, series A guaranteed by

> Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

Acted as Joint Lead-Manager and Joint Bookrunner

Istituto Nazionale delle

Assicurazioni S.p.A. (INA) transfer of control of its subsidiary

CAMAT

Assurances Générales de France (AGF)

Advised INA

Polygon

Polygon Group

bas sold 100% of its shares in Chatham Re to

Ecclesiastical

Insurance Group plc

Advised Polygon Group



Monte de Piedad y Caja de Ahorros de Huelva y Sevilla (El Monte)

### 3 Caja de Badajoz

Monte de Piedad y Caja General de Ahorros de Badajoz (Caja de Badajoz)

have jointly acquired 20% of Banco Nacional de Crédito Imobiliario, S.A.

Advised El Monte and Caja de Badajoz

**European Commission** 

analysis of the European Commission's economic arguments giving conditional approval to aid provided by the French Republic to

Crédit Lyonnais

Advised the European Commi

through its subsidiary

Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, S.A.

Banco Bilhao Vizcaya-Mexico, S.A. has acquired the branch networks of

Banca Cremi, S.A.

and Banco de Oriente, S.A.

Advised Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, S.A.

The St. Paul Companies, Inc.

acquisition of

Gravett and Tilling Cassidy Davis

Lloyd's Managing Agencies

Advised The St. Paul Companies, Inc.

Issued and approved by Lehman Brothers International (Europe), regulated by SPA.

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KATE STORY

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Market 1

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### COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE/MIDDLE EAST

# Israeli telecoms to be opened up to competition

By Judy Dempsey in Jerusalem

The Israeli government yesterday unveiled plans to open up the domestic telecommunications network to competition in one of the biggest shake-ups in the state-run

The programme, due to take place by the end of 1998, will lead to the dismantling of the monopoly held by Bezeq, the state-dominated telecoms network, and offer the consumer a wide range of services at lower prices.

It follows a government decision last month to grant licences to two telecoms consortia including Sprint of the US, Germany's Deutsche Telekom and Italy's Stet, to provide international communications services in Israel in competi-

"Opening up to liberalisation and competition is a global trend," said Mr Keith Phillips, Israel analyst at Société Générale Strauss Turnball,

But Mr Issac Kaul, outgoing chairman of Bezeq, yesterday said the company had not been informed in detail of the govern-

He also said he was waiting for telecoms deregulation law and a full privatisation plan which would enable Bezeq to compete fairly once the market is opened to competition.

His remarks coincide with Bezeq's attempts to issue a secondary, and preferably global, offering of 26 per cent next year, lifting its public ownership to 50

complicated by the government's unwillingness to allow Cable and Wireless, the UK telecoms group, to increase its stake by a further 10 per cent after it snapped up 10

per cent of the shares last year. "We need to know where we stand on all sorts of issues so that we will be ready to deal with competition on the domestic market," a Bezeq official said.

The domestic market accounts for 37 per cent of Bezeq's revenues which last year totalled Shk7.7bn (\$2.3bn). At yesterday's close of trading,

Bezeq's shares slipped 1.25 per cent, from Shk8.11 to Shk8.01. Under the terms of the recommendations drawn up by Israel's communications and finance ministries, licences will be granted for continues, analysts said investors the provision of a nationwide tele-

phone network, almost certain to dent Bezeq's monopoly.

Licences will also be granted to provide services in infrastructure and transmission which will include the cable television mar-

Analysts said the government plans offered exciting opportunities to investors even though Israel has a small market. In terms of the number of calls, the domestic market grew 10.5 per cent in 1994 and a further 16 per

In addition, the scope for multimedia services and home shopping via cable or satellite have not been tapped.

The unknown factor for any investor is the peace process. If it

in Israel's domestic and international telecoms markets could expand into neighbouring Jordan and Egypt where telecommunications remain untapped and

starved of investment For instance, 27 per cent of Bezeg's revenues are reinvested compared with 3 per cent of Jordan's revenues.

 A subsidiary of Siemens, the German telecommunication and electronics group, and Elscint, the Israeli advanced medical imaging company, have agreed on a joint development and production programme aimed at developing computerised tomography compo-

The move is part of a strategy by Siemens to expand its activities in Israel, taking advantage of

ity of high-tech expertise and the closer relations forged between Israel and the European Union. Mr Erich Reinhardt, chief exec-

utive officer of Siemens Medical Engineering group which supplies systems for medical diagnostics and therapy, said it was also part of the company's strategy to develop new health care solutions. Under the terms of the agree-

ment, Elcint, a subsidiary of Elron Electronic industries, and Siemens Medical Engineering group will carry out research and development as well as the manufacturing of tomographic components used in radiography. Mr Jonathan Adereth, president and chief executive officer of Elscint, said he expected the agreement to increase sales by \$100m over the

### RTL set for record full-year sales

network, is set for record net sales of nearly DM2bn (\$1.3bm) in 1996, according to Mr Helmut Thoma, chief executive. Profits at Germany's biggest commercial television company would be roughly the same as 1995's DM102m, he said.

Mr Thoma said popular programmes, such as Formula I car racing, would continue to drive earnings at the network, which currently attracts 16 per cent of domestic viewers. In 1997 RTL would cross the DM2bn mark in net sales and make profits of DM150m.

Next year will also see the restructuring of the netunder the RTL name. Alongside the main RTL network is RTL2, which broadcasts mainly films and series, and Super RTL, a children's

At present the three have differing ownership structures. The main RTL channel is owned by CLT-Ufa, the company recently created out of a merger of CLT of Luxembourg and Ufa, a sub-sidiary of Bertelsmann, the German media group. CLT-Ufa has a minority stake in RTL2, while Super RTL is jointly owned with Disney.

This arrangement was brought about by German media laws, which stipulated that no company could own more than 30 per cent of one network. The law is to be replaced on January 1 by a ruling assessing a company's presence in the mar-ket in terms of total market share, not the number of networks it owns.

This will allow CLT-Ufa to bring together its interests in a single holding company, which Mr Thoma said could be created by the middle of next year.

The fate of Vox, a small network which CLT-Ufa co-owns with News Corporation and Canal Plus of France, is also unclear. Mr Thoma said Vox could be turned into the news channel of RTL

News Corporation is also involved with CLT-Ufa's main rival, the Munichbased Kirch group, through British Sky Broadcasting, the UK satellite network in

#### The Palestinian company has set itself a tight Bezeq: profile of a monopoly timetable to upgrade the region's telecoms system imposed by Israel on the tendencies and its lack of hurry. As director-Aside from all these prob-The PA's first big decision was to bring together a group of private Palestinian general of the Palestine Telelems. Mr Mustafa believes Paltel has a big advantage. communications company. "Since the system is virtuinvestors to carry out the or Paltel, he knows what potential investors want in a privatisation of the telecomregion plagued by a poor munications sector. This was chance to leapfrog and build infrastructure and a paltry a highly efficient and modan important step aimed at telecoms network: efficient ern network." he said. reassuring potential invesand fast communications. tors of the PA's commitment We have very little time to opening up the private to build the network," says Bezeq is keen Mr Mustafa, who left the The investors, which West Bank town of Nablus include the Arab Bank, the to be involved after Israel occupied the Cairo Amman Bank and the Palestinian Investment Bank, moved quickly. By the end of last year, they had brought together 86 instituregion during the 1967 Six with Paltel and Day War. Following a long stint at the World Bank, he returned has even to his native Nablus last tional investors which suggested the year, determined to create a formed the core of Paltel. Determined to involve the modern network which would serve a future Pales-

Paltel on fast track to solve communication problem

establishment of an integrated telecoms

The telecommunications system he inherited had similarities with that of the former east Germany. Domestic consumers in the West Bank and Gaza, the region under the Palestinian Authority, or PA. had to wait years for a line from Bezeq, the Israeli state-owned telecoms net-

Unlike Israel, where there are about 55 lines per 100 people, in the West Bank and Gaza fewer than three people per 100 were connected to a line. The cellular phone system was virtually

tinian state.

There were other problems consistent after-sales service

(All companies are incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

Kloof Gold Mining Company Limited

Standard conditions relating to the payment of dividends are of

The following company has not declared an interim divide Deckraal Gold Mining Company Limited (Registration No. 74/00160/06)

Driefonrein Consolidated Limited

London Office of the companies.

Head Office:

75 Fox Street

network in that part of the Middle East

But unlike east Germany which had Deutsche Telekom, the German stateowned network to invest more than DM60bn (\$38.5bn) in a bid to upgrade east Germany's communications network, Paltel has bad no rich uncle. It has had to depend on private investors too. Those connected with to start from scratch. This Bezeq could not rely on a was not an easy task: investors have often be

Dividends will be electronically transferred to members' bank or building society accounts on 5 February 1997

or, where this method of payment has not been mandated, dividend warrants will be noted to members on

public, the PA and Paltel agreed to issue a public offering, selling 41 per cent

of Paltel's shares and raising capital of \$65m. The offering was four times oversub-Then last month, Paltel won the licence from the PA to provide all telecommuni-

cations services to the PA

areas over the next 20 years. Mr Mustafa's first plan is to incresse the number of subscribers from the current 80.000 to 250.000 over the next three years, siming for a market penetration of 25 per cent by 2011.

The second phase in Paltel's programme is to raise equity to establish a cellular phone network. Last week, Pultel invited tenders for the design, supply, installation because of closures often of the PA's bureaucratic GSM network

Although Israel has one of the most efficient telecoms networks in the world, it still does not have a GSM

Even though Paltal is moving shead with its plans, much remains to be done. Since it is in a transitional phase, the PA and Paltel are still dependent on Bezeg to provide and maintain exist-Bezeq is keen to be

involved with Paltel and has determine whether Paltel even suggested the establishment of an integrated telecoms network in that part of the Middle East. It would, however, like the PA to pay its bills on time. This has been a problem in the

In addition, Paltel and the PA are involved in negotiations over royalty fees, tarwork. The outcome will the PA's role in the interplay

decades, be able to fund its \$600m investment plans from its own cash flow.

he evolution of the relationship between the PA and Paltel will, according to analysts. provide a clear signal for any future privatisation

and Metsä stock advanced

A complex swap agree-

ment involved both compa-

nies extending their existing

co-operation in pulp produc-

tion by each transferring one

pulp mill into Metsä-Botnia.

an existing joint venture

between the two in which

The partners said the

alignment would facilitate

collaboration on pulp pro-

Europe's second-largest pro-

between the private and pub-"The PA must move very

quickly from being a service providentice; being aspolicy maker and regulator," said Mr Mustafa, "That is why the success of Paltel matters. It will provide a good example for other sectors of the economy where the private sector will be crucial."

Judy Dempsey holder.

after Stora of Sweden, with

annual capacity of 520,000

Mr Heikki Sara, UPM-

Kymmene senior vice-presi-

dent, said the transfers

have to bear the whole bur-

den of required modernisa-

tion work at its Joutseno

pulp mill, which is to be sub-

sumed into the joint ven-

ture. Pulling out of board

production would focus

Mr Jorma Vaajoki, Metsä

chief executive, said: "The

Simpele [paperboard mill]

attention on core busin

tonnes.

NATIONAL BANK OF CANADA

in accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the three mounts period ending 10th March, 1997 has been fund at 5.6468% per annum. The interest accruing for such three mounts period will be U.S. \$10,000 Bearer Note on 10th March, 1997 against presentation of Coupon No. 8.

Union Bank of Switzerland

Quion Bank of Switzerland Landon Branch Agent Bank 6th December, 1996

UPM-Kymmene and Metsä in deal

#### Investors reacted enthusiastically. UPM-Kymmens shares rose FM3.80 to FM97

FM1 to FM35.

The consolidation of the Nordic forestry industry took a fresh turn yesterday when UPM-Kymmene, Europe's biggest pulp and paper group, agreed to transfer two production plants to Metsā-Serla, a Finnish competitor, for FM2bn (\$429m).

The deal highlights a continuing drive by both companies to concentrate on core businesses. For UPM-Kymmene, it marks a withdrawal from paperboard production. and an increased focus on its main magazine paper and newsprint operations, where it is European market

Metsä, which is to take over UPM-Kymmene's paperboard capacity, will become one of Europe's leading producers of the grade.

# Czech bank

shake-up

sale signals

The Czech National Bank, bank, has approved the sale mercial bank, to Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale of Germany and Kulkereskedelmi, a Hungarian bank controlled by BLG. BLG is to take a 55 per

cent stake in Interbanka, one of the few small-tier Czech banks not to have experienced severe loan-loss

of about Ke3bn.

#### ing the size of our packaging capital-intensive Industry, operations equal in size to printing paper

duction decisions, help deal is a major step in makspread costs in a very and offset cyclical exposure. In addition, Metså is to purchase UPM-Kymmene's operations." sole paperboard mill, at Simpele in Finland, making it

and packaging analyst at Morgan Stanley in London, said the deal ducer of folding board boxes out quite a lot of things",

Mr Mads Asprem, paper

Finland is now complete and UPM-Kymmene is ready for major steps outside Europe," meant the group would not boost Metsä's turnover

pressure to Metsä's balance

sheet. "The consolidation in

almost FM2bn, to about FM22bn. It will pay FM870m of the FM2bn purchase price in cash; the balance will be invested by UPM-Kymmene in Metsä-Botnia shares and a shareholder loan.

.UPM-Kymmene said this structure would finance a FM650m upgrade of the Joutseno mill. Its nine-month pre-tax profits fell from FM4.6bn last FM2.6bn.

Metsä posted nine-month pre-tax earnings of FM336m. against FM1.3bn. Both companies have been hit by

Can you name the world's Top 5 reinsurance companies?

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is one of them - and growing

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Hannover Rückversicherungs-Aktiengesellschaft P.O. Box 610369, 30603 Hannover, Germany Phone +49/511/56 04-0, Fax +49/511/56 04-188

per pro GOLD FIELDS CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED

London SWIP IDH

By Vincent Boland in Prague

the Czech Republic's central

Kulkereskedelmi will hold the other 45 per cent. No terms were disclosed, but Interbanka has capital of Kc500m (\$18.3m) and assets

The sale of Interbanka signals what is likely to be a long process of consolidation and changes of ownership in the Czech banking sector as it tries to shake off difficulties caused by a string of failures this

### The Offer to the Shareholders in Terra Mining AB

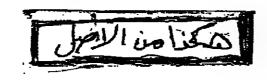
William Resources Inc. offers, through the Swedish subsidiary WRI Holding AB, SEK 162:50 for each share in Terra Mining AB.

Last day to accept the Offer is December 12, 1996. Payment for shares that have been accepted in accordance with the Offer is expected to be made on December 20, 1996.

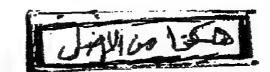
Required financing has been secured by William Resources Inc. and the Board of Directors of Terra Mining has recommended the shareholders to accept the Offer.

Prospectus and acceptance form may be obtained from D. Carnegie AB, Telephone +46 8 676 8500. Prospectus and acceptance form has also been sent to those who on November 12, 1996 where registered as shareholders in Terra Mining.

William Resources Inc., which has its Headquarters in Toronto, Canada, is a natural resource precious metals producing company. The Company owns and runs the Rustler's Roost Gold Mine in Northern Territory, Australia, the Jacobina Gold Mine in Brazil, the Velardeña Mine in Mexico and the Ballarat East Gold Project in Victoria in South Australia. The Company is also, through the BLM Service Group providing contracting and engineering services and products to the international mining industry. The Company is listed on the Stock Exchanges in Toronto and Sydney.



all buy Vall banance



AMERICAS NEWS DIGEST

### Black & Decker declines 15%

Black & Decker shares dived 15 per cent yesterday morning after the US tools and appliances company warned that its 1996 profits are likely to be below. analysts' estimates, and its first-quarter earnings in 1997 lower than in 1996. The company said its earnings per share are likely to be lower than \$1 for the fourth quarter of 1996 and \$2.40 for the full year.

Mr Nolan Archibald, Black & Decker chairman and chief executive officer, said that the shortfall would be primarily due to lower-than-anticipated sales in power tools and accessories. Sales growth is likely to be 2-3 per cent in the fourth quarter, instead of the 5-6 per cent previously projected. Black & Decker blamed the

disappointing performance partly on weak economies in . Europe which "failed to recover to the extent that we had. anticipated". The company made substantial job cuts in Europe this year in order to reduce costs, and Mr Archibald said he was optimistic about sales growth in

However, the company said it expected to see a more favourable fourth-quarter tax rate, below the 27 per cent reported for the first nine months, which will partially offset the impact of the weaker operating results. At the end of the morning Black & Decker shares were trading at \$31%, down \$5%. Tracy Corrigan, New York

### Heinz on track to meet target

H. J. Heinz, the US food group, yesterday reported a 12 per cent increase in net profits to \$177.5m for its fiscal second quarter to October 30, with a similar increase in earnings per share to 47 cents. The result was alightly above the 46 cents a share expected by Wall Street analysis, but the shares slipped \$% to \$36% in early trading.

Mr Anthony O'Railly, chairman and chief executive, said the commonly had seen another effective executive.

said the company had seen another strong quarter of profit and top-line growth, with revenues up nearly 5 per cent to \$2.39bm and operating profits up 7 per cent to \$352.8m. The company was on track to meet its target of double-digit growth in samings per share for the full year, he said. Richard Tomkins, New York

#### Texaco in sponsorship venture

US oil leader Texaco has joined the Malaysian government and the Hong Kong-based HSBC international banking group in backing Ford and former grand prix ace Jackie Stewart in a £200m (\$329m) joint . venture to capture the Formula One world championship

The agreement is understood to be costing the oil group about £30m over the next five years. It means that the Stewart-Ford venture, one of the most commercially significant in grand prix motor racing, is now fully funded. The involvement of Malaysia, which is using the venture to promote its tourism industry, represents the first time that a nation state has taken on a Formula One.

#### Biogen plans \$18m investment

Boston biotechnology company Biogen is planning an \$16m equity investment in another Massachusetts company, Creative BioMolecules, as part of an deal to invent new treatments for kidney disease. The value of the agreement could reach \$122.5m in equity, fees, research support, development milestines and lines of credit. In outlangs, Bleger-received exclusive worldwide rights to market and sell thrus sepaloped through the collaboration between the two communics.

Nestlé to buy Aud Foods

Nestlé Canada is buying the localism and frozen yognurt
business of Ault Foods for Cazzina (USS164m), including a
processing plant in Omario and distribution contres

Ault is now a Canadian dairy products group with annual revenues of ONLSon, but its ice cream division is non-profitable because of price were led by Unilever. The deal will make Nestlé à leading competitor in the les cream market. Robert Gibbers. Montres

### **CBOT** set for election of next chairman

Metsä in dea

The 3.661 members of the be asked today to elect the next chairman of the world's largest futures exchange.

Mr Patrick Arbor, the current chairman, is seeking a record third two-year term, and has been endorsed by the exchange's nominating

served as the exchange's chairman in 1986. Mr Gilmore is a third-generation cal support, as well as his family history, is concen-

Arbor 60. Both have recently near record levels, tohung had brushes with cancer, will be a record this year. and are successful businessmen who have little need for ket share is up."

tion will be significant not and 90 per cent of its wolume just to exchange members in dependent on volstility in and their customers, but US Treasury debt. The also to the international institutions that are assessment in institutions that are partners diversify away from the US with the CBOT in new trading ventures. Both men be in the European time understand that broadening some and we need to be the the exchange's global reach pricing mechanism in the US is necessary, but they may take different approaches to

reach that end. chairman who has won nearly all of the membership

Chicago Board of Trade will the CBOT's trading floor next May, if the project pro-

ceeds on schedule.

Last week he pushed ahead the exchange's strategy for competing with overannouncing an innovative trading venture for cash goveroment securities with part-He is being opposed by Mr ners Liberty Brokerage and John Gilmore, a retired partner of Goldman Sachs who tranic system, called Chiopen next year and is exper-ted to become an important trailing platform fits CBOTI members.

family history, is concentrated in the active, but antique, grain futures pils at the exchange.

Mr Gilphore is 56 and Mr he says. "Seet prices are at the exchange of the says." Seet prices are at the says. even our international mar-

the \$240,000 a year salary. Mr Gilmore is campaign; that comes with the chair, ing hard, arguing fish; the The outcome of the electronic country.

Mr Gilmore said he was Mr-Arbor is a popular first to suggest a Liffe link in hairman who has won 1986, when he was last chairman and when Liffe was just

referendence he has proposed. He successfully while he says he fully pushed for a new status trading facility that will upon this February.

He was also instrumental man what the was joint possessed for a new status trading of the possessed for a new status was joint was later was joint was joint was later was joint was join

### Mexican rail deal stops industry in its tracks

fter Kansas City Southern Industries A southern innusaring eyebrow-raising takeover of Mexico's most important rail network; one estion occupies the mind of the railroad industry on both sides of the US-Mexico border. Has this second-tier US rail operator bitten off more than it can chese? At the end of last week Kansas City Southern announced that its joint ven-Maritima Mexicana,

ture with Transportación Mexico's higgest transport company, had won a 50-year Railroad, a Texan operator. concession to run Mexico's ING Barings in Mexico Northeast Railway, a 2,500-mile network that came up Gity said the price differen-tial raised "the obvious ques-tion of whether [Kansas City for grabs as part of the Mexi-Southern and TMMI comtion effort. Until then, there had been

. widespread assumption that Union Pacific, the higgest US railroad, would win the competition, become it already carries the most rail traffic across the Mexican Kansas City Southern and

TMM, however, astonished the railroad industry by bidding \$1.4bm for the concession - nearly three times more than the \$527m bid by Union Pacific and ICA, Mexico's biggest construc-tion company. The bid was also far in excess of the \$540m offered by Grupo



pletely misjudged the true value of the asset or had more pressing strategic reaenues in 1994 were 1bn pesos, about \$300m before sons which justified such a

Analysts expressed concern over the high purchase price and the financial burien of such a costly acquisi tion. Moody's Investors Service and Standard and Poor's placed the debt of Kansas City Southern and TMM under review for a possible downgrade, by lunchtime yesterday Kansas City Southern's stock had nues of \$502m plunged 9 per cent from Thursday's close.

The Northeast Railway is

crown. It carried 40 per cent of Mexico's total rail cargo in 1904, although it has only 19 per cent of the total track. and it was the only one of Mexico's three main rail networks to make a profit. Rev-

the currency's devaluation. Kansas City Southern Railway, the rail unit of Kansas City Southern Industries, is hardly any higger than the Northeast Railway. It covers 2,900 miles on a north-south axis between the Gulf coast and the midwest, with terminals in Kansas City, Shreveport, Port Arthur, New Orleans and Dallas. Last year's profits were \$11.4m on reve-

The Kansas City Southern network does not go all the way to the Mexican border. the company has



Heavy load: Veracruz station, Mexico, part of the Northeast Railway network

so-called trackage rights over Union Pacific rails that extend its reach to the border town of Laredo, the northern-most point of the Northeast Railway network.

Mexico's rail transport sys-

tem is so slow and inefficient that only 12 per cent of goods travel by rail, compared with about 40 per cent in the US. But two-way trade between Mexico and the US - already worth more than \$100bn a year - is booming under the North American Free Trade Agreement, and Kansas City Southern and

TMM hope to put a greater

share of this trade on rails. would rise from \$50m in year Their business plan comone to \$311m in year three mits the joint venture to \$565m of capital investment in the Northeast Railway over the next three years. As the quality of rail transport improves, the joint venture believes it will carry 18 per pay a good deal more than

within three years and 20 he said. "In fact, the real question here is not why we per cent within five. Kansas City Southern's chief executive, Mr Landon Rowland, acknowledged yesterday that the takeover would dilute earnings per share initially. But he predicted that operating profits

cent of Mexico's freight

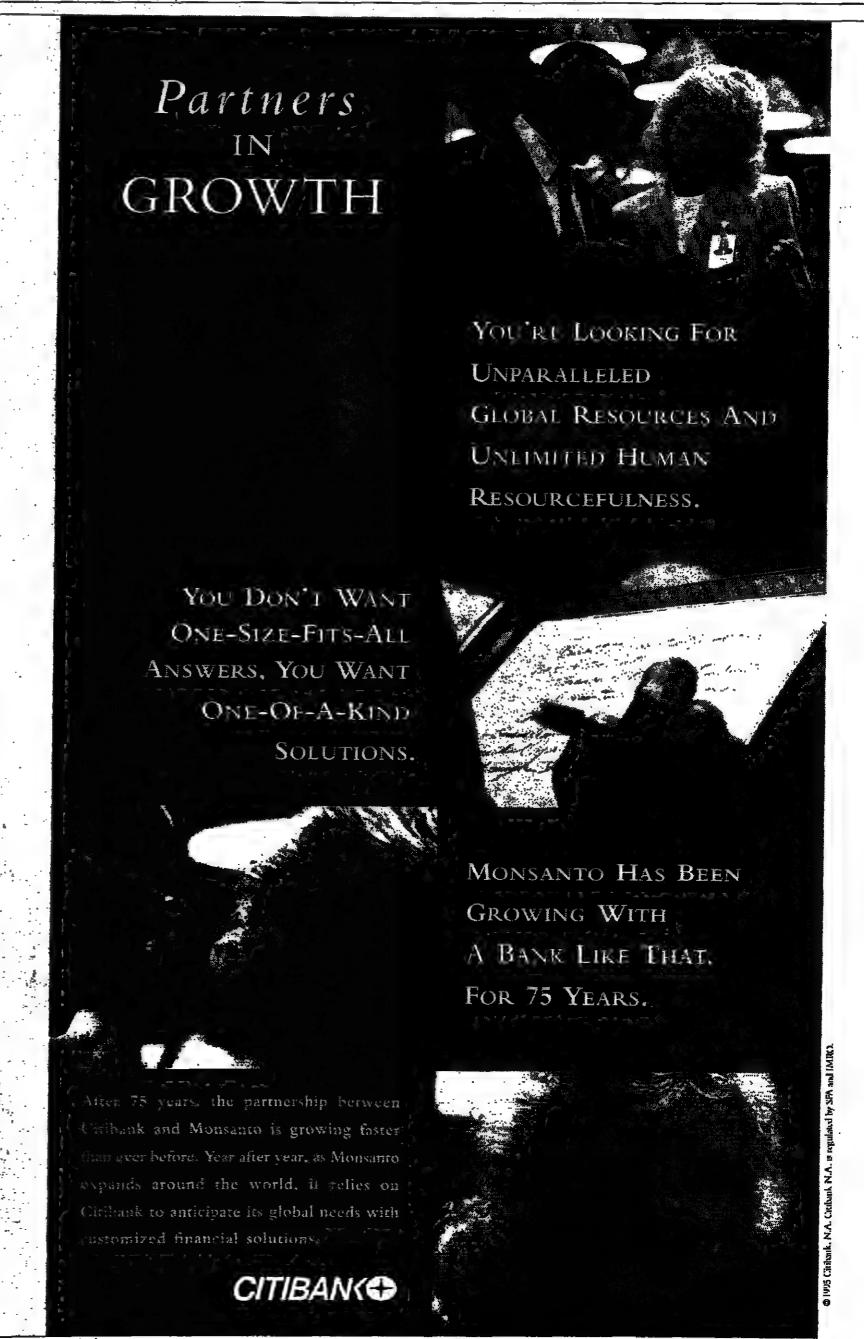
and \$471m in year five, and per share should turn positive in the third year. "With that kind of outlook. one might say that one could

\$1.4bn and it would still

make a good deal of sense,"

bid so much, but why Union

Pacific bid so little. Richard Tomkins and Leslie Crawford



Share price telative to the Taiwan Weighted Indus

dual path for growth

#### **COMPANIES AND FINANCE: ASIA-PACIFIC**

### National Mutual ahead of forecasts | Cables group plots a

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

National Mutual Holdings, the recently-demutualised Australian life office in which France's Axa holds a controlling stake, yesterday reported profits after tax of A\$210.9m (US\$169.3m) in the year to end-September comfortably ahead of the A\$198m it forecast in July when its shares were floated.

The result is an improvement on "restated" profits of A\$115.5m for 1994-95, although it still falls short of the A220.5m calculated for the 1993-94 financial year.

NEW HOLLAND

Mediobanca

Mediobanca

Bence di Credito Finanziario S.o.A.

ABN AMRO Rothschild

Central Hispano Bolsa

**Daiwa Europe Limited** 

Deutsche Morgan Grenteil

largely to a turnround in the A\$16.8m. performance of the main National Mutual Life unit, linson, managing director, which made A\$160.5m after also attributed the improved tax, compared with a performance to "healthy new A\$26.2m loss last time

In its prospectus, National Mutual had forecast the improved investment earnturnround, although it anticipated a slightly more modforecast profit would include from 51 per cent to 56 per a substantial unrealised gain cent in June, contributed - put yesterday at A\$42.5m from the increase in the previously but slightly short while National Mutual National Mutual Asia share of the A\$105m profit pre- Health contributed A\$5.6m

Yesterday Mr Geoff Tom- investment earnings. business volumes, an 11 per cent drop in expenses and

National Mutual Asia, the price, and also the release of dicted at the time of the compared with A\$20.4m.

All of these securities having been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only

\$999,750,000

**New Holland N.V.** 

46,500,000 Common Shares

(par value NLG 1.00 per Share)

Joint Global Coordinators

9,300,000 Shares

This portion of the offering was offered outside the United States, Canada and fiely by the undersigned.

Paribas Capital Markets

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited

blamed lower than expected

Among the smaller subsidiaries, National Mutual Funds Management reported A\$14.6m profits, a up from last time's A\$3.3m loss. The recovery here was attributed to reduced expenses and improved fee income. Howest result for NML, at Hong Kong-based unit in ever, Australian Casualty A\$150m. It said then that the which NMR lifted its stake and Life saw profits slip from A\$22.7m to A\$19.5m in the face of pricing pressures A\$99.2m, up from A\$72.8m and increased claim costs.

Goldman Sachs International

Goldman Sachs International

Indosuez Capital

Creditanstalt investment Bank AG

SBC Warburg

Cazenove & Co.

**Schroders** 

The rise was attributed a prior provision, worth share float. Mr Tomlinson Again, higher claims costs affected profits.

The profits figure was struck after interest charges Pewc has sights Pacific Electric Wire and Cable of A\$49m, up from A\$1.4m previously. However, A\$19m of this related to interest payments to Axa, on the bonds held by the French insurer which were repaid after NML listed.

National Mutual shares rose 6 cents to A\$1.78. Asked whether the Australian insurer might one day incorporate the Axa name, Mr Tomlinson said this might be considered, but "nothing

set on both diversification and expansion

overseas Electric

Pacific Electric
Wire & Cable (Pewc). . Taiwan's leading maker of wires and cables. plans to list a subsidiary on the New York Stock Exchange next year - the first time a Taiwanese company has held an initial public offering in the US.

The plan, which has been approved by US authorities, not only signals Pewc's efforts to raise its international profile and diversify its funding sources, but exemplifies the trend among Taiwanese groups to look overseas for growth and for the means to support it.

"The economic situation in Taiwan has changed completely. Manufacturing costs are high, profits are extremely low and the market for wire and cable is nearly saturated," said Mr Jack Sun, who runs the family-controlled Pacific empire, covering areas including the core wire and cable business to property to telecommunications and electronics. "So we decided to move from being a predominantly local manufacturer to a regional manufacturer.'

Mr Sun predicts that in 10 years, the group's revenues rise from about US\$1.50n in 1996 to \$80n. By that time 70 per cent of the group's revenues will come from overseas, compared with 30 per cent last year.

While expanding core businesses into overseas markets. Pewc is also moving aggressively into new and potentially lucrative business areas, both at home and in the Asia-Pacific region. Ultimately, the new businesses will far surpass the company's core business in scale and profitability.

In 10 years, Mr Sun expects only a quarter of sales to come from the core wire and cable business. compared with more than half now.

Telecoms will be a new core business for Pewc, with \$2bn in revenues in five years. Electronics will also local semiconductor maker. The company has also diversified into hotels, banking and property with moderate

land and one in Singapore. and has gained a substantial share of those markets. The listing in New York concerns the holding company for the Thai and Singapore

In the next three to five years. Pewc may double the number of its wire and cable factories in the region, including those in Taiwan, cal pressure from Beijing,

Electronic wire (3%) Telecom Oable Power Cable (34%)

\$50m apiece. A factory in Australia began production last month; another in Shenzhen, China will begin in January 1997, bringing to two the number of factories in China.

A plant under construction in Indonesia will begin production in early 1988; and factories are planned in Vietnam, Cambodia and India.

"All of the south-east Asian countries are still developing. They need public infrastructure and they need a huge amount of wire and cable for communications, Mr Sun said.

One country Pewc has been cautious about is China. "Our company is extremely conservative regarding investment in mainiand China," said Mr

"We believe that any overseas investment project must go through a rigorous be important, generating evaluation process before \$3bn in revenues in 10 years, going ahead. China is a big partly through an 18.5 per market but that does not cent stake in Mosel Vitelic, a necessarily mean bigger partnership with other conprofits. We do not believe we should go to China just telecom contracts in Thaibecause we are all Chinese."

Pewc has been close to the Talwanese government from The group has three wire the time Mr Sun's father and cable factories in Thaicame to the island in 1950. after founding the company in Beijing in 1944, and Mr Sun firmly supports the government's cautious line on

China. Reflecting widespread a diversified multinational fears that rising Taiwanese conglomerate which a investment in China will decade from now will bear make Taiwan economically little resemblance to its curdependent on Taipei's rival, and thus vulnerable to politi-

President Lee Teng-hui in August called for a slowdown in China invest-

"I believe Mr Lee's remarks concerning China are absolutely correct. We need to keep a balance seas investment," said Mr Sun. "But the most important thing is to continue to invest in Taiwan in order to

maintain economic growth." Mr Sun plans to do just that if a Pewc-led consortium wins a coveted licence to set up a mobile telephone system in Taiwan, for which contracts are scheduled to be awarded at the end of this month. Pewc's share of the investment would be about

Pewc has been moving aggressively into telecoms in recent years, investing \$80m in 1993 to take a 5 per cent stake in Motorola's Iridium satellite communication project.

Since then Pewc has, in cerns, bid unsuccessfully for land and Hong Kong. Recently it won a licence to set up a CT-2 communication network in Taiwan.

As the second generation of the family at the helm of the wire and cable maker, Mr Sun will need a deft touch to navigate successfully its transformation into rent self.

Laura Tyson

### 2,325,000 Shares

**Credit Lyonnais Securities** 

**HSBC** investment Banking

This portion of the offering was offered in itsly by the undersigned

Mediobanca

Banca Commerciale Italiana

Banca di Roma

Credito Italiano

34,875,000 Shares

This portion of the offering was offered in the United States and Canada by the undersigned

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Morgan Stanley & Co.

Merrill Lynch & Co.

Salomon Brothers Inc.

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. 
CS First Boston 
Dean Witter Reynolds Inc. 
Deutsche Morgan Grenfell Diffon, Read & Co. Inc. Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette A.G. Edwards & Sons, Inc. Lazard Frères & Co. LLC Lehman Brothers Oppenheimer & Co., Inc. Schroder Wertheim & Co. Smith Barney Inc. Wasserstein Perella Securities, Inc. CIBC Wood Gundy Securities Corp.

Advest, inc. Fahnestock & Co. Inc.

Robert W. Baird & Co. Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., Inc.

Rauscher Pierce Refsnes, Inc.

Dain Bosworth

Principal Financial Securities, Inc.

Edward D. Jones & Co., L.P.

Legg Mason Wood Walker

Stephens Inc.

Stifel, Nicolaus & Company

Scott & Stringfellow, Inc.

Sutro & Co. incorporated

December 1996

### Chinese issue in demand

By John Ridding in Hong Kong

operations.

southern China, has been subscribed more than 600 times, reflecting strong demand for Chinese issues and the company's growth

Guangdong Tannery said resterday that the issue of 110m shares would be priced at HK\$1.03. The proceeds will be used to fund expansion and upgrade seen rapid industrial growth production.

provide Guangdong Tannery with a Hong Kong listing. It is the latest business to be spun off by Guangdong income of HK\$14m on the investments, the Hong Kong subscription funds. arm of Guangdong

Chinese province which has subscriptions.

over recent years.
On the basis of the issue The issue, which was On the basis of the issue A share issue by Guangdong sponsored by Jardine price, the company said that Tannery, a leather Fleming Securities, will HK\$21bn (US\$2.7bn) of capital was frozen during the subscription period. This resulted in net interest

Mr Kevin Chong, financial Guangdong Enterprises is the largest commercial that public applications enterprise of the government could be allotted only on the of Guangdong, the southern basis of 0.15 per cent of

### **CCF** takes 5% in India finance group

Crédit Commercial de France, the French bank, has taken a 5 per cent stake in India's Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services, writes Tony Tassell in

Bombay. ILFS said the \$10m acquisition would be one of the largest French equity investments in India.

ILFŞ was set up in 1988 by a consortium of Indian financial institutions to promote infrastructure development and provide corporate finance. In March, the World Bank granted a loan of \$200m for infrastructure

stake in the company, while Orix Corp of Japan has 20 per cent.

### Mitsubishi Motors, Chrysler in talks

By Michiyo Nakamoto in Tokyo

continuing their US bishi, which has been suffer-

Under the agreement, Mit-sublahi's US arm has been and the facility has only producing three models - occasionally made a profit, two sedans and a sports car Mitsubishi Motors admitted for Chrysler at its facility earlier this year.

in Illinois. Chrysler had originally been planning to ter- difficulties, the Japanese minate the alliance after the contract expires.

However, buoyant sales of the cars from Mitsubishi led take an extraordinary loss to The International Finance to a reassessment of that reflect the writing-down of Corp holds a 7-8 per cent decision, according to a Japanese press report. Mitsubition arm, where liabilities shi confirmed in Tokyo that had exceeded assets by the talks were going on, but \$400m.

said no decision had been

Continuation of the deal Mitsubishi Motors and with Chrysler would be a Chrysler are in talks about significant fillip for Mitsuproduction alliance after the ing low capacity utilisation current contract expires in at its US facility. Capacity utilisation has been at about

> As a result of the US parent company was forced at the end of the last financial year to March to

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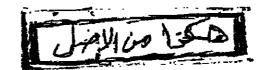
Amount of the

Bid Bond

TL 100 Billion

(Approximately

US \$1 Million)



### COMPANIES AND FINANCE: UK

### Northern Electric in supply negotiations

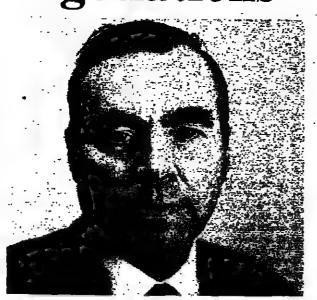
Northern Electric, the Newcastle-based electricity company facing a £782m (\$1.28bn) hostile bid from CalEnergy of the US, yesterday unveiled plans to increase dividend payments and to merge its electricity and gas supply businesses with another regional electricity company.

Although it did not name the other company, it is understood to be London Electricity.

Mr David Morris, chairman, said Northern would increase by 17 per cent to 50p a share its 1998 dividend and undertook to raise annual dividends by 7 per cent a year thereafter. Its full year dividend for 1996-97 will be 42.7p - up 7 per cent.

Mr Morris encouraged shareholders to reject CalEnergy's bid and stick with a management which he claimed had delivered on past promises. "Our bid final. "The choice enhanced dividend policy remains clear: 650p in cash promises. the underlying strength and prospects of Northern Electric," he said.

company of "rearranging the



David Morris: second defence impressed City yesterday

deck chairs". On Friday the US independent power pro-ducer lifted its offer to 650p from 630p and declared the or a collapse in the price of Northern Electric ordinary shares," said Mr David Sokol, its chairman. The company's second

left sector analysts impressed and speculating that the bid has become more difficult to call. The development which caught the market's eye was the sunouncement of supply negotiations with another electricity company. Northern shares rose 4%p to 610p.

### LEX COMMENT

### Nthn Electric

Yesterday's defence was much sprightlier than Northern Electric's first attempt. Not only are there aggressive promises on dividends but the planned pooling of Northern's supply business with London-Electric's should bring more purchasing clout and healthy cost savings. But although this plan is creative, shareholders should not get over-excited. If fat benefits can be extracted from combining supply businesses, other lectricity companies will

follow suit and a big chunk of the benefits will probably be competed away Shareholders might also ask why the plan - together with

Northern Electric

FTSE All-Share Index

Company

Ereğli Demir

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and holding negotiations.

some other titbits revealed yesterday - is only emerging now, after CalEnergy's final bid. If they had been disclosed earlier, CalEnergy's offer might surely have reflected them. Who knows? If Northern had revealed all to Calknergy at the outset, it might even have had more luck negotiating a friendly offer nearer £7. As it is, even if Northern makes a last-ditch attempt

with the increased special dividend it could still afford, shareholders are unlikely to back the management. Prudential, the biggest shareholder, quite rightly argues that CalEnergy's offer is not generous by the sector's previous standards. But it is still more than Northern's underlying value - and considerably more than its likely share price if the bid fails. A last-minute counter-bid could yet emerge. But to block CalEnergy's bid in hope of a higher offer later on would be a formidable gamble.

### Further shares to be issued as sales raise less than expected

### Costain makes £52m disposals

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

## to 1.444

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Costain plans to issue another tranche of shares in a further bid to bolster its finances following the sale for \$52m (\$85.3m) of its US coal and London property interests, announced vester day after the London stock exchange had closed. The coal business raised

much less than the construction and engineering group had expected when it attempted to sell the business earlier this nummer. Mr Alan Lovell also

announced he is resigning as Costain's chief executive. Renco, a privately owned US mining corporation, has agreed to pay an estimated

Shell to

sell Swiss

It would also assume responsibility for \$13m of capitalised lessing obligations. Lonrho, the UK based con-

glomerate, in July had offered to buy Costain's coal business in a deal worth 250m but pulled out at the last minute

Mr Lovell said higher than expected coal losses this autumn had forced down the They also meant that Cos-

tain had breached UK Companies Act requirements that parent company net assets should not fall below 50 per cent of called up share Mr Lovell said: "This is

merely a technical breach and we will not be recommending any action when \$34m for the coal operations. we report to shareholders at

an extraordinary meeting on January 6." An earlier meeting on

December 27 will be asked to approve disposal terms for the coal business and the separate sale for £23.4m of Costain's third share in the redevelopment of Spitalfields in London's East End to Metacorp of Malaysia.

Metacorp is 28 per cant owned by Intria, a Malayasian group, which this summer purchased at 40 per cent stake in Costain as part of a 276.6m rescue abore issue.

Costain yesterday announced plans to raise at Costain least another £5.4m from options to buy 13.4m new shares granted to Mr Henri Lubur, an Indonesian indus-

Kharafi has a 25.35 per cent stake in Costain and wants to maintain it at that

Mr Lovell said the cash raised would further strengthen Costain's finances which would remain constrained even after the coal sale.

The company at the end of October had net debt of £38m compared with ghareholders funds estimated to be 210m-215m following the US coal losses.

Mr Lovell said: "I had always intended to resign when Costain's financial restructuring was completed. It would be better if the company was run by an trialist, and to Kharafi, a engineer from this point

### **Debutant Colt shrugs** off market anxieties

refinery By Deborah Hargreaves

Royal Dutch/Shell, the Angle-Dutch oil group, put its Swiss refinery up for sale yesterday as part of a plan to improve profits in its poorly-performing refining

Shell also said it would close two lubricants plants in the Netherlands and Belgium and concentrate its European lubricants production in Paris and Hamburg.

The sale of the Cressier refinery in Switzerland does little to change Shell's refining configuration, since it represents just 4 per cent of its European capacity. The plant produces 60,000 barrels a day and is not one of Shell's core operations.

Shell reported a 40 per cent drop in profits from its refining and marketing arm in the third quarter, to £337m (\$552.7m) despite higher volumes. European refining returns have been poor throughout the industry for the past five years because of over-capacity. The company will join

other refiners in presenting an industry-wide rationalis ation plan for south-east France at the end of January and restated its efforts to improve the profitability of its Shell Haven plant in the Thames estuary.

This is a set of very specific responses to our three weakest reflueries," said Mr Paul Skinner, director of Shell International Petroleum. The company's overall financial target was to achieve a 12 per cent return on average capital employed. "Refining has been in the single digits for 10 years ... It is unlikely the refining operations will meet that target in the next three to five years," he said.

The City was expecting more dramatic moves, and the shares fell just 1/2p to

"Refining is regarded as Shell's Achilles heel, but it is not just their problem", said Mr Nick Antill, oil ans-

hyst at BZW. Shell has refining capacity of 1.6m b/d in western Sprope and its 14 refineries have a 13 per cent murket By Nicholas Denton

Colt Telecommunications shrugged off the stockmarket plunge which has caused several companies to cancel flotation plans, and soared 13 per cent at the debut yesterday of its heavily oversubscribed offering.

Yesterday's closing share price of 310p - which values the company at £340m, about 11 times revenue - reflects the attraction to investors of alternative telecoms companies such as Colt, which are encroaching on the dominant European operators.

Through the share offering, and a parallel sale of high-yield debt, Colt is set to raise £190m to finance its expansion from the City of London to other main Euro-

pean financial centres. Fidelity, the US fund management company which has financed the three-year venture and owned 100 per cent, will see its shareholding fall to 73 per cent.

\_\_\_\_ 6 mitte to Sept 30s \_\_\_\_ 0 mitte to Sept 30 \_\_\_\_ 6 mitte to Sept 30

4.81

6.83

RESULTS

Colt, for which Morgan Stanley acted as global co-ordinator, first indicated a price range of 225-250p. Demand was so intense that Colt raised the issue price to 275p, but even at that level

five times subscribed. Wise Speke, Discovery Inns and Morgan Crucible have this week cancelled their flotation plans following last Friday's drop in world stock markets. But in the first day of trading on New York's Nasdaq market and the London Stock Exchange, unsatisfied

price, giving investors an immediate £11m profit. Although Colt took only £22.5m in revenue in the first nine months and continues to make losses, investors expect it ultimately to emulate US counterparts. One US alternative access provider, MFS Communica-

demand for Colt pushed its

shares 35p above the issue

The higher price achieved by Colt, and an expected 15 per cent increase in the issue size in response to demand, will generate proceeds of the offering was more than 285m, compared with the 266m first envisaged. At the same time, Colt has upped a parallel issue of high-yield debt to raise a further

Coit provides cut-price telecoms services to large institutions such as Reuters Bankers Trust, Midland Bank, the London Stock Exchange and the House of Commons, but is at present focused almost exclusively on the City of London.

The funds will finance its expansion as it builds a high-capacity fibre-optic telecoms network in Paris and attacks German business markets in cities including Berlin, Cologne, Munich and Hamburg. Colt said it expec ted to raise further capital in tions, was taken over earlier.

Jan 28 Jan 20

### Sterling's strength hits RJB

RJB Mining, the UK's biggest coal producer which bought most of British Coal's pits when the industry was privatised in 1994, became the latest victim of the strong pound yesterday.

RJB shares slid 23.7 per cent to 485p after the company's broker, BZW, warned that RJB would be forced to cut prices to fend off imported coal priced in US dollars. The potential effect on

profits is a significant set back for a company which had persuaded investors against significant odds to back it during an acrimonifor British Coal's pits. Rival bidders said RJB had paid too much and was in danger of overstretching itself.

The broker, which had been more bullish than independent analysis, cut its pre-tax profit forecast for 1997 by £40m to £192m (\$314.9m).

Mr Gordon McPhie, finance director, said the rise in sterling from an average \$1.50 to about \$1.65 would hit profitability.

RJB sells most of its output to electricity generators in the UK under long-term contracts. But according to BZW, RJB has no contracts for about 11m toones of its planued 35m tonnes output next year. The broker predicts the price of these tonnages will be cut by about £3/tonne, or 10 per cent, to

without a profit on 11m tonnes of production. The appreciation of sterling will also impact discussions which begin next year between RJB and its two main customers. National Power and PowerGen, about replacement contracts.

compete with dollar

imports, leaving the group

RJB shares are now on a prospective p/e of just 4.5 for 1997, offering a yield of 8

#### 700 (2.58) (23.5V) (4.46) (10.21) (106.2) (19) (18.9) (6.79) (5.41.) (44.4) (73.2) 2.21 17.1 7.3 0.1L 0.79 1.434 40.49 9.53 8 mins to Sept 30 79.3 (427) (154) (155) (122) (166) (25) (158) (226) (158) (158) (158) (158) (158) (178) **52.1**余 Tr to Sept 30 755.9 0 minutes to Sept 30 106.7 6 miles to Sept 30 37.3 7 7.5 0.3L 71,4 \_\_ Yr to Sept 30 \$ 442.1 0.375 (146.3 ) 10.1 (108.7 ) 34.2 (151.9 ) 5.08 (17.1 ) 3Ψ (383.2 ) 46.1 (1,566 ) 127.6Ψ (25.5 ) 0.205 (24.2 ) 4.78 6 miles to Sept 30 147.9Cl 6 miles to Sept 30 147.9Cl 6 miles to Sept 30 164.7 17 to Sept 30 13.2 8.4 8.55 20.5 8.4 7.6 1.5 2.3 Trio Sept 29 2,852 Treate to Sept 30 29,7 Trio Sept 30 24.4 (0.551 V) (4.22 ) (14.4 ) (1.47 ) (0.007 ) 6 with to Sept 28 6 mine to Sept 30 Yr to Sept 30 (80.8 ) (8.61 ) (24 ) (51.5 ) (9.27 ) (7.53 ) (1.46 ) (1.56 ) (0.742 ) \_\_ Yr to Sept 28 \_\_ Yr to Sept 30 51.5 ) 9.81 (60.5 ) 3.054 (8.49 ) 1.61 (23.1 ) 1.58 (5.33 ) 1.15 (102.2 ) 30.14 (3.48 ) 0.094 (1.23 ) 0.051 (1.33 ) 0.551 (1.33 ) 0.551 (1.27 ) 0.188 (3.72 ) (2.23 (3.38 ) 0.554 (3.72 ) 1.22 (3.38 ) 0.554 (3.47 ) 0.7764 (620.1 ) 80.8 5 miles to Sept 30 Precent helf \_\_\_\_\_\_ 6 mits to Oct 31 Beel Time Central \_\_\_\_ 6 mits to Sept 30 Sept Pickford \_\_\_\_\_ 6 mits to Sept 30 Spott Pickford \_\_\_\_ 6 mits to Sept 30 .11 18.5† (22.4 ) (0.1424) (0.132 ) (0.811 ) mage ) (0.79L) (0.79L) (0.14) (0.14) (0.02) (0.442L) (0.36) (1.54L) int \_\_ II from to Sept 30 § \_\_ 8 miles to Sept 30 8 miles to Sept 30

(0.034<u>4)</u> (1.31<u>4</u>) (1.55) (1.05) Yr to Sept 30 187.7 Yr to Sept 28 37.9 Cinp for Cos VCT \_\_\_\_\_ 7 paths to Oct 31 98.4 Fidelity Asian \_\_\_\_\_ 20 with to Oct 31 100.32 0.068 0.294 22 0.29 Earsings shown basic. Dividends shown not. Figures in brackets are for corresponding period. After exceptional charge. Violer exceptional crack. + includes 46p special. SUS currency I Final for current 15 month period to December to be paid at end of April. 10n increased capital. — Gross rental income. 10n reduced capital. • Alim stock. \*\* \*Comparatives for eight months. • SUSM stock. \*\* Comparatives restated. • SSAfter starse consolidation.

3.17

(0.314 ) (0.003 ) (0.064) (0.778 )

### ABBOTT KING & TROEN SOLICITORS & DANISH LAWYERS

Founded in 1991, and approved as the first multi-national partnership (MNP) in 1992, Abbott King & Troen is a commercial law firm with cross-border expertise

TENDER ANNOUNCEMENT

1. The Prime Ministry of the Republic of Turkey Privatization

ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. -The Company) through block sale.

2. The tender will be carried out by bargaining method through obtaining bids

3. The Information Memorandum prepared in respect of the Company and the

bidding specifications can be obtained from the PA at its address provided below

4. Bids are to be prepared in compliance with the bidding specifications and

submitted to the PA at its address provided below by no later than 18:00 hrs on

Monday, 27/1/1997. Bids submitted after the expiry of the period provided for

5. The PA is not subject to the 2886 State Tenders Law and is entirely free to

hmi Gürpinər Sokak No. 2 Çankaya 06680 ANKARA/TURKEY Phone: (90-312) 439 92 32 - 441 15 00

conduct the tender, to award the contract to any bidder deemed fit and if

necessary, to extend the period provided for submission of bids.

upon payment of TL 50.000.000 (fiftymillion TL, approximately US \$500).

Paid in Capital

TL 6.336 Billion

submission of bids will not be taken into consideration.

Administration (PA) will privatize the below stated portion of

the state-owned shares in Iron and Steel Works Inc. (Eregil Demir

**Public Shares** 

offered for sale

30% - 40%

REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

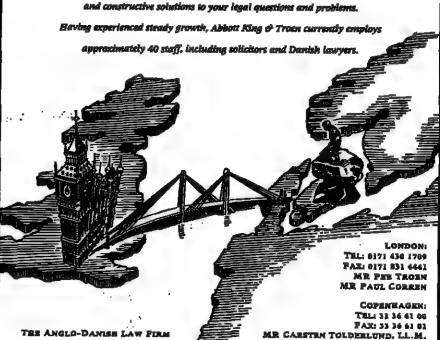
PRIME MINISTRY

PRIVATIZATION

ADMINISTRATION

in bridging the English and Danish legal systems.

Out tole is to give your business dealings legal efficacy and to bring creative



### The Offer to the Shareholders in Terra Mining AB

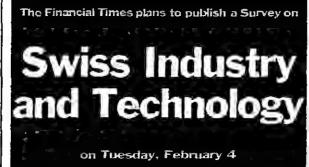
William Resources Inc. offers, through the Swedish subsidiary WRI Holding AB, SEK 162:50 for each share in Terra Mining AB.

Last day to accept the Offer is December 12, 1996. Payment for shares that have been accepted in accordance with the Offer is expected to be made on December 20, 1996.

Required financing has been secured by William Resources Inc. and the Board of Directors of Terra Mining has recommended the shareholders to accept the Offer.

Prospectus and acceptance form may be obtained from D. Carnegie AB, Telephone +46 8 676 8500. Prospectus and acceptance form has also been sent to those who on November 12, 1996 where registered as shareholders in Terra Mining.

William Resources Inc., which has its Headquarters in Toronto, Canada, is a natural resource precious metals producing company. The Company owns and runs the Rustler's Roost Gold Mine in Northern Territory, Australia, the Jacobina Gold Mine in Brazil, the Velardeña Mine in Mexico and the Ballarat East Gold Project in Victoria in South Australia. The Company is also, through the BLM Service Group providing contracting and engineering services and products to the international mining industry. The Company is listed on the Stock Exchanges in Toronto and Sydney.



For further information please contact John Rolley on Tel: +41 22 731 1604 or fax: +41 22 731 9481

For the 3 month interest Period December 9, 1996 to March 10, 1997 the Rate of Interest has been set at 6.51563 per Conf. per annum with Interest Amounts of £162.44 and £1,624.44 payable per £10,000 and £100,000 Notae, camerideet. The release respectively. The relevant Interest Payment Date is March 10, 1997. By: The Chase Manhattan Beni December 11, 1996 OCHASE

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Anglo Irish Bankcorp

Anolo Irish Bank

Corporation plc

Floating Mate Notes due 1998

#### INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

## Gilts catch up as Europe moves sideways Local buying

GOVERNMENT BONDS

By Samer Iskandar in London and Lisa Bransten in New York

European bond markets moved sideways yesterday in price data will probably the absence of significant economic data releases. UK meeting in favour of delaygilts, however, managed a ing consideration of an interhealthy rise, outperforming est rate increase," said Mr German bunds and other

future settled at 1102, up 1/2. price inflation has slowed to In the cash market, the 10- an annualised rate of 2.1 per year benchmark gilt rose 🕯 cent in November, its lowest to 100를, its yield spread over the equivalent bund tightening by 6 basis points to 187

up with other markets after underperformance.

inspiration from the policy meeting between Mr Kenneth Clarke, the chancellor, and Mr Eddie George, the Bank of England governor.

"The November producer swing the argument at the Stephen Lewis, chief economist at the London Bond Liffe's March long gilt Broking company. Producer

level this year. However Ms Sharda Persaud, an economist at San Paolo Bank in London, pre-Analysts said the rise was dicts that a rise in interest technical, with gilts catching rates, although not imminent, will become inevitable several consecutive weeks of in order to achieve the gov-

Traders will today seek cent consumer price infla- Analysis said the French the base rate to rise by 50 worries that no agreement 100% to yield 6.476 per cent basis points in the next counle of months.

> In France, the December notional contract at Matif. nomic and monetary union. the futures exchange, rose in early trading, before reversing its gains to close 0.24 lower at 128.70.

Although the session was temporarily interrupted early in the afternoon by a bomb scare in the Paris switched to Globex, the elecreserved for after-hours deal

In the cash market, the 10year yield spread of bunds over OATs tightened to 4 basis points, from 7 points benchmark bund closed ernment's target of 2.5 per almost unchanged at 103.40.

would be reached on a stabil- and the two-year note was ity pact for countries participating in European eco-

"If [European officials] fail to agree a stability pact at the Dublin summit [next traders paid some attention weekend] the franc could to the BTM/Schroders index easily weaken to FFr3.40 of weekly chain-store sales, against the D-Mark", said Mr David Brown, chief European economist at Bear Stearns. "This will not bolster investor confidence in tronic system usually French assets." The franc and tomorrow, but econotrading at FFr3.383 to the D-Mark, down from

FF13.379 on Monday. US Treasuries edged lower in quiet trading as the focus switched to data due to be released later this week and on signs of strengthening

Near midday, the 30-year energy components - will tion. San Paolo Bank expecis market was vulnerable to Treasury was 4 lower at advance 0.3 per cent. That is down 1 to 99% yielding 5.692 per cent. The March 30-year

bond future fell 1 to 114%. There was little important economic data released, but which showed a 1 per cent uptick last week.

Data on November pro-

in set to be released today mists do not expect the figures to show an increase in wholesale or retail inflation. Mr David Munro, chief US economist at High Frequency Economics, believes

core consumer and producer

price indices - which

slightly ahead of the consensus forecast, but he still sees no signs of inflationary pressure in the economy.

Bonds came under some pressure from a decline in the dollar against the yen and the D-Mark. In early trading, it was changing hands at Y113.28 and DM1.5526 against Y113.42 and DM1.5575 on Monday. • The Deutsche Terminborse (DTB), Germany's

futures and options exchange, is planning to add a two-year interest rate future to its product rance. Trading in the new contract is expected to begin in the first quarter of 1997. It is being launched to meet sed interest from participants in short-term capiexclude the volatile food and tal market instruments.

# buoys Shanghai **B-share prices**

By Tony Walker

Shanghai B-shares leapt by more than 12 per cent yesterday as predominantly local investors poured funds into the market

China's B-shares - the only mainland-listed securities in which foreigners are allowed to invest - have staged a remarkable turnround since registering an all-time low a month ago. Brokers have attributed

the rise to renewed confidence among the Chinese that they can buy B-shares without being punished. Officially, domestic buying of the foreign currency-denominated shares is banned. The Shanghai market index has risen by about 90 per cent to 84.53 from a low on November 11 of 44.68. The index's high was 105.78 in

December 1993. Mr Gary Zheng, an analyst at Jardine Fleming, attributed the surge to local investors seeking to take advantage of the price difference between A and market to go higher before falling back.

away," he said. "But maybe the government will close the door [to local investors] and the market will plummet...that would be a

Investors believe the wide gap between A-shares and would narrow. Chinese stock feed the market. market regulators say they plan to merge the two markets, but have given no time-

The authorities loosened restrictions on local inves-

7.22 7.74 7.82 7.90

8.95 7.82 7.86 7.79

7.15 7.65 7.73 7.80

shares, denominated in USdollars in Shanghai and Hong Kong-dollars in Shenzhen - China's two bourses - after November's market erling rebo

1.3

-67 N

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大の変数では

**学生等性** 

But regulators will almost certainly be concarned about the wild speculation which is propelling the B-share market, with investors going after languishing second and third-tier stocks whose earnings have been dismal due largely to a lingering credit

What we're seeing is a lot of stir-frying of dog stocks," said Mr Bruce Richardson of HG Asia in Shanghal. "There's nothing in the fundamentals to justify this. But this is liquidity-driven, and there is a lot more money to come in."

The Shenzhen B-share market fell back yesterday, dropping 2.15 per cent to 193.87 after recent heady rises. Brokers attributed the fall to profit-taking.

China's announcement that it would make its cur-B-shares. He expects the rency convertible on the current account by the end of the year has helped spur "I don't think the tempera-ture will cool down right of expectations that this would facilitate the merging of foreign and local currency markets, but Chinese officials have sought to cool such speculation.

Mr Zheng said thousands of new 8-share trading accounts had been opened in B-shares - which until Shanghai over the past week recently were trading at a or so. Investors were also discount of 80 per cent - scrambling for dollars to

> "This is total speculation," he said. "Many of these investors don't know much about the stocks, they just know B-shares are lower than A-shares."

--- Low coupon yield -- - Medium coupon yield --- High coupon yield --- Disc 10 Dec 9 Yr. ago Dec 10 Dec 8 Yr. ago Dec 10 Dec 9 Yr. ago

7.22 7.29 6.96 7.26 7.35 7.82 7.71 7.68 7.59 7.06 7.84 7.74 7.75 7.50 7.70

**UK Indices** 

SALE OFFICE PARKETS

### **Argentina taps D-Mark** sector for further DM1bn

#### INTERNATIONAL BONDS By Conner Middelmann

Emerging-market borrowers came to the eurobond market for a year-end issuing another jumbo D-Mark offer-

ing for the Republic of

Argentina, which has built un an impressive D-Mark yield curve this year, ranging from three-year to 30year maturities, issued DMIbn of bonds maturing late February 2005 and priced to yield 295 basis

CS First Boston, joint bookrunner with Deutsche Morgan Grenfell, the deal saw- helped by the fact that there healthy demand from German and Swiss retail

WORLD BOND PRICES

points over bunds.

tranchise Argentina has in the D-Mark market," he said. "All its previous deals have worked well and [the

spreads | have tightened Other dealers complained binge yesterday, including that the deal was too tightly priced and launched too close to year-end, but the CS First Boston official said: "The people who buy this AAA for senior debt - are paper don't look at spreads this is the only deal where they can get a nice high cou-

pon at a price below par." Union Bank of Switzerland scored a success in the sterling market, where its 2250m of 10-year subordi-According to an official at nated bonds were snapped good start," said an official up by UK and Swiss institutions. The transaction was has been no 10-year sterling issumos since Ranson Trust announced some weeks ago

"It shows what a strong that it was buying back Oversubscription caused the launch spread of 89 basis points over gilts to narrow to 36 during the session. Investors did not seem daunted by the fact that UBS's credit ratings with Standard and Poor's - AA+ for subordinated debt and

> under review for possible downgrade, dealers said. Aviobank became the first Russian bank to tap the eurobond market, with a \$25m offering of six-month floating-rate notes. "It's a small offering, but it's a at lead HSBC Markets. "More Russian banks are likely to tan the market next year because of the dollar-ised nature of their balance sheets."

OF SCHOOL S	Amount	Compos	Price	Metally	7	Spread lap	Book-rupetr
ioboper(e) ioboper(b) oyenische Hypo oreningsbenken(c); oreningsbenkent); dower Benkt; ioboek Utiliodelen(f)+ anco Torriquist;	250 100 200 100 100 150 100 75	10.506 9.875# 8.00 (c1) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d)	98.441R 99.823R 99.945R 99.735R 99.717R 100.00R 99.879R 100.00R	Dec 2008 Dec 2004 Jan 2000 Undated Dec 2003 Jan 2002 Dec 2004 Deg 1996	1.00R 0.75R 0.20R 0.625R 0.50R 0.25R 0.625R 0.50R	+375/574-01 +15/574Nov99 +350/574/6-98	Citibank inservational Citibank international Particas Capital Markets Setomon Brothers Inti Setomon Brothers Inti ABN/HSBC/Symitomo Bank of Boston. Dautsche Morgan Grant
public of Argentineia)	1ian	8.50	99.50R	Feb 2005	1.125R	-285(7WN-05	CSFB/Owselm MG
SHESS FINANCS Ingdom of Sweden STERLING	200	4.00	101.56	Jan 2007	275		Gredit Strass
BS, London Branch	250	8.00	99.527	Jan 2007	0.35R	+39(7%%-06)	U85
TOTAL SING COME	2.8bn	4.76	101.86	Jan 2002	1.625	4.7	BCEE/BGL/BIL
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AUSTRALIAN DCLLARS	100	T.MI	101 11	hu 2002	2.00		Teresto-Dominion Bank

th Uniteted. \$ Floating-rate note. If Senti-annual coupon, R: Fleet re-offer prior; fees shown at re-offer level, it Callable for 20/12/01 at 10/14/6 failing 19/15 pa to par. b) Callable a putable on 20/12/01 at 92/14/6 and 98/19/6. c) Callable from D 01 at per. c1] 3-min Libor +350p. b Dec 01, then +250p. d 3-min Libor +350p. b Callable 2 putal on 13/12/98 & 01 at per. (1) 914/6 to 13/12/98, then 914/6 to 13/12/01, then 10/14/6. a) Short 1st coupon.

banks have raised money in the syndicated bank loan market, paying interest mar-

During the last eight lar to Avtobank's coupon of Globez Utilidades launched months, several Russian 550 basis points over Libor. \$100m of eight-year bonds Elsewhere, Globopar, the Brazilian media group, launched \$250m of 10-year

Up to 5 years (21) 5-15 years (19) Over 15 years (7) Irredoemables (8)

FTSE Actuaries Govt. Securities

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Tue Dey's Mon Dee 10 change % Dec 8

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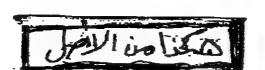
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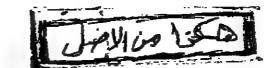
via Bank of Boston; and Banco Argentina's Tormquist issued \$75m of gins of between 450 and 600 and \$100m of eight-year two-year paper via Deutsche basis points over Libor, simi-bonds, via Citibank; Brazil's Morgan Grenfell.

9.44 5 yrs 11.88 15 yrs 11.85 20 yrs 18.47 irred.1

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#### CURRENCIES AND MONEY

# Sterling rebounds further on Japanese buying

MARKETS REPORT

By Simon Kuper

trading ahead of the Euro- the yen to Y113.3. pean Union's Dublin summit

Sterling gained half a cent against the dollar and 0.3 leading partner in the Gerin London yesterday to close at \$1.652 and DM2.567. Traders said some Japanese the first stage in 1999, delayvide against outstanding But the lira recovered later, loans to Eurotunnel.

new record for the US cur- rency at L985.6. The D-Mark rent account deficit, because the shortfall was funded by record purchases by foreign investors of US treasury bonds. The US currency softened against the D-Mark and yen, partly on early talk that Kampo, the Japanese public fund, would hedge its foreign bond holdings because of the dollar's recent strength. The dollar was sup-

POUND SPOT FORWARD AGAINST THE PO

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ported by an optimistic survey of National Association unsure what talks on the of Purchasing Management proposed stability pact for members.

The D-Mark initially probably be the main topic and the Christmas holidays. surged against the lira, on in Dublin later this week. reports that the CDU, the closing just L0.8 down rose from SFr0.853 to a new 30-month high of SFr0.854 against the Swiss franc, as

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Swiss monetary policy was

expected to remain loose.

■ Currency strategists are The pound continued its The US currency fell 0.3 The pact, which would be rebound from last week's pfennigs against the D-Mark down fiscal targets that plunge, on a day of slack to DM1.554 and Y0.1 against states joining Emu must meet for years to come, will

Strategists disagree on whether negotiations have pfennigs against the D-Mark man coalition, would seek to gone smoothly. Germany is prevent Italy from joining pushing for a strict pact; the European monetary union at other states want a looser one. Mr John Bruton, the banks bought pounds to pro- ing its entry to 2002 instead. Irish prime minister, said yesterday that the German Chancellor Helmut Kohl and The dollar shrugged off a against the German cur- the French President Jacques Chirac bad made progress towards a deal at their meeting in Nuremberg on-

> issue was still unresolved. Mr Michael Burke, senior London, warned yesterday rather walk out on talks, delaying a pact, than agree to a weak document. If they

> > 104.4 105.1 106.9 84.4 107.7 106.9 68.8 102.9 105.2 106.2 99.7 95.1 78.5 86.2 105.4

Monday. But he said the



doubts about whether Emu would occur, he said. That could shake up continental European currencies.

But the markets had barely allowed for this risk, economist at Citibank in is pricing in Emu as a done deal. I'm not even sure there that the Germans would is any degree of nervousness approaching the Dublin ments on the asset markets did so, that could create by Mr Alan Greenspan,

> Low Est. vol Open int. 32,696 28,423 135

> > 7.44 2.45 2.26 1.95 1.33 1.27 0.86 0.82 0.81 0.48

PUTS Jan

0.32 0.49 0.73

0 09 0.23 0.44

Feb

0.52 0.71

3.18 2.62 2.17

. 1*2*1 0.94

1.63

فلنحة

مخلا

1.18 0.36 0.59

Dac

0.80 0.46 0.35

43,758 12,384 2,250

Div.

chairman of the Federal Reserve, he added: "There's day said there was little a degree of irrational exuber- scope for the euro to fall ance relating to Emu." Delays on a stability pact that if the currencies likely

would hit the lira and boost to merge into Emu joined at the D-Mark, currency strate- current exchange rates, the gists said. Conversely, a euro would be fairly valued loose pact would hit all pro- against the US currency. If spective Emu currencies the lira and peseta joined

rus of French politicians outpean currency to be weak stance on short-term interest against the dollar. Many rates in order to force the French politicians think a euro sharply below its fair weak euro would boost their country's exports.

H OT	ER C	بزجيمه	<b>MES</b>	
Dac 10		2		
			A 27 4630	
			7 160.318	
ican Company			900000	
Teamir Poisson			0.2998	
			2,8580	
BAE			36729	

against the dollar. It said

against the dollar and the Emu, it would be 2 per cent undervalued. The risk premium on the dollar, due to Mr Edouard Balladur, the high US current account France's former prime minis- deficit, would likely exceed ter, yesterday joined the cho- any euro risk premium. "The future European censide government in calling tral bank would need to for the planned single Euro- adopt an aggressively easy

value," concluded Goldman Sachs. "Although France may want the euro to be a cheap currency, it is not brought about."

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WORLD	WORLD INTEREST RATES													
MONEY R	ATES													
Decumber 10	Over	One	Tranc	Stx	One	Lomb.	Dis.	Page 1						
	night	month	mstas	mths	year	THE .	هروي							
Belgium	34	32	34	32	27	6.00	2.50							
France	32	32	3%	34	31	3.20	-	4.75						
Germany	37	34	37	32	314	4.50	2.50	3.00						
Ireland	515	57	54 54	5%	6	_	_	6.25						
italy	83	74	714	62	61.	9.00	7.50	7.83						
Netherlands	216	32	3	24	32	_	3.00	3.30						
Switzerland	12	28	23	2.	2%	-	1.00	-						
US	54	52	2 <u>3</u> 55	52	5.4	-	5.00	-						
April 1	Ž.	å	<u> </u>	7.	es.	-	0.50	-						
I I LEDR FT	nedon													
Interberik Fixing		52	54	53	50	-	_	_						
US Dollar COs	_	4.88	5.06	5.13	5.29	-	_	-						
ECU Linked De	-	43	44	5%	45	_	-	_						
SDR Linked Ds	-	83	3.2	3%	31	-	-	_						
& LIBOR Imerber	nk filolog mil		Hered 198	es for S	310m cuc	ted to ti	ne marke	d by four						
reference banks (	et 11 pays eac	h worldn	a day. Ti	he benk	s are: Ba	Nors Tru	st, Benk	of Tokyo						
Mitsubishi, Barcie							Manage							
Mild makes are show	IN IEEE VINE COOR	Desire Dia	<b>19</b> 1400.	USS CL	# 600 F	aun um	o below	a ha						
EURO CU	RRENG	Y IN	TERE	ST	MATE	3								
Dec 10	Short	7 day	s (	One	Three	91		One						
	term	notic		onth	months			year						
Belgian Franc	314 - 215	34 . 2	45 9.2	- 35	314 - 3	3₫ -	24 2	د الا - عام						
Danish Krons	312 - 31	313 - 3	15 212	31	311 - 31			3 - 36						
D-Mark	312 - 272	376	20 311 3 311	3.5	3/2 - 3/			15 - 317 13 - 015						
Dutch Guilder	212 - 212	211 - 3		215	31 - 21			4 . 32						
French Franc	33 - 34	313		3.7	316 - 31		314 3	3.7						

Dec 10	Short	7 days notice	One month	Three months	Sb: months_	One year
Belgian Franc			34 - 34		3/2 - 3/4	3/4 - 34
Danish Krons	312 - 318		3 <u>13</u> - 3 <sup>1</sup> 2	311 - 312	311 - 313	333 - 35
D-Mark	318 - 22		311 - 35	312 - 345		313 - 31
Dutch Guilder			3/2 - 2/2	316 - 211		34 - 32
French Franc	33 - 34		3,7 . 3.3			312 - 3,7
Portuguesa Es		6社 - 時	613 - 64	618 - 612		6-5 - B
Spanish Pasets		617 - 617	6j] - 6j <sup>5</sup>		62 - 63	5 <sub>2</sub> - 6
Starling	512 - 514		64 - 60	6발 - 6합	612 - 616	8] - 8 <u>1</u>
Swiss Franc		1性 - 1년	24 - 24	54 - 54	24 . 24	24 - 24
Can. Dollar	34 - 27		34 25	34. 34.	34 - 34	312 - 31
US Dollar	5 <sub>16</sub> - 5 <sub>16</sub>		54 - 54	5년 · 5년	5일 - 5년	57 - 51
itellen Lira	83 - 712		78 7	744 - 74	에 - <del>에</del>	65 - 6
Yan .	- A - 11	월 - 최	da - ig	4	79 - W	12 - 33
Asian \$5ing	3/6 - 3/4	24 - 34	312 - 318	342 - 34	312 - 314	312 - 84
Short form rates JE THERETE NO.	DINTH PIB	no us domi er futuri	enciter, od ES (MATE)P	hans: Two cas Hanis Interbar	ys: notice. Yk offered ra	to .
- 0	pen Şett	price Chen	ge High	Low	Est vol	Open in
Dec B	6.55 96	.52 -0.0	3 96.55	96,52	3.57%	35.945
	5.59 96	.56 -0.0	3 96.61	96.55	11,082	62,927
Jun 9	6.55 98	.52 -0.0	96.56	98.51	4,854	37,809
B THREE IN		OHARK FR	TURBS (L	FFEY DM1	m points of	ייניסטר ו
C	pen Satt	price Chen	ge High	Low	Est. vol	Open in
Dec 9	B.77 96.	78 -	96.77	98.74	16684	185998
Mary D	20 20 25	0.4	08.06	66 03	44005	200203

te	by Mr	Alan	Gree	nspan		4400				To subscr	be, cal	+44 171	573 4	378	Dec	96.55 95.59	96.52 96.56	-0.03 -0.03	96.55 96.61	96.52 96.55	11.082	35,945 62,927
_															Am.	96.55	98.52	-0.03	96.50	98.51	4.854	37.809
							_	_			_				1							
	DOLL	AR SP	OT FO	HAVAF	RD AGA	INST TO	4E DO	LAF.							B THREE	HOLD	ELECTA	RK FUT	HOS ITH	FE) DM1	n points of	ויטטר י
	Dec 10		Closind	~	Print bellen	No. 14		0				<b>4</b>		Marian		Open	Satt price	Change	High	LOW	Est. vol	Open int.
	D40 10		mid-point	Change on day	Bid/offer erwad	high	low	Que za	%PA	Three m	%PA	One yes	96PA		Dec	96.77	96.78		96.77	98.74	16684	185998
			Itio poss	Oil Gill	d-sec	1001	10 W	Pigent/	APT PA	Limit	ж	Linear	797 74	-	Mar	98.85	95.84	-	98.85	96.83	11892	208292
	<b>Graps</b>														Jim	96.60	96.79		96.81	98.77	21032	175269
u	Austria	(Soli)			310 - 364	10,9560		10.919	1.6	10.8737		10,6787		104.1	Sep	96.70	96.88	-	96.70	66.65	12407	140659
5,1	Belghum	(BPr)			300 - 500			31.98	2.2	31.8525	2.3	31.3125		104.8	II CHE III	OUTH E	Unchiano	FUTUES	S (LIFFE	DM3m	plots of 10	20%
	Derzmerk 2	(DIC)			465 - 485	5.9806		5,9386	1.8	5.9202	1.5	5.8385		106.2			_		_			
14	Finland Finnan	FM			449 - 524	4,8801	4.8395	4,8309	2.3	4.6212	2.4	4,5387		83,7		Open	Sett price		High	LOW	Est. vol	
	Germany	(FFI) (DM			550 - 570 535 - 542	5.2647 1.5579	5.2453 1.5504	5,2477 1,561	1.9 2.2	5,2297 1,5451	2.0 2.3	5.154 1.5203		107.4	Dec	96.70	2.70	-0.01	96.70	96.70	1	3973
3	Genece	Dr)			380 - SE2	245.290		246.515	-7.5	249.085	-87	260.11	-6.2	1064	Jan	96.91	96.89	-0.01	96.91	96.89	2115	5241
	Irelanti	96) (Mai			550 - 570	1.8820	1.8505	1,6555	0.3	1,6582	92	1.8823	-6.2		Feb	96.91	98.89	-0.01	96.91	95.59	1470	2856
29	7000	- 71	1807.96		120 - 270	1534.61	1527.77	1585.12	-2.5	1541.55	-2.5	1554.8		77.6	Mar	96.89	96.88	-	96,199	96.89	70	1210
6	Limerabouro	LH			300 - 500	32,1170		31.96	22	31.8525	28	31.3125		104.2		<b>ECHTH</b>		A FUTUR	SE (LET	EL F1000M	opoints of	100%
12	Netherlands	Ä	1.7431		428 - 433	1.7510		1,7393	26	1.7313	2.7	1.6958		104.8		Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Open Int.
17	Norway	FM(r)			829 - 549	6.5D18	6.4655	6.4802	0.7	6.4745	0.6	5.4480	0.5		Per	92.86	DE-77	-0.09	92.86	92.75	B987	50850
Ē1	Portugal	Œ			970 - 070	157.B90		157-225	-1.6	157.52	-1.3	188,295	-0.8		Dec	93.62	93.52	-0.08	92.00 53.63	03.49		84051
1.5	Scein	(Plai	130,695		670 - 720	121,100	130,476	130,675	-1.7	131,135	-1.3	131.8	-0.8		3.0	93.98	93.89	-0.05		93.49	14207	50150
12	Sweden	ŠKri			264 - 399	6.8634	6.8228	6.8274	0.5	6.8175	0.7	6.7702	0.9				94.03		93.97		4938	
i.a	Settzerlend	(9P)			262 - 266	1,2306	1,3220	1 3227	3.5	1,3149	3.5	1,282	3.4		Sep	R4.10	-	-0.04	P4.12	94.01	2933	28224
2	UK	(D)	1,6517		512 - 522	1,6560	1,6485	1,6509	0.6	1,5484	0.8	1.6346	1.0		IN THREE I	ONTH E.	RO SWIES	TANC PU		FFE SFrim	points of 10	096
-	Eco	-	1,2414	+0.0007	407 - 420	1.2447	1.2390	1,3428	-1.3	1.2459	-1.4	1.2625	-1.7	-		Ореп	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Open Int.
-	SDR†	-	0.895626	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	Dec	07.78	87.78	-0.01	97.79	87.76	2405	24240
	Accordance														Mar	97.85	97.88		97.88	97.84	3589	34658
-	Argentina	(Page)	0.9999	-	995 - 999	0.9999	0.9998	-	-	-	-		-	-	Jun	97.76	97.79	+0.01	07.61	97.75	1341	15896
-	Brazil	(PS)	1,0361	+0.0015	360 - 362	1.0365	1.0350	-	-		-	-	-	-	840	97.60	97.64	≥0.00	97.64	97.60	621	6670
L1	Carredo.	(CS)	1,3568	+0.0018	565 - 570	1.3572	1,3543	1,3544	2.1	1,3494	22	1.3219	2.8	64.7			MANONE					
-		pv Payo)	7.8700	-0.03	650 - 790	7.8770	7.3540	7.966	-18.0	8.2545	-19.5	9.115	-15.8		- 11		- WIN	, 701 W	ELF P	1 Trooms	Carlos Cr. III	271
Ļ1	UBA	(8)		-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	96.9		Open	Sett price	Change	High	CP	Est. vol	Open int.
_		in Bost/													Dec		99,48	-0.01			8	10/0
5	Australia	(AS)			470 - 478	1,2495	1.2466	1,2486	-1,4	1.2508	-1.1	1.25周	-0.7	97.A	Mer		99,44	-0.01			ō	n/e
-	Hong Kong	(HKS)			320 - 330	7.7330	7.7315	7.7324	0.0	7.7329	αo	7,744	-0.1	-	Juen	99.32	99.32	-0.02	N. 32	00.32	250	n/s
-	india	(Po)	35,8800		500 - 100	35.9470	35.8450	36.095	-7.2	36.555	-7.5	-	-	-	D. THEFE	BOUTH	ECU FUTT	N 200	FFI Fout	m nomis c	210094	
-	larael	(SH4)	3,2829		789 - 868	3.2890	3.2780												_			
2	Japan	ന	113,345		300 - 390	118.700	113,030	112.87	5.0	111.865	5.2	107 MS		128.0		Ореп	Sett price	Change	High	LOW	Est. voi	Open int.
-	Maleyale	(10)	2.5234		253 - 255	2.5250	2.5230	2.5265	-1 <i>A</i>	2.5316	-1.3	2.5529	-1.2	-	Dec	95.61	95.81	-0.03	96.83	95.81	470	7855
7	New Zealand	· •,	1.4296		296 - 306	1.4318	1.4180	1,4351	-4.6	1.43	-2.7	1.4700	-29	-	NAME:	95.92	85.88	-0.02	95.92	95.69	770	7978
	Proppines	(Pesc)	26,2900		500 - 300	28.3300	26.2500	-	-			-		•	Jun	95,92	25.01	-0.01	95.93	95.91	308	2007
	Sauxii Arabia	257	3,7505		503 - 507	3.7506	3.7502	3,7508	-0.1	• 7510	-0.1	3.7591	-0.1	•	Sep	95.88	95.87	-0.01	95.88	96.86	293	3189
•	Singapore	(86)	1,4000		995 - 005	1,4013	1.2000	1.3978	1.8	1.3932	1,9	1.372	2.0	-	- LETE AME	TO 600 EX	end on APT					-
-	Boulh Altes	F9	4.6880		865 - 905	4.5910	4,6850	4,7267	-10.4	4,8007	-0.9	5.1105	-02	-	# EUROL	SA OFT	OMS (LFF	E) L1000n	r poirm o	100%		
•	South North	(Won)	896.500		300 - 700	836,800	835.200	-	-		-	-	-	-	Birtha		CAL	I de man			PUTS -	
-	Tomas	(13)	27.5000		800 - 200	27.5270	27.A760	27.5001	0.0	27.5003	9.0	45.45	-	-	Piton	De			un .	Dag	Mar —	Jun
•	Thefund	(30)	25.570		800 - 800	25.5800	25.5590	25.86	-42	25.8275	-4.0	25,405	-3.5	-				-				
	† SEOR male p	y & for D	ec 9. Bidlo		s in the Dol	er Sper tabl	e show on	y the last	Prote de	cirul piace	s. Fores		P POL	200	R275	0.07		-	29	0.05	0.06	0.00
-	quoted to the		and company		of the latest divine the			يغيمية عو	E UG 0	시티콘트리아 아니	o management	111.		A 100	9300	0.0	0.63	2 1,	02	0.24	0.10	0.13

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1.830 1.640 1.850

Strike Price

0.635

<b>≘</b> D-M	ARK FUTU	(1444)	DM 125,0	00 per Di	A		M JAPAN	FINE YEAR	HURSE (MA	9 Yen 12.5	per Yen 100		
Dec Mar Jun	Open 0.6424 0.6460 0.8510	0.6458 0.6459 0.6520	Change +0.0028 +0.0029 +0.0022	High 0.6453 0.6489 0.6520	Low 0.6424 0.6455 0.6510	Est. vol 38,797 24,114 206	Open Int. 49,216 32,553 4,194	Disc Mar Jun	0.8818 0 0.8986 0	Lainet Char 0.8835 +0.00 1.9954 =0.00 1.9082 -	XXX 0.8850		8st. vo 32,695 28,423 185
II SIN	IN ITWICE	SULT VINES	(MM) SE	125,000	DES SET			R STEEL	SIC PUTUR	er inny ess	2 veq 008		
Dec Mor Jun	0.7642 0.7589 0.7675	0.7570 0.7631 0.7692	+0.0029 +0.0020	0.7570 0.7631 0.7692	8.7524 0.7578 0.7674	25,572 23,496 10	41,437 27,132 1,301	Dec Mar Jun	1,8440 1	.5488 +0.00 .5450 +0.00 .5420 +0.00	1,652	1.6438	29,230 10,891 129
	INTERE							Dec 10	UROPEA Sou cen.	_	Change	ANT RA	96 sp
Dec 10	ON NO	Over- raight	7 days	One	Three months	Six months	One	Ireland Finland	0.798709 5.85424	0.754252 5.79756	-0.001532 -0.00054	-5.57 -0.97	· 74
Intertrant Sterling ( Treasury		511 - 2	58t - 5H	64 - 6 64 - 64 51 - 54	6% - 6% 6% - 6%		6% - 6% 6% - 6%	Portugal Spain Italy	197.396 163.826 1906.48	163.030 1908.95	+0.182 -0.003 -0.26	0.13	2: 1.5 1.5
Bank Sill Local au			54 - 54 5대 - 5년	6 - 54 64 - 8	واع - ياء	62 - 64 64 - 64	64-64	Hetherina Belgium Germany Austria	de 2.16979 39,7191 1.92573 13,5485	39.9581 1.93793	40.00093 40.00045 40.00045	0.63	1.2 0.6 0.0
-	ung benk bes	e lending t		carst from:	October 30	, 1998	0.19	Dentruik France	7.34555 £45 <b>8</b> 53		+0.00057		9.0

Sterling CDs Treasury Site Bank Bills Lecal authority dept. 5% 5% Decount Merket dept 6% 5% 5% UK cleaning bank base lending it	574 - 554 514 - 518	513 - 574 6 - 574 6 - 6	64 - 64 64 - 64	5 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 -	64 · 64	Spate Italy Notherlands Belgium Germany Austria Demparis France
	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	8-8	9-12	1
	month	TRIONID:	montes	<b>POINTS</b>	<b>PROFATE</b>	NON ERM N
Carts of Tax dep. (£100,000)	212	512	5	5	4%	Greece
Carts of Tox days, under \$100,000 is Ave. typidar rate of discount on De- ug care Not 29, 1996. Agreed rate it Reference rate for period Nov 1, 199 House Base Rate 612pt from Dec 1,	8, 6,0773pc y panod Dec 16 to Nov 29,	25, 1998 t	d asse 50g.   o .len 25. 19	Squar Pires 07. Schulus	PM / D10G.	Ecu central rates Percentage chirr between two sto currincy, and sh central rate. 17/1
II THRIE MORTH STERLÎN		CO (LIFFE	£500,000	points of	100%	E PINADI

Deg Mar	93.63 93.47	93.62 93.43	-0.01	93.48	93.42	9241	94415
-kin	93,18	93.15	+0 01	93,15	93,13	7752	85566
Sep	92.98	92.97	+0.03	82.58	<b>52.33</b>	3144	55833
Oec	92,80	92.81	+0.04	92.51	92.78	1987	40919
			1966 (1966 (1976) 1986 (1976)		-	£ 100%	
ROHS I	T STERLE	IC OPTIC			-	# 100% - PUTS -	
	T STEPLE	CA	LLS		-		Jun
es estica Strike Price	7 511001	GA OPTIO	LLS	2500,00	O points o	Mar 0.19	0.44
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Quickly: How does that affect you? SAL-TIME STOCKS, CURPOICES, BOMES

TENFORE

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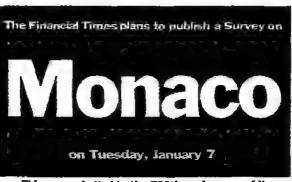
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### COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

### Call for more disclosure on LME metal positions

By Kenneth Gooding, Wining Correspondent

Clients with large positions on the London Metal Exchange should be forced by law to give details of these positions on a regular basis, an independent academic study urges today. The report, drawn up in the wake of the Sumitomo copper trading scandal, also calls for reform of the UK's Financial Services Act to make market manipubest deterrent to manipulation

economics at Queen Mary and Westfield College. It calls for the same treatment of positions on all London's futures markets.

Mr Gilbert says the reporting of positions should distinguish those built up to offset over-the-counter contracts - and in the case of the LME should be extended to metal in the exchange's warehouses.

"Increased transparency is the since market participants can act The study - Manipulation of early to close out positions when Metals Futures: Lessons from they see evidence of the emer- per market, possibly from as early Sumitomo - was written by Mr gence of a potentially manipula- as 1985, but certainly in 1991~96.

tive situation," he says. "Publica- He insists the Financial Services tion of aggregated position information can act as a significant impediment to manipulation."

Mr Gilbert urges the SIB to introduce a US-style system for all London markets. The US Commodities Futures Trading Commission requires clients with large positions to report exchange positions every Tuesday. The information is released in aggregate form in weekly reports.

Mr Gilbert argues that Sumitomo manipulated the world cop-

Act does not make market manipulation illegal - even though the Securities and investment Board, the UK securities watchdog, suggests it does. The act should be changed "to make illegal any exercise of monopoly power in futures markets which has the effect of generating artificial offexchange prices".

US experience suggests prosecutions are difficult to bring. "The emphasis should be on prevention rather than prosecution. And the key element in prevention is client position reporting," he says.

While this would force the introduction of an element of extra-territoriality into financial services legislation, "the fact that financial transactions can easily be relocated across national boundaries" makes it inevitable. "From this perspective, the practical issue is to avoid conflicts between the reg-

from other futures markets expected later this month.

nlations introduced by different

Mr Gilbert suggests it would be because of its very close links straightforward to extend client with the metals industry. "Some position reporting to all London of these differences, in particular markets on a statutory basis. non-cash clearing and the use of historic price carries, are unwise and impose additional risks on LME members, but they do not raise regulatory concerns."

The LME is considering changing its regulations so the executive would be able to obtain more information on members' and Metal Exchange copper their clients' operations and to stocks reported yesterday give it more jurisdiction over put pressure on prices early them. The SIB is reviewing regu-Mr Gilbert says the LME differs lation at the LME. Its report is

### Copper up despite rise in stocks

MARKETS REPORT By Kenneth Gooding

Another rise in the Landon on but in late trading copper for delivery in three months had recovered to \$2.136 a tonne, up \$3.

Some analysts are suggesting copper prices might jump again in the new year because the market remains immediate delivery on the LME yesterday comma a premium over three-r metal of \$138 a tonne.

at Deutsche Morgan Greufell, said: "One factor to watch over the next three or four weeks is Chinese buying. In past years when Chinese imports have been at high levels, large purchas have been booked for physical delivery in the week between Christmas and new year - which has resulted in significant price movements in the new year.

"Clearly, if this pattern were repeated this year, LME stocks could fall sharply and subsequent price movements could be equally dramatic."

Mr Larry Kaplan at Flemings Global Mining Group said: "On balance our view remains that this is a short-term rally (in the copper price] within a long-term downtrend, but with the caveat that current low stock levels could still allow for further price spikes in the near future." Gold closed in London

near its three-year low at \$368.25 a troy ounce, down has a tired year-end feel to it and book squaring is expected to dominate over the next few weeks," said

### Stainless steel loses its shine

**Deborah Hargreaves** says world-wide oversupply has led to expectations of widespread rationalisation in European plants

Stainless steel prices business, but also more warn against any optimism have collapsed this lucrative than producing in the sector. Carcle said on year as world produc commodity steel. Demand Monday there was unlikely tion has grown twice as fast as demand for the past 18 cent to 5 per cent a year months, leading to the from domestic appliance expectation of widespread rationalisation among Euro-

at British Steel's Avesta unit and forced Carclo Engineering, the specialist steel and wire maker, to issue a prof-

its warning on Monday. The decline in the stainless steel market has been building for some time, according to Mr Peter Fish, managing director at Meps steel consultants in Sheffield. "The market is oversupplied, inventories are excessive and a significant amount of new capacity is Mr Fish said supply in Europe, the US and Japan was around 1m tonnes higher than demand at the start of the year - equal to some 10 per cent of 1995 supply. In addition, more than 1.5m tonnes of new capacity

was scheduled to come on stream this year and next. Stainless steel production is a highly capital-intensive has been growing by 4.5 per

makers and the car industry. But the problem has been pean plants.

The 40 per cent drop in move into a value-added securices pushed down profits tor, have been investing in new capacity at a rate of nearly two years.

As prices rose on the back of a surging nickel market last year, consumers built up stocks, but this year they started to offload those on to a weak market. "Now it's all fallen down like a pack of cards." said Mr Fish.

Commodity steel prices have not been as volatile as the stainless market as demand increases have been slower and mills have not invested in large capacity increases. But British Steel has warned that the recent strength of sterling has hurt its chances of selling in France and Germany.

steel grades is rising by some 11/4 to 2 per cent a year. Analysts believe the market for stainless could have hit its bottom, although they

Demand for commodity

to be a rebound and the company had failed to see any pick up in the market.

"It looks like there is a fragile upturn in the market because most of the destocking is over and the nickel price is lower, which means companies can push through some increase in base prices," said Mr Fidelia Madavo, research manager for stainless steel at CRU International in London.

Most stainless prices are quoted with an alloy surcharge to take account of the cost of nickel or chrome. These are based on an average of London Metal Exchange prices. When alloy surcharges are low, producers are more successful in pushing through rises in the underlying price .

The average nickel price has alipped this year to an estimated \$3.48 a lb from \$3.73 per lb last year. However, analysts expect the market to pick up again next year to \$4.25 a lb as new stainless steel producers compete for market share. Mr Madavo says stainless

prices in Germany, Europe's

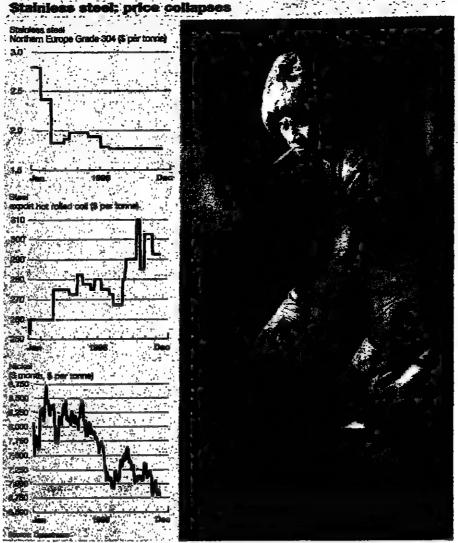
low point five months ago to DM2.50-DM2.60 a kg. but this is not as much as companies would like.

European mills could find it difficult to push for higher prices next year following big increases in capacity among cheaper producers like Taiwan and Korea.

European producers have traditionally sold off surplus output to the export market, but now east Asian mills are producing their own supplies and the market is extremely competitive. This could force further restructuring of the European market. Mr Fish believes stainless

production will have to be held at 14.5m tonnes to bring supply and demand more closely into line; this represents a drop of 500,000 tonnes on 1995 output.

against expecting any sustained upturn in the market, pointing out that the last time there was a big jump in stainless steel capacity, in 1987 and 1988, the over-supply caused a steady price reduction that lasted four years in Germany and three



### COMMODITIES PRICES BASE METALS LONDON METAL EXCHANGE TO ALIENWAUM ALLOY III per tormes

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6790-800 6830-40 High/low MA Official TIN (E per lonnil

E ZINC, special high grade (5 per tonns) 1016.5-8.5 1019.5-20.8 1041-9 1044-45 1044.5/1041

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PRECIOUS METALS D LONDON BULLION MARKET

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Precious Metals continued GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS E GOLD COMEX (100 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.)

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ENERGY 23.00 -0.81 24.75 23.85 19.211 63.380 23.47 -0.71 24.13 23.40 4.711 23.876 22.96 -0.63 23.50 22.96 2.268 20.065 22.47 -0.59 22.91 22.45 1,827 15.515

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SOYABEAN MEAL CBT (100 tons; \$/ton) 289.0 -2.3 280.2 227.0 3.583 8.657 218.4 -0.7 218.3 217.0 8.209 26,089 211.8 -0.4 212.7 208.9 4.536 24,846 208.3 -0.6 208.2 206.8 1,655 13,614 207.3 -0.4 208.2 206.7 821 8,822 206.0 -0.5 206.0 205.0 87 2,047 # FREIGHT (BIFFEX) LIFFE (\$10/index point)

FUTURES DATA

All trause data supplied by CNS,

European free market, from Metal Bulletin, s per lb in warehouse, unless otherwise stated (last week's in brackets, where changed). Astimony: 99.65%. S per torne, 2,075-2,175 (2,000-2,080). Bismuths min. 99.99%, torne lots 3.00-3.40 (3.05-3.40). Cadesium: min. 99.95%, cents a pound, 55-70. Cobaits MB free market, min. 99.8%, 21.50-22.50 (21.25-22.26); min. 99.8%, 20.25-21.00 (20.25-20.95). Merchant min. 99.994. S per 78 lb fiest curry: min. 99.99%. 3 per 76 lb fiesk, 162-172. Melybdessum: churmned molyb-dic codde, 4.30-4.60 (4.00-4.40). Selenium: min 99.5%, 2.60-3.60 (2.80-3.60). Tungtinet section, 2.00-3.00 (2.80-3.60). Tungsates once standard min. 55%, \$ per torne unit (10kg) WO<sub>3</sub> cit, 43-53. Verandieme frpin. 95%, cit, 3.25-3.35 (3.22-3.30). Uranium Nuesco unrestricted exchange value, 14.40. Open interest and Volume data shown for contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CST.

S Pouters (Base: 18/9/31 = 100) CRB Futures (Base: 1967 = 100) Dec 9 Dec 6 mouth ago year ago 240.32 242.06 E GSCI Spot (Base: 1970 = 100)

1371 3,410 40,024 1294 311 10,341 1418 55 7,367 1436 102 6,646

E COCOA (ICCO) (SDR's/tonne)

OOFFEE YF CSCE (17.500lbs; osnib/lbs) 117.75 +4.65 118.00 114.00 75 848 COFFEE (ICO) (US cente/pound)

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76.53 +0.23 76.70 75.90 5,501 26,129 77.55 +0.15 77.65 77.00 1,350 10,298 78.45 +0.25 78.60 77.90 416 7,533 77.85 -0.03 77.80 77.70 19 1,242 77.45 - 77.50 77.25 1,017 8,568 78.33 +0.03 78.15 78.15 74 384 845 SJ6 GE JUICE NYCE (15,000lbs; cents/lbs) 91.20 +2.20 91.90 89.60 2,583 11,448 94.85 +1.55 95.25 93.40 2,104 10,132

97.65 +1.35 98.25 96.70 314 3.062 100.00 +1.45 101.00 100.90 72 643 103.00 +2.20 101,30 101,30

NYCE, CME. CSCE and IPE Cruda Oil are one day in arrears. Volume & Open interest totals are for all traded months.

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK

68.660 +0.125 65.750 66.175 7,638 12,658 62,750 -0.16 63.150 62,200 8,441 31,779 64.350 -0.225 64.800 64.800 3,069 20,636 71.675 ~1.075 72.400 71.300 686 1.174 74.775 ~0.725 75.230 74.400 500 5,020 71.900 ~0.775 72.600 71.800 89 1,370

78.326 -0.976 79.500 76.775 1,557 4,250 77.550 -0.96 78.900 78.400 143 925 78.876 -1.46 79.950 77.325 48 596 78.976 -1.125 78.500 78.000 13 438 73.700 -0.8 74.500 74.000 48 101

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\$23.87-3.91 -0.26 \$23.54-3.58 -0.38 \$24.63-4.69w -0.485 M OIL PRODUCTS INVESTIGATE CONTROL

Diesei \$230-2 20.80-21.20 FUA5 Gold (per troy cz) Silver (per troy cz) Platinum (per troy cz.)

\$118.00 116.0c Leed (US proc.) Tin (New York) 269.50 Cettle (live weight) Sheep (live weight) Pigs (live weight)† 106.26p 137.66p 90.05p \$258.30 \$302.40 Lon. day sugar (raw) Lon. day sugar (wis) Barley (Eng. feed) Maize (US NoS Yellow) Rubber (Jan)♥ Rubber (Feb)♥

Rubber (KL RSS No1) 316.0x Coconut Oil 62hi05 · \$785.0y -5,0 517.5 495.0 183.0z abeens (US)

JOTTER PAD

The number of private The game of Skill, Judgement and Nerve Yesterdays answer: EXPERIE

### CROSSWORD

No.9,248 Set by GRIFFIN

1 Landlord quietly working in a club (8) 10 \*Notice the French outside

11 Turns away stranger with a backing group (9) 13 Players eventually beg for 9 \*Barker takes one to the a shower (5) 14 Fate of Mike's new model

grab standard (7)

back (6) 22 Dance and dawdle back to 24 Where about 500 lost cows wandered (9) 25 Enterprise Eva turned sour

26 Pop round the A6, somewhere in Italy! (5) 27 If you turn this you'll cap-28 Fruit supplier's unusual

DOWN 1, 17 \*Copper material a sixfooter's after (6,8)

military cap (5.4) 3 \*Punters in mental break-

down (10.5) 4 Counter making a profit before half-past (7) 6 \*Go round and hide dish-\*Reversing or on hill (5)

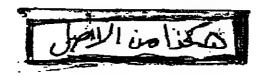
8 Trying to make notes on French (4-2) 14 Fate of Mike's new model
(6)
15 Shot father managed to
16 Clothing spree on retirement (4.5)
17 See 1 down

100

19 \*Jam, higher in price (4-2) 18 Partly-white tern, allegedly 20 \*Whip watches when climimmortal (7)

20 Emperor in vehicle waves

21 \*The final whistle, say (6) 23 Left remaining admirer (5) Solution 9,247



MSSC OK Squily Plus Pic

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Offshore Funds

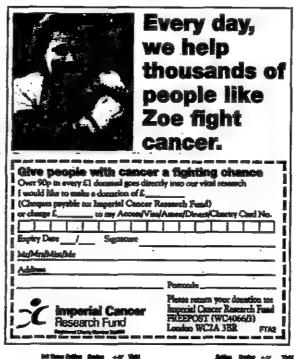
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FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE (REGULATED)(\*\*)



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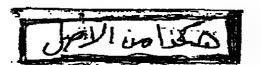
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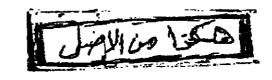
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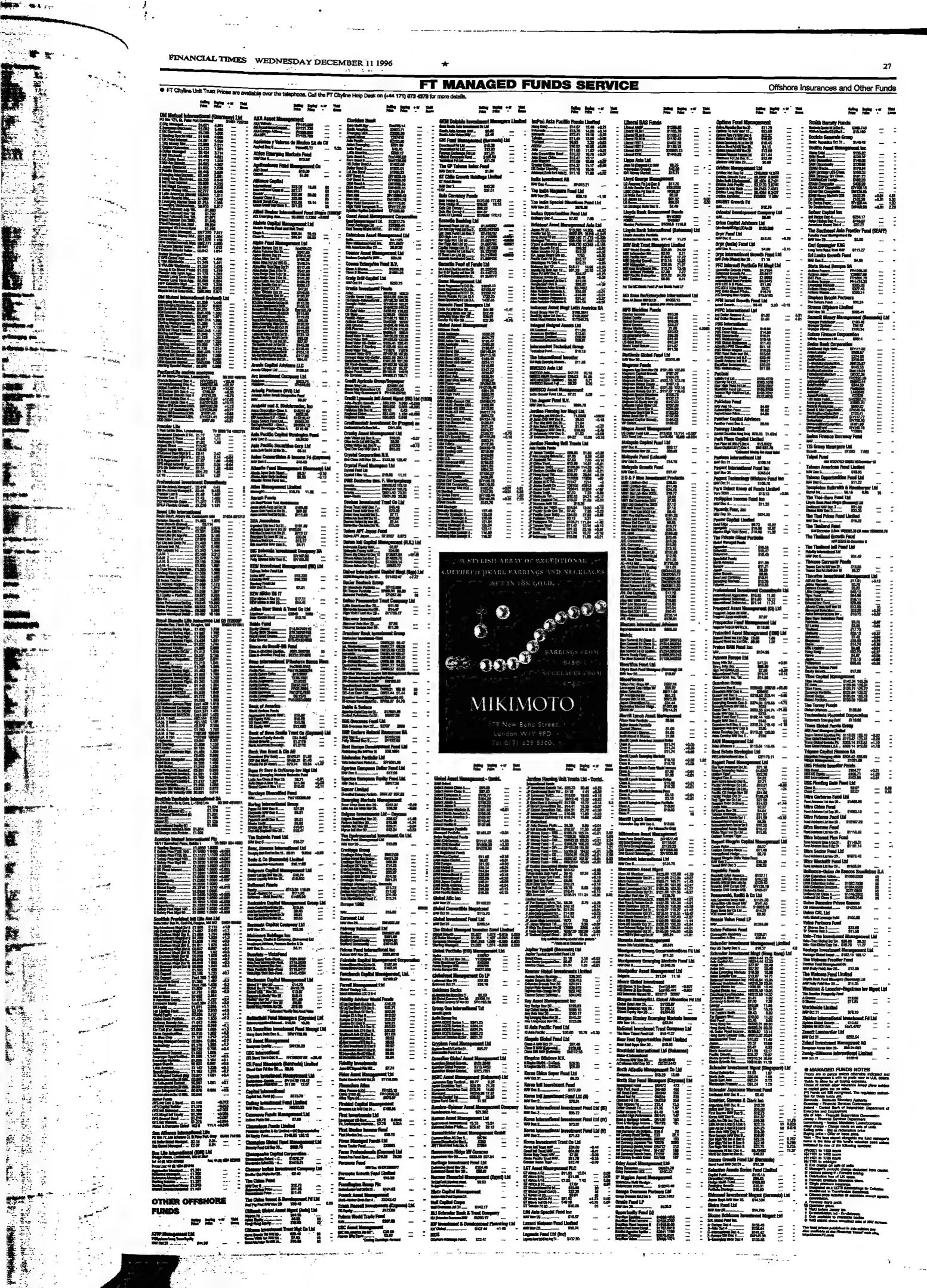
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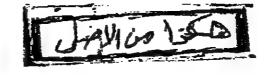
LONDON SHARE SERVICE

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#### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

### Footsie baffles bears with further recovery

MARKETS REPORT

By Peter John

London stocks pushed forward to surprise the pessimists and leave last Friday's slide no more than a misty memory.

A rush of genuine buying, which partly reflected US interest, partly takeover speculation and partly year-end restructuring of portfolios, saw the FTSE 100 index gain 24.1 to 4,035.7.

That rise, combined with Monday's 48.6-point gain, almost made up for Friday's fall, which was prompted by cautious comments from Mr Alan Greenspan, the chairman of the US Federal might choose to increase rates prices in the cash market.

Reserve. With the Dow Jones following today's meeting with At the close, Footsie was back move, particularly within the Industrial Average up by 82 the governor of the Bank of within striking distance of its financial sectors of the market, points overnight. London opened with a fair wind behind it.

Monday filling in short positions, Wall Street's example was almost certain to squeeze prices higher. Also, earlier worries began to Mr Greenspan's earlier comments reflected nothing more than the market consensus that interest

They said hikes in the US and UK have both been factored into

the chancellor of the exchequer

England faded away.

A rise so soon after the Budget And, as most dealers had spent would be seen as a sign that the chancellor had failed to tighten fiscal policy sufficiently. And the latest British Retail Consortium survey showed retail sales recede. Strategists decided that growth was beginning to slow, adding to Monday's benign producer price data. Consequently, government bonds were strong throughout the day.

In the afternoon, Wall Street opened up again and moved New York equivalents noticed ahead by more than 30 points to Additionally, any prospect that prompt a rush of buying in UK futures, which in turn supported

previous peak - 4,078.1 - have been prevalent for some 4,411.9.

There was some talk that the market was being overly compla- investors are starting to adjust cent. On the other hand valuations - whether against bond yields or cash - are reasonable, and nowhere near the danger levels seen in 1987.

In fact, dealers who arbitrage

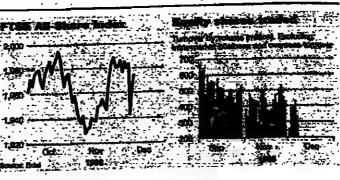
genuine US buying.

speculation. Rumours of a big £1.2bn of retail business.

achieved in October. Meanwhile time. BAT Industries and Abbey the FTSE 250 index gained 26.9 to National both had an early Christmas sparkle.

Finally, some institutional portfolios and the movement of some chunky lines of stock helped push the day's turnover up to 860m shares, well up on

The volume was above Monbetween UK stocks and their day's level, when genuine customer business was worth only 2813.2m. It was even above Fri-This overseas interest com- day's level which saw huge intrabined with recurrent takeover market churning as well as

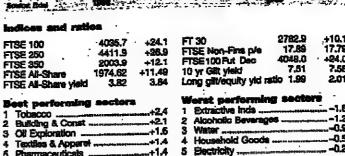


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**FUTURES AND OPTIONS** 

III FTSE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LIFFE) \$25 per full index point

(APT)

Low

### Lasmo outpaces Footsie

By Steve Thompson, Joel Kibazo and Lisa Wood

Oil exploration group Lasmo powered to the top of the FTSE 100 performance table on the back of two exciting, but speculative, stories.

The first was a suggestion that the company's drilling operations off the coast of Algeria, already viewed as extremely successful, had borne further fruit.

The second and much more speculative story was that a takeover bid for the group could be in the making. There was a buzz around the market that Shell had run its slide rule

over the company.
Royal Dutch/Shell was widely rumoured recently to have been interested in bidding for British Gas. Questioned as to its interest in making a bid for Gas, Mr Cor Herkstroter, Royal Dutch's chairman said the company was "looking at many opportunities for takeovers but not at British

Off sector specialists were inclined to give much more credibility to the Algerian drilling story than to the takeover rumour.

Lasmo shares, boosted recently by the long drawnout auction of Sante Fe. the North Sea oil division of the Philip Morris. Kuwait Petroleum Corpora-

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Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited 25 Cabot Square Canary Wharf

London E144QA

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Morgan Stanley and Kleinwort Benson Limited have be of the Ordinary Shares on the London Stock Exchange.

Turnover of 3m shares was not buge by recent stan-

rates have to rise.

Barclays Bank hit a new high, gaining 13% to 1036p with most of the gains seen late in the session following an announcement of a dis

The group yesterday confirmed the sale of its global institutional custody busi-

ness to Morgan Stanley. The stock had moved ahead early in the session boosted by a recommendation from Credit Lyonnais Laing. CLL said it sees "good trading in existing businesses" and is maintaining its top-of-the-range profits estimate for the coming year at £2.62bn, against rival forecasts in the region of

Merrill Lynch was also reported to favour the stock. In the rest of the sector. Carenove was said to have been behind the advance seen in Lloyds TSB. The shares hardened 8% to 424p, following trade of 9.4m. Royal Bank of Scotland continued in favour, boosted by recent profit upgrades and

the shares gained 12% to

BAT Industries was one of the day's heaviest traded stocks in the Footsle. Turnover at the close stood at a hefty 23m with the shares having improved 11% to 488p, amid continuing of the manual restructuring talk. Sentiment was also boosted by the overnight strength on Wall Street seen in US group

Talk that BAT was plan-

This notice is issued in compliance with the requirements of London Stock Exchange Limited (the "London Stock Exchange"). It does not constitute an offer or invitation to any person to subscribe for or purchase any securities.

Application has been made to the London Stock Exchange for the whole of the ordinary share capital of COLT Telecom Group pic ("COLT"), issued and to be issued ("Ordinary Shares"), to be admitted to the Official List. Application has also been made by COLT to the London Stock Exchange for the admission to the Official List of 314,000 Units consisting in aggregate of USS 314,000,000 principal amount at maturity (approximately

USS 175.400,000 initial accreted value) of its 12% Senior Discount Notes due 2006 and 314,000 Warrants to subscribe for a total of 2,449,200 Ordinary Shares and of its £153,300,000 aggregate principal amount at maturity of Junior Subordinated Debentures due January 15, 2008. Conditional dealings in the Ordinary Shares commenced on December 10, 1996. It is expected that Admission to the Official List of the Ordinary Shares, the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures will be a supported that Admission to the Official List of the Ordinary Shares, the

alts and the lunior Subordinated Debenrares will become effective on December 17, 1996. Morgan Stanley & Co ternational Limited ("Morgan Stanley") has been appointed Global Coordinator for the Stock Offering and

COLT Telecom Group plc

Stock Offering of

26,700,000 Ordinary Shares of 10p each at 275p per share

Debt Offering of 314,000 Units consisting in aggregate of US\$ 314,000,000

principal amount at maturity (approximately US\$ 175,400,000 initial accreted value) 12% Senior Discount Notes due 2006 and 314,000

Warrants to purchase a total of 2,449,200 Ordinary Shares Listing of £1.53,300,000 aggregate principal amount at maturity of Junior Subordinated Debentures due January 15, 2008

The Stock Offering comprises a public offering of 13,350,000 Ordinary Shares to investors in the United States and Canada and a placing of 13,350,000 Ordinary Shares to institutional and certain other investors in the UK and the rest of the world.

Share capital immediately following the Stock Offering

Ordinary Shares of 10p each

Special Share of 10p

COLT has also granted to Morgan Stanley an option to subscribe, or procure subscribers for, up to an additional 4,005,000 Ordinary Shares at the Offer Price of 275p during the period up to and including January 9, 1997. Copies of the Prospectus relating to COLT and the Ordinary Shares and of the Listing Particulars relating to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business have an annual data of the Listing Particulars relating to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business have an annual data of the Listing Particulars relating to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business have an annual data of the Listing Particulars relating to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained to the Units and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained to the Units and th and the Junior Subordinated Debentures can be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) up to and including December 13, 1996 from the Company Autouncements Office, the London Stock Exchange, Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1HP (for collection only) and up to and including

COLT Telecom Group ple

Bishopsgate Court

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December 11, 1996

res of 10n each

insurance groups viewed as most likely to attract BAT's attention are Commercial Union and General Accident. Guardian Royal Exchange's restructuring plans announced yesterday are thought to have ruled the company out as a poten-

tial target. Shares in CU firmed 31/4 to 668p, while those in GA moved 9 ahead to 7221/2p. GRE closed 4½ up at 268½p. BAT was also said to be considering a bid for Imperial Tobacco, the UK group recently demerged from Hanson, Shares in Imperial moved 9 ahead to 378½p.

have included a single buyer of 2.5m. Hanson shares firmed 1%

tion, to Norway's Saga Petro-ning to launch a bid for a the rounds in the financial leum, closed 6 ahead at 222p. UK group continued to circu-services sector. Speculation late. The two composite about such a bid once again. pointed to Prudential. There are those in the market who continue to believe it is only a matter of time before the UK assurance group mounts a bid or announces an alliance with retail banking group Abbey National.

Shares in the former sur-

rendered 21/4 to 4830 after trade of 7.6m, while those of the latter jumped 17% to 7081/sp, with some 3.5m having been traded by the close. Dealers expect Abbey

National to continue powering ahead irrespective of the bid rumours. The stock has been benefitting from the recent ending of the mortgage rate war - a fact ana-Turnover of 8.1m was said to lysts suggest will boost the group's profits prospects over the next year.

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10th, 1997, repres 182 days of interest, using the period as Iron

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mining group, whose shares plunged 112%, or 23.2 per cent, to 3721/sp, after the company's own broker, BZW chopped its earnings fore-

Guinness was the worst performer in the FTSE 100. falling 9 to 435p, after cautious comments on the Japanese market for alcoholic drinks by Remy Martin whose brands include Krug champagne and Remy Martin cognac - at its interim

Grand Metropolitan, which fell 6 to 437%p, was also adversely affected by the comments, despite not being as exposed to Far Eastern markets as Guinness. The market was also affected by rumours, described by one analyst as "tired", that it might bid for BolsWessanen, the Dutch food and drinks group. The analyst said he thought it highly unlikely that Grand Metropolitan, with its emphasis on global brands, would be interested in a company that was heavily dependent on

Bass, which many analysts consider still to be cheap, rose 111/2 to 815p on the back of hopes that, if it disposes of its Holiday Inns in the US, it might use the proceeds to fund a special share buy-back or special dividend. NatWest Securities, in a note, said it was "neutral to positive" on the stock while Kleinwort Benson reiterated its "buy"

local markets and own-label

Berkeley Group climbed 21 to 632% p after a good set of results, with the group making bullish comments about the prospects for house building.

Safeway climbed 9% to 385p after it and a number of other food retailers were identified as strong defen-

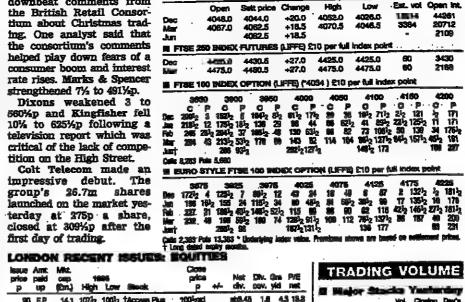
Perversely, a number of retailers benefited from downbeat comments from the British Retail Consorthum about Christmas trading. One analyst said that the consortium's comments helped play down fears of a

consumer boom and interest rate rises, Marks & Spencer strengthened 71/2 to 4911/40.

tition on the High Street. Colt Telecom made an impressive debut. The group's 26.7m shares launched on the market yes-

terday at 275p a share, closed at 309%p after the first day of trading.

LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIES +8<sup>1</sup>≥



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20 GEN INDUSTRIALS(275)	1976.53	+0.7	1982,44	1936.07	1968.97	1915.58	4.35	1,65	17.46	81.85	1104.12	1
21 Building & Construction(34)	1174.36				1155.73			1.51			1001.67	1
22 Building Matis & Mercha(29)	1791,58				1810.75			1.40			925.79	1
23 Chemicale(25)	2370.79				2378.28			1.44			1150.68	1
24 Diversified Industrials(19)	1430.32				1376.23			1.54			825.26	ı
25 Electronic & Elect Equip 26	2246.33				2239.90			1,34			1185.15	-1
25 Engineering(71)	2569.15				2576.58			2.30			1589.18	н
27 Engineering, Vehicles(14)	3124,49				3159.06			1.72			1649.18	-
28 Paper, Poky & Printing(26)	2475.09				2485.37			1.88			1053.67	П
29 Textiles & Apparel(19)	1061.53				1068.50			1.16				П
		_							10,04	OS 'ON	671,02	1
30 CONSUMER GOODS(82)	3723,49				3743.27			1.95	18.37	146.17	1407.81	1
32 Alcoholic Severages(8)	2611.40				2649.74			1.85	13.71	128.10	986.94	ı
33 Food Producers(25)	2598.00				2663.83			1.77	16.80	105.92	1201.31	1
\$4 Household Goods(16)	2544,07	-0.5	2557.22	2546.27	2592.04	2586.63	4.02	2.23	13.92	191.20	1026.36	ı
36 Health Care(18)	2007.14	+0.5	1998.29	1987.51	2023.05	1940.68	2.97	1.93	21.82	56.96	1239,30	1
\$7 Phermacauticals(14)	5741.38	+1.4	5664.48	5633.74	5750,80	5061.92	2.96	2.01			1983.80	ı
38 Tobacco(Z)	4069,79	+2.4	3973.79	3785.01	3941.86	4743.69	6.37	2.13	9.21	262.07	1048.04	1
40 SERVICES(252)	2596.52	40.5	2502.05	9582 N1	2603.78	2210 54	2.91	1.97			1374.57	1
41 Distributore(30)	2896.48				2003.78 2022.13			2.01				1
42 Leisure & Hotem(25)	3258.21				2622.13 3259.77			- 1.97			1088.35	I
43 Media(44)	4180.11				4205.78			211	20.05	1/3/45 NO 00	1772.08	1
44 Retailers, Food(14)	2075.57				4215.78 2070.83						1523.29	1
45 Retailers, General(45)	2091.60				2107.72			2.28			1351.45	1
47 Brewerles, Pubs & Rest.(21)	3281.19				2107.72 <b>3225.</b> 17			2.07			1221.32	ı
48 Support Services(50)	2738.77				2744.7			2.23			1594.59	1
49 Transport(23)	2628,54				2623.03			1.21			1780.37	ı
							3.67	_			1121.73	I
60 UTILITIES(33)	2472,01				2494.71			1.70			1113,23	ı
82 Electricity(12)	2682.83				2695.03			2.16			1458,09	ı
64 Ges Distribution(2)	1470.95				1464.55			0.54			804,86	ı
68 Telecommunications(8)	2068,59	+0.7	2053.64	2047.12	2082,13	1840.83	4.02		20.80	58.10	964.48	1
68 Water(11)	2262.74	-0.9	2282.35	2296.38	2315.49	2111.78	_ 6.58	2.30	8.26	135.09	1302.75	I
59 NON-FINANCIALS(665)	2063.04	+0.5	2042.71	2020 14	2059,13	1977 00	3.87	1.81				ŀ
						_		_			1597,29	1
70 FINANCIALS(104)	3417.75				3454.42			236			1507.64	1
71 Banks, Retail(8)	4919,47				4967.18			270	12.50	182.15	1648.70	1
72 Banks, Merchant(6)	3924,40				3960.81			3.01	15.65	104,20	1266.16	1
73 Insurance(21)	1593.10				1624,04			2.29	10.34	80.65	1234,19	1
74 Life Assurance(7)	3991.94	-	3992.13	3967.27	4073.39	3413.04	3.89	1.78			1897.28	1
TT Other Consultation	070c 70		2780 60		7700 40	5464 46						ı

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The Financial Times plans to publish a Survey on on Wednesday, January 22

The survey will cover foreign policy, the economy, banking & financial markets, privatisation, tourism, natural

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15.00 18.10 High/dayLow/day #531.4 #654.7 4025.3 4033.9 4037.2 4037.5 4035.3 4031.6 4034.0 4041.2 4401.8 #405.7 4408.1 4408.8 #408.1 4408.9 4409.3 4409.7 4411.6 4412.5 2001.9 2002.9 1898.2 2002.8 2004.0 2004.7 2003.4 2002.0 2003.1 2008.0 4033.9 4037.2 4037.6 4035.3 4031.6 4034.0 4043.2 4025.0 4406.8 4406.1 4406.2 4409.7 4411.6 4412.5 4401.2 **FTSE 250** 44125 4401.2 Time of FTSE 100 Day's high: 8:44 AM Day's low; 8:57 AM, FTSE 100 1888 High: 4073.1 (21/10/86) Low; 3632.3 (15/07/88)

■ FTSE 350 Industry baskets

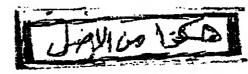
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Highs & Lows shown on a &	DNESDAY DECEMBER 11 1996	
FILEARE CHOICE 79	WORLD STOCK MARKETS	+/- High Low Yil PE +/- High Low Yil PE Sales
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Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   High	#239 78 See R MCD1/1250 185.05 185.72 187.37 185.16 372 1316.19 17/1 S & P Ind. P/E (250 23.05 23.30 22.08 18.58 Limits 22.6 50 C Constitution 1 130.98 1308.6 1288.03 135.52 372 1114.67 25/1 # MEDI VORSK ACTIVE STOCKE IN TRADRING ACTIVITY	## 150   17   17   17   17   17   17   17   1
1 Coloni Bal1972 652.18 680.78 946.58 694.10 2015   Coloni Bal1972 1106	150   150	

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

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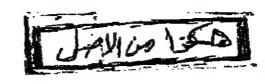
A-Power Steering \* If the business decisions are yours,

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FINANCIAL TIMES WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 11.1996 4 pm clase December 10 NYSE PRICES NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET 4 pm clase December 16 77 Sh Sh. 1 100s Ships Loss Cont. Chang 16 46 24<sup>1</sup>2 23 24<sup>1</sup>3 +<sup>1</sup>3 13 1143 1512 15 15% 119 5706 6304 25% 25% -12 4 2155 24 1% 26 +16 33 1680 1742 16% 16% -3 0.72107 122 17th 16th 17th +th 14 578 2012 1973 2014 +1 Ladd Fam 0.18 25 154 12\s 12\s 12\s 12\s 2 475 4% 4 44 +12 | Regular | Resolution | Resolu Dig Spet 8 9811 384 354 354 -15 20 752 354 354 354 Lancaster x 0.72 15 1538 421<sub>2</sub> 411<sub>4</sub> 42 Adviluge 15 6770 15 13½ 13½ 13½ 13 Adviruge 12 811 8½ 7¾ 7¼ 3↓ Advication 824 30½ 28½ 28½ ½ Least Ind. Lessitupe Lessice S Advication 824 301<sub>4</sub> 201<sub>2</sub> 201<sub>5</sub> -1<sub>2</sub>
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Micsil 41 1108 6% 64 64 -12 15888 18512 514 81% +19 38 126 194 12% 13 Mediadraha 0.50101 86 16<sup>1</sup>4 15<sup>1</sup>4 15<sup>1</sup>4 15<sup>1</sup>4 1 Miller H z 0.52 25 2553 146<sup>1</sup>8 46<sup>1</sup>4 47<sup>1</sup>2 +<sup>1</sup>4 0 516 1<sup>1</sup>8 1<sup>1</sup>2 1<sup>1</sup>2 5 512 4050 22<sup>1</sup>2 20<sup>1</sup>2 20.52 -1.24 Fat Hammi x 1.24 13 586 u337, 3314 3313 +14 Fater HB 0.66 16 763 4714 4514 47 +114 Million 1175 34<sup>1</sup>4 33<sup>1</sup>2 34 -<sup>3</sup>6 Millionjech 0.10 18 1053 11<sup>1</sup>4 11<sup>1</sup>4 11<sup>1</sup>2 0.05 27 2505 281 271 27% -12 SulbranD 080 15 348 13 12<sup>5</sup>8 13 Pulmoffer 0.05 13 216:2213 21 21 -3 Semicono Calo 8 8 125<sup>1</sup>2 24<sup>1</sup>4 25<sup>1</sup>8 Semicono Calo 8 8 125<sup>1</sup>2 24<sup>1</sup>4 25<sup>1</sup>8 Semicon 4 8 2<sup>1</sup>4 2<sup>1</sup>5 2<sup>1</sup> 5 8379 113 107 114 74 Moders Co 0.24 14 137 10% 10% 10% Sun Sport - 0 -Moleck 0.08 25 1660 u36<sup>1</sup>4 35<sup>1</sup>2 38<sup>1</sup>4 +1 0.00 14 156 24 23 24 +14 0.00198 584 w21 2 41 41 4 +14 9 1418 24 2814 2815 -12 2 7 7 7 7 7 Motion for: 0.05 27 1824 x3854, 3854, 3859, +59 Moscore 0.04 12 779 859 859 852 354, +54 MathemPth 0.52 14 527 3554, 3554, +54 210 99 1114 101 1012 0.01 25 843 225 221 235 E SI App Swill Tre Sylvens Inc. 15 6854 20% 19% 19% -X-Y-Z-2131973 15<sup>1</sup>2 15<sup>1</sup>2 18<sup>1</sup>3 0.36 12 59 16<sup>1</sup>4 16 18 MTS Spor 0.34 13 62 214 204 2012 +4 2027 1224654, 585, 854, 544, 10.16 5 60 812 614, 852 615, 614 13 2894504, 2854, 30 415, 10 118 65, 812 615, 10 118 65, 812 615, 10 12 1562 612 612, 1614, 16 Macagan 12 8578 0233 1844 2214 +212 Synomic 101 2206 US2<sup>1</sup>4, 48<sup>1</sup>2, 50<sup>2</sup>6, +1<sup>2</sup>6 Synomical: 0.10 16 5137 13 12<sup>1</sup>4, 12<sup>1</sup>4, -<sup>1</sup>2 Synomical: 22 104 15<sup>1</sup>4, 14<sup>1</sup>4, 14<sup>1</sup>4, -<sup>1</sup>2 Gesi Bind NAC Re 0.20 8 8 354 34% 34% --4 872 15 14 15 +4 BMC Softer 40 3542 45 45<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 44<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> +<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Bootman 5 x1.85 18 3533 55<sup>2</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 60 60 -<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Bub Dome 0.32 22 1391 13<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 12<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> 12<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> +<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Turone Pr 0.64 26 5451 1041 3614 4014 18C Cp 12 1273 75 7 75 Stood Stops 16 323 74 712 75 Southern CAD 21 220 23% 23% 23% 23% - %
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1819390 23<sup>1</sup>g 23 office every working day. Hand delivery services are available for subscribers throughout the 26 2185 19 18<sup>1</sup>9 18<sup>1</sup>4 - <sup>1</sup>4 16 195 14 13<sup>1</sup>2 13<sup>5</sup>8 - <sup>1</sup>2 Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. Please call +32 2 548 95 50 for more information. -X-Y-Z-| Principos | 16 195 14 13\*2 13\*2 \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-2 | \*\*-

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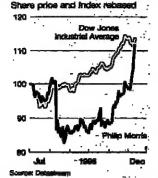
Financial Times, World Business Newspaper.

# orders helps lift Nasdag

Technology shares continued to lead the advance in US equities vesterday in the wake of a Average. report showing rising demand for semiconductors. writes Lisa Bransten in New

In early afternoon trading, the Nasdaq composite, which is weighted toward the technology sector, was up 8.15 at 1,324.42 and the Pacific Stock Exchange tech-

#### Philip Morris



nology index had gained 0.4

Industry Association said that the ratio of orders taken to orders filled - a key measure of chip demand - rose to its highest level this year. That news helped chip companies such as Intel, up \$2% at \$132%. Texas Instrument, \$% stronger at \$67%, and Motorola, which added \$% at

Dell Computer and Microsoft, both of which split their stock this week, posted

Dell advanced \$3% at \$63% and Microsoft climbed \$2%

Adding to strength in technology shares was a gain of \$4% or 8 per cent to \$64% by gungs for \$164m. Netscape Communications. the Internet software com-

Netscape announced early yesterday that it had reached an agreement with five of the regional tele-

investors awaited a senate

vote, due later in the day, on

a bill to give congress pow-

ers to remove companies

from the country's privatisa-

tion programme. The bill has

been aimed principally at

stopping the privatisation of

the mining glant, Compan-

his Vale do Doce. The Boy-

espa index at midsession

After a slow start, shares in

Johannesburg enjoyed a pos-

itive session with futures

activity swinging back to

At the close, the overall index was 51.2 higher at

6.666.4 following gains of

77.4 to 7.897.4 for the indus-

Golds traded quietly,

tracking a subdued bullion

The World Index (2433)..... 224.97

dictate events.

was 49 weaker at 68.315.

Internet services Continued strength in Philip Morris helped to boost the Dow Jones Industrial

By 1 pm the blue chip index was 28.32 stronger at 6,492.26, having earlier and just over DM60 a month moved above the 6.500-mark and then fallen back. The Standard & Poor's 500 added 1.50 at 751.26. Volume on the NYSE came to 249m shares.

By midday yesterday, shares in Philip Morris had added more than \$13 since the start of the month with a gain of \$21/4 at \$1161/4. The move had come in the wake of several upgrades by analysts and general strength in shares of consumer products companies.

sector continued to show strength with the Morgan Stanley index of such companies advancing 0.3 per cent, while the counterpart index of cyclical shares added just 0.1 per cent.

Black & Decker shares lost \$6% or 16 per cent at \$31% after the company warned that fourth quarter earnings would not meet analysts stimates and would proba-After the market closed on bly fall below \$1 per share Monday, the Semiconductor because of weakness in power tool sales.

> TORONTO continued to gain ground, advancing on a broad front in a morning session dominated by the healthy trend on Wall Street. At noon, the 300 composite index was up 38.66 at 5.945.20.

> All but one of the index's 14 sub groups were ahead. consumer products putting up the strongest performance with an improvement

Potash Corp of Saskatchewan surged C\$6.35 to C\$117.35 on the acquisition of a 51 per cent stake in Germany's Kali und Salz Beteili-

Among blue-chips, Alcan Aluminium added 20 cents to C\$47.20 and Canadian Pacific put on 60 cents to C\$36.85. Royal Bank of Canada rose 45 cents to C\$48.85.

Among golds, Barrick Gold phone companies to provide hardened 5 cents to C\$40.10.

higher but in quiet condi-

tions, awaiting today's con-

sumer price index in the US.

The Merval index was 4.94

higher by midsession at

SANTIAGO continued this

week's technical rebound

after its 7 per cent decline

during the previous two

weeks. The IPSA index was

1.05 higher by noon at 91.60.

price and ending 8.6 better

The afternoon session was

described by dealers as "hec-

tic at times". There was said

to have been institutional

golds, Loraine came

cents to R13.30.

### Rise in chip Hoechst gains, Clariant rockets on merger

#### EUROPE The latest cross-border restructuring deal moved a lot of money around. Hoechst, which said that its speciality chemicals merger with Clariant of Switzerland could save each group DM600m a year, climbed DM2.45 or 3.6 per cent to

The German chemicals group, a byword for restructuring and the pursuit of shareholder value, had doubled its effective share price between DM30 in mid-1995 ago; at that point it saw a further series of broker buy

DM71.22.

recommendations. chemicals business spun off by Sandoz last year, rocketed 13.4 per cent as the market digested news of the merger, which could leave Hoechst with 40 per cent of

the Swiss group. The shares were SFr60 higher at SFr508 on the view that the deal would be positive in terms of products and future business, even if the geographical fit of the two companies, heavily weighted in Europe, was not ideal.

One analyst tentatively set a target price for the Clariant shares of SFr700, but added that even that might prove conservative.

Hoechst's French pharma-

Open 16.30 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 Close Hourty changes FISE Eurotrack 100 1877.45 1879.23 1878.84 1881.53 1881.59 1879.49 1878.85 1877.65 Dec 6 Dec 5 Dec 4 FISE Burgsack 200 1907.05 1925,76

Uclaf, was drawn higher in a session where volume the wake of the deal and staved low even after the closed FFr39 or 2.8 per cent news that fresh Thomson better at FFr1.439.

FRANKFURT extended Monday's recovery as the dollar held above DM1.55. and the Dax index put on another 20.65 at 2,890.95. The big three chemicals stocks headed the activity charts, accounting for over DM2.5bn between them as turnover from DM9bn to

Once again, investors were nicky elsewhere in the sector. Henkel's higher debt-financed and winning bid for Loctite of the US was punished by a share price fall of DM2.30 or 3 per cent to DM73.90. Schering fell another DM1.40 to DM129.10. In the automotive sector. Volkswagen was positive on

DM10.9bn

1996 prospects and rose DM11.05 to DM613.05; but MAN, the truckmaker, saw the possibility of a dividend cut for 1996-97 and fell DM12 or 2.45 per cent to 664.95. PARIS traded narrowly in

privatisation terms were to be unveiled shortly, possibly

this week. Quite what the French authorities had in mind second time round for the Thomson defence and electronics business was left to market conjecture. But Alcatel Alsthom came off FFr15.30 to FFr433.50.

Lagardère added 50 centimes at FFr150.50 and Thomson-CSF held steady at "What the government is

up to this time is anybody's guess", said one dealer. He pointed out that part of the Alcatel Alsthom weakness reflected losses at its Alcate CIT telecoms unit. Carrefour was again well-

supported, rising FFr15 to results. Club Med continued to gain from takeover speculation, adding FFr2.10 to FFr347 for a two-day rise of

more than a third of the CAC 40 components were unchanged. The index ended off 4.44 at 2.251.40.

AMSTERDAM was overshadowed by a dull bond market and moved gently lower through most of the session. Bolswessanen and Hoogovens were strong features, but trading overall was subdued and the ABX index dipped 1.57 to 622.33.

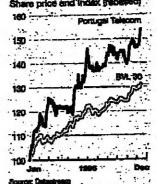
Bolswessanen was up almost 8 per cent at one stage following a Dutch press report that Grand Metropolitan, the UK drinks and foods group, was set to mount a bid. Both companies denied the story and Bolswessanen eventually closed Fl 2.00 higher at FI 32.00 in volume of 2.6m

Hoogovens gained more than 2 per cent, rising Fl 1.50 to F171.90. A number of brokers have recently turned positive on the shares which yesterday also gained from talk of further steel alliances

Among internationals, Royal Dutch shed Fi 1.90 to FI 286.10 on the back of some slippage for oil prices. Philips came of 50 cents to F168.60 in spite of the good showing by the US semiconductor book-to-bill ratio for

Randstad the employment

Portugal Telecom Share price and Index (rebased)



after negotiating an agreement on pay for part-time workers. The shares jumped Fi 6.20 to FI 127.30.

ZURICH saw activity elsewhere in the pharmaceuticals sector as Moody's, the US credit ratings agency. upgraded the long term debt of Ciba and Sandoz ahead of their merger into Novartis. Ciba rose SFr14 to SFr1,630 and Sandoz was SFr16 higher at SFr1,535.

The broad market was firm, with strong buying interest seen from overseas investors. The SMI index finished 11.4 higher at 3.885.4. Four bourses hit new all time highs, including the

Nordic trio of COPEN-HAGEN, OSLO and HEL-SINKI. The fourth, LISBON, Esc4,353, up Esc126 as the BVL 30 index closed 12.20 higher at 2,118.59.

Monday's successful flotation of Telecel, Portugal's leading mobile phone operator, freed funds which came back into Telecom, Telecel made its debut and peaked at Esc9,849 in an illiquid market, before settling at Esc9,500 against an offer price of Esc7,950.

MILAN was unsettled by a report that Chancellor Reimut Kohl's Christian Democrats were looking at ways of binding Italy into European monetary union, but at the same time delaying full membership until 2002.

The Comit index rose 1.60 to 652.38, while the real-time Mibtel index turned back ish 29 weaker at 10,345.

Against the trend, Mr Carlo De Benedetti's financial holding company, Cofide, jumped L71.2 to L881.2, while Cir, the industrial holding company, surged L75.4 to L1.000. The shares have been on an upward last week that Mr Luigi Giribaldi, the Monaco-based businessman, had raised his stake in Cofide.

Written and edited by William Cochrane, Michael Morgan and

### China enterprise shares take off in Hong Kong

#### ASIA PACIFIC

subscriptions for two new

An offer from Solartech of 125m shares at HK\$1.20 a share was 121 times subscribed, tying up nearly

Among the best performing H shares, Zhenhai Refin-

buying of blue chips, partictor-related stocks. writes Gwen Robinson. The Nikkei 225 average added 218.41 to 20,822.12,

after moving between 20,675.68 and 20,853.56. Volume swelled from 237m shares to an estimated 337m shares as investors returned to the market, encouraged by Wall Street's strong performance overnight in the wake of last Friday's "Greenspan scare".

first-section stocks gained tal-weighted Nikkei 300 was up 2.24 at 292.38. Advances led declines 668 to 337, with 187 unchanged.

activity as well as signifi-cant futures-led buying. Remgro gained R1.05 to R42.90 and Sasol added R1.00 to R57.25. Among

# Hang Sang Index

individual issues, NTT climbed Y29,000 to Y912,000 on its restructuring plans and its international prospects. Other telecoms gained: DDI was up Y18,000 to Y824,000 and Japan Tele

com Y40,000 to Y2.72m. Semiconductor-related issues also rose on heavy volume, following the release of strong industry. NEC, the day's most active issue, added Y40 to Y1.420 in volume of 8.5m ularly NTT and semiconduc-shares. Mitsubishi Electric gained Y19 to Y693 and Fujitsu Y19 to Y678. Sony led other electricals, gaining Y160 to a new high for the

year of Y7,680. Suzutan, Japan's largest women's wear retailer. plunged Y27 to Y420 follow ing Monday's revelation that its president has been accused of insider trading of the company's shares in

added 153.61 to 21,106.01 in volume of 26.8m shares. SHANGHAI's hard cur-

rency B shares remained on their upward roll, surging another 9.203 or 12.2 per cent to end at a 1996 high of 84.534, with the supply of shares unable to meet strong demand from domestic and foreign institutional and

Analysts noted that while some shares had risen by

News of very heavy issues boosted HONG KONG. The day was also enlivened by a 10 per cent jump to a nine-month bigh in H shares, as Chinese state enterprises listed in the colony sought to catch up with the recent phenomenal rises in China's hard currency B

The Hang Seng index closed 198.23 up at 13,342.46, turnover remaining robust at HK\$9 2hn as substantial sums flowed back to the market from unsuccessful new issue applications.

ing put on 50 cents or 22.5 per cent to HK\$2.725, fol-TOKYO enjoyed heavy

The Topix index of all 10.22 to 1.542.99 and the capi-

In London, the ISE/Nikkei 50 index rose 1.66 to 1483.41. The market was still twotiered, investors buying higher priced, market-leading blue chips in preference to cheaper issues. Among

#### last three trading days, a large price gap still existed en B shares and their A share equivalents in Shanghai and Shenzhen. Turnover hit a record of SHENZHEN'S B shares ran into profit-taking after the

steep rises of recent sessions. The index lost 4.26 to 193.87 after hitting an intraday high of 201.87. Turnover pulled back to HK\$724.8m. JAKARTA came off sharply following a shakeout

for Telkom, an index heavyweight. The composite index fell 7.90 or 1.24 per cent to Telkom fell 6.06 per cent to

SEOUL staged a technical Rp3.875 on a volume of 4.1m shares. Brokers said the sell-

the group was set to make a further share offering next

SINGAPORE failed to maintain its best levels of the day, as investors became increasingly cautious about the outlook for Wall Street, but the Straits Times Industrial Index still ended 12.37 higher at 2,209.50.

The electronics sector rose 3.7 per cent, led by a S\$1.60 rise to \$\$13.80 in Creative, a multimedia company, on the strong November US bookto-bill ratio for semiconduc-

rebound after six consecutive days of declines, with the market cheered by news that the ruling New Korea

companies' association had index closed 32.20 higher at asked for government steps to boost the stock market.

They also called for a delay in the government's planned sale of stakes in Korea Telecom and other state-run companies to ease fears about a share oversup-

The composite index ended 10.66 higher at 702.83, with about 6 points of that rise coming from a Won1,500 or 6.3 per cent rise to Won25,500 in Korea Electric Power, the most heavily weighted stock in the index.

TAIPEI finished slightly higher with worries over inflation and a lack of mar-

ing was sparked by talk that party and an investment night showing. The weighted 6.841.03.

prices sparked the inflation fears. Chinese Petroleum. the state oil monopoly, plans to raise domestic oil prices.

"Although the planned hike in oil prices is not a surprise, investors used this as an excuse to withdraw to the sidelines," said one bro-

SYDNEY moved ahead on Wall Street, led by gains in bank shares and in News Corp. The All Ordinaries index added 22.0 at 2,361.8. NAB gained 40 cents to A\$15.25 and Westpac put on 12 cents to A\$7.32. News ket-boosting news to offset advanced 18 cents or 2.8 per

#### Sao Paulo waits for vote lowed by Shanghai Haixing or 20.3 per cent to 83 cents. SAO PAULO edged lower as BURNOS ATRES moved



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Industrials lead in S Africa

at 1.526.4.

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REGIONAL MARKETS			DAY DEC				-		PEDAY D		ER 6 19		00	LLAN IN	DEX —
Figures in parentheses US	Day's	Pound		-	Local	Local	Gross	US	Pound	<b>W</b>	2014	Local	661 material	10	Year
show number of lines Doša of stock Index	Change	Starting	Yen	Index	Currency index	% chg	Div. Yield	Dollar Index	Sterling	Yen Index	DM	Currency :	32 Week! High		(approx)
		-								-					
Australia (77)216.2		194.61	154.90	175.00			4.25	211.98			169.76		224.61	186.70	
Austra (24) 183.9		185.54	131.77	148.86		1,1	1.92	183.87	166.04		147.25		195.04	168.36	
Selgium (27)224.2	3 -0.4	201.79	160.62	181.46			3.76	225.21	203.38	160.45				200.45	
Brazi (28)		168.05	132.17	149.32			1.74	184.79	166.88		147.99			131,21	138.93
Carada (116)191.1		172.01	136.91	154.68			1.92	186.98	188.85	133.22				144.35	148.08
Denmark (30)		300.83		270.52			1.70	334.47	302.04					281.10	285.53
Finland (24)237.9		214.11	170.42	192.53	232.69		2.16	243.66		173.60			243.66	171.73	
France (93)206.4		185.81	147.90	167.09	170.33		2.87	207.28	187.18		165.99		212.49	171.33	175.28
Germany (59)186.3		167.68	133,47	150.79	150.79		1.60	184.09	168.24		147.42			161.25	161.50
Hong Kong (59)		449.07	357.45	403.83	495.45		3.13	498.15	449.85	354.91			513.18	372.58	378.00
Indonesia (27)227.6	9 0.4	204.90	163.09	184.26	328.66		1.57	226.88	204.88		181.69			-	
Ireland (16)313.2	2 0.9	281.87	224.36	253,47	266.88		3.42	310.26			248.46		321.14	250.17	
Italy (58)80.6		72.55	57.75	65.24	92.28		2.25	80.92	73.08	57.65	64.81	91.97	84.53	69.45	69,45
Japan (480)137.3	0.6	123.58	98.35	111.11	98.35		0.78	136.54	123.30	97.28		97.28	164.68	135.54	152.92
Malaysia (107)588.8	9 0.9	529.96	421.63	476,56			1,09	583.59	527.01	415.7B			907.65	475.66	476,84
Mexico (27)1202.9		1082.60	861.71		10390.76		1.06		1081.28	853.07		10380.88		935.49	880.88
Netherland (19)519.0		287.15	228.66	258.22	254.32	1.2	2,91	318.81	287.90		255.31			265.24	265,37
New Zealand (15)	7 0.7	83.22	66.24	74.83	69.56	0.3	3.98	91.87	62,96	65.45	73.57	69.32	94.40	75.94	77.04
Norway (35)283.1	4 0.8	2 4.80	202.81	229.13	249.72	1,7	2.02	280.95	253,71		224.99		285.26	222.24	226.63
Philippines (22)197.8	3 -1.9	178.08	141.75	160.14	259.36	-1. <del>9</del>	0.64	201.77	182.20	143.75	161,58		-	-	-
Sergapore (43)		373.25	297.09	335.64	267,87	0.8	1.01	412.05	372.09	293.56			485.21	371.28	386,50
South Africa (44)	5 -0.3	285.68	227.39	256.90	325.31	0.2	2.41	318.48	287.60	226.90			437.76	314,20	387.40
Spain (37)199.4	-1.1	179.52	142.89	161.49	197.94	-0.2	3.03	201.69	182.13	143.69	161.52	198.28	201.69	157.91	167,91
Sweden (48)411.6	0.2	370.49	294.90	333,16	417.03	1.0	2.04	410.76	370.93	292.64	328.95	412.73	416.67	294.18	\$09.39
Switzerland (37)237.3	-0.7	213.63	170.04	192.11	195.46	1.0	1.52	238.95	215.78	170.24	191.38	193.50	254.34	219,29	227.11
Theiland (45)108.8	1.4	97.92	77.94	88.08	108.01	1.5	3.18	107.33	96,93	76.A7	85.98	106.43	193.95	107,33	164.49
United Kingdom (219) 265.5	1.5	238.97	190.21	214.89	238.97	1.2	3.98	261.60	236.24	186.38	209,50	236,24	273.93	222,43	222.97
USA (623)	1.4	274.87	218.63	247.00	305.22	1.4	1.97	300.95	271.77	214.42	241.01	300.95	307.82	243.34	252.17
					***				4.4.4	400.00					***
Americas (794)279.0	1,4	251.12	199.88	225.82	234.68	1.4	1.96	275.10	248.43	196.00	220.31	231.41		222.53	229.69
Europe (720)229.2	0.5	206.35	164.24	185.58	199.21	1.1	2.91	228.07	205.95	162.49	182.64		234.66	194.31	195.29
Nordic (137)351.5	-0.1	318.38	251.83	284,50	310.93	0.8	2.01	351.99	317.88	250.78			355.21	261,13	
Pacific Basin (875)155.2	0.6	139.66	111.17	125.59	112.22	1.0	1,25	154.25	139,28	109.88	123.52			153.86	162.78
Euro-Pacific (1595)	0.6	167.35	133,21	150.49	145.03	1.1	2.11	184.90	166.97	131.73		143.51	191.51	175.04	176.21
North America (739)288.3	1.5	268.51	213.73	241.46	297.48	1.4	1.97	294.08	265.57	209.52		293.27	301.15	237.55	245.74
Europe Ex. UK (507)204.9	0.0	184.41	146.78	165.83	174.66	1.1	2.28	204.95	185.08	146.02	164.13	172.77	209.70	174.81	175.95
Pacific Ex. Japan (395)310.11	0.8	279.13	222.18	251.01	266.88	0.7	2.79	307.68	277.85	21921	246.40	265.13	317.82	257,81	258.13
World Ex. US (1810)188.1		169,30	134,75	152.24	150.38	1,1	2.09	186.96	168.83	133.20		148.81	193.47	176.03	177,28
World Ex. UK (2220)221.14	0.9	199.01	158.41	178.96	190.33	. 12	1.83	219.13	197.88	156.12		188.02	224,89	196.13	198.02
World St. Japan (1953) 271.0		243.90	194.14	219.33	256.22	12	2.33	268.14	242.14	191.04	214,74	253,08	274.88	224.52	227.00

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1.0 202.45 161.15 182.05 194.85 1.2 2.04 222.79 201.19 158.73 178.42 192.50 228.97 198.47 200.28